Explanatory Document on the Published Data

Name (please insert survey name)

Report on indices of wages (numbers and composition of wages index)

Content
Time
Accuracy
Comparability
Data Accessibility

Sector:

Economic (identifying the extent of change to the workers' wages in private and public sectors)

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Purpose and historical reference

Purpose:

The survey of animal production inputs aims to:

- Identifying the extent of change that happened to the level of salaries and cash/actual wages within a certain time period in the facilities of both private and public sector;
- Evaluating the standard of living for salaried workers within a certain time period in the private and public sector facilities.
- Identifying the effectiveness of economic plans adopted by the government.

Historical reference (please indicate the year the survey started)

2007

Users and Applications:

Users: economic and social experts and researchers in social fields, students and workers of labor market.

Applications: economic and social planning and educational processes.

Source (please write all data resources)

Recruitment Survey.

Authorized organization to collect and publish data

Department of Statistics/Economic Surveys/Job Survey Department.

1. Contents

1-1 Content description

This report provides a set of data on the average monthly wages and nominal and actual indices of monthly wages for Jordanian and non-Jordanian workers classified by gender, sector, occupation, educational level,

economic activity in both private and public sector facilities. The index of wages was calculated by using LASPEURE equation based on the data provided by recruitment survey and workers wages survey.

2-1 Statistical Definitions:

Wage: in the economic sense is the amount paid to a worker for performance of a work or upon the completion of such work as a service for another person. In other words, it is the price of work service provided by the worker to the employer by way of production.

Nominal wage: is the amount received by the workers for the work unit in a certain currency and at current prices. Any change in the cash wages may decrease as a result of change in the general level of prices.

Actual wage: is the amount of goods and services that can be obtained by a worker for their nominal wages. The actual wage is particularly important in comparing the purchasing power of workers gains over a period of time when the nominal wages and prices of products change.

Wages Index: this indicator is used to show the extent of change that occurred to the wages level within a certain time period compared to another, and to identify the wages change for different professions or certain economic activity.

Actual wages index: this is calculated while considering the change in living expenditure with the need to establish the time periods on the basis of which the wages index and prices index were calculated.

3-1 variables

See above section.

4-1 Classifications (basis of details in the tables)

Published tables are based on publishing the data according to the average wages, actual and nominal indices in the private and public sector classified by gender, sector, economic activity and educational level.

2- Time

2-1 reference period (during which the data is collected)

Working on the report starts in May until June

2-2 date of dissemination

Available/July

3-2 commitment to date of dissemination

Available

4-2 periodicity

Annual

5-2 availability of time series (mention available time series of this survey)

There is a time series of annual surveys from 2009 – 2012

3- Accuracy

3-1 overall accuracy (very high if all items in checklist are implemented, high if two thirds are implemented, medium if less than half the items are implemented)

Very high

3-2 sources of inaccuracy

Average wages and the index of consumed stuff prices

3-3 available accuracy measures

Descriptive accuracy measures

4- Comparability

4-1 comparability over time (ability to compare data with previously published data)

The data is comparable with previously published data, due to using the same methodology.

4-2comparability with other statistics (ability to compare data with figures in other surveys, and with other countries)

The data is comparable with other statistics, which use the same international standards and classifications relative to the extraction of average monthly wages, nominal and actual indices of monthly salaries in economic facilities.

5- Data accessibility

5-1 publication formats (how can the user access the data, e.g. DOS website, paper copies, etc..) The data is published in printed and electronic format on DOS website.

http://www.dos.gov.jo/owa-user/owa/emp_unemp_y.list_tables_y

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