

## Quality of Declaration

### Name (please insert survey name)

Wholesale Price Index

### Content

### Time

### Accuracy

### Sector (survey sector: social, economic, agricultural, etc.)

Economic (collecting Wholesale Price Index to calculate the WPI)

### Comparability

### Data Accessibility

### Directorate and contact person (the directorate conducting the survey and the responsible person, and contact details)

Directorate of National Accounts – Dergham Faiz Obeidat – Tel. 5300700, ext. 1421-dergam@dos.gov.jo

### Purpose and historical reference

#### Purpose (please write down the survey purposes)

The survey aims to achieve the following:

1. Indices are used as a tool to estimate GDP at fixed prices.
2. The indices are an indicator to measure the impact of economic and even political decisions on the economic situation Indices are considered as an indicator to measure the impact of economic and political decisions on the economic situation
3. The wholesale trade price index is an indicator to know the status of wholesale trade price

#### Historical reference (please indicate the year the survey started)

WPI is calculated using 2010 as a base year

#### Users and Applications:

Users: economic experts and researchers, the Central Bank, Ministry of Finance, private sector

Applications: the figures are used to calculate GDP in fixed prices, setting and implementing the governments' financial policies and as a basis for economic decisions.

#### Source (please write all data resources)

Data is collected through a quarterly survey

#### Authorized organization to collect and publish data

Department of Statistics, as per law no. 12/2012.

## 1. Contents

### 1-1 Content description

This survey presents the quarterly and cumulative index of wholesale trade prices, and the quarterly and cumulative change percentages of wholesale trade prices.

### 1-2 statistical definitions

The wholesale trade price index is an abstract number that measures the amount of change in wholesale trade prices in a period of time called the comparison period in relation to another period of time called the base period.

### 1-3 variables

Good prices

#### **1-4 Classifications (basis of details in the tables)**

Tables are based upon 2010

## **2- Time**

### **2-1 reference period (during which the data is collected)**

Data is collected on a quarterly.

### **2-2 date of dissemination**

Data is disseminated 38-44 days after the end of the reference month

### **2-3 commitment to date of dissemination**

Available

### **2-4 periodicity**

quarterly

### **2-5 availability of time series (mention available time series of this survey)**

There is a time series of annual surveys from 2010 – 2021.

## **3- Accuracy**

### **3-1 overall accuracy (very high if all items in checklist are implemented, high if two thirds are implemented, medium if less than half the items are implemented)**

Very high

### **3-2 sources of inaccuracy**

Sample

### **3-3 available accuracy measures**

Descriptive accuracy measures

## **4- Comparability**

### **4-1 comparability over time (ability to compare data with previously published data)**

The data is comparable with previously published data, due to using the same methodology in accordance with international standards.

### **4-2 comparability with other statistics (ability to compare data with figures in other surveys, and with other countries)**

The data is comparable with other statistics, which use the same international standards for defining and classifying indices.

## **5- data accessibility**

### **5-1 publication formats (how can the user access the data, e.g. DOS website, paper copies, etc..)**

The data is published in printed and electronic format on DOS website:

[http://www.dos.gov.jo/dos\\_home\\_a/main/economic/price\\_num](http://www.dos.gov.jo/dos_home_a/main/economic/price_num)