Explanatory Document on the Published Data

Name (please insert survey name)

Survey of quarterly economic inputs of organized livestock sector

Sector:

Agricultural statistics

Directorate and contact person

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Purpose and historical reference

Purpose:

The survey of animal production inputs aims to:

- 1. Estimating the volume and value of animal production;
- 2. Estimating the volume and value of various inputs of animal production;
- 3. Estimating the volume and labor force and its distribution classified by work duration, gender, and nationality, as well as estimating the revenues of workers of this sector.
- 4. Preparing the schedules of inputs and outputs for the livestock sector;
- 5. Estimating the volume and value of different supplies of animal production;
- 6. Estimating the volume and value of other production expenditure of animal production;
- 7. Estimating the other revenues and revenues of services provided to others;
- 8. Estimating the commercial and industrial activity of animal production.

Historical reference (please indicate the year the survey started)

The survey was conducted in 2014

Users and Applications:

Users: economic and social experts and researchers in the agricultural, economic and social fields in both private and public sectors, in addition to regional and international organization.

Applications: agricultural, economic and social planning and development of agricultural policies.

Source (please write all data resources)

Data is collected by means of an annual survey

Authorized organization to collect and publish data

Department of Statistics, as per law no. 12/2012.

Content
Time
Accuracy
Comparability
Data Accessibility

1. Contents

1-1 Content description

This survey provides the following basic information:

- Identification data on the agricultural tenant and tenancy;
- Workers in tenancy and their revenues;
- Supplies and commodity needed for animal production;
- Inputs of animal production for unorganized farms of cows, broiler chicken, laying hens, hatcheries;
- Expenditure and revenues of the organized animal sector;
- Estimating the contribution of agricultural activity along with the animal production in the GDP.

1-2 statistical definitions

Tenancy of Animal Production and its inputs:

It is an economic unit for the production and breeding activities in organized farms (cows and poultry) and hatcheries. This unit is subject to one single management and it includes all existing organized farms, and management may be assumed by one person or family, jointly managed by two or more persons, or managed by a legal personality such as a company, cooperative association, or government entity. The tenancy of this unit may be consisted of cows or poultry farm of hatchery, and it may be located in one or more regions of different areas, or in one or more of the regional or administrative sections, provided that such organized farms and hatcheries must have the same means of productions used by the tenancy such as its workers, facilities, or machines. Common means of production must be apparent to the extent that justifies considering most of the organized farms as items of one economic unit.

Tenant of organized farms (cows and poultry) and hatcheries: is the person who exercises an administrative control over the operation of tenancy of organized farms (cows and poultry) and hatcheries; who takes major decisions with respect to the use of the available resources, and who assumes technical and economic responsibilities related to the tenancy of organized farms (cows and poultry) and hatcheries. The tenant may directly assume all responsibilities or share them with others. Whoever owns cows or poultry farm or hatchery is considered tenant in the survey carried out on the organized farms (cows and poultry) and

hatcheries.

Permanent worker: is the salaried person who provides his services regularly and continuously in the agricultural tenancy during the agricultural year.

Temporary worker: is the salaried person who works in agricultural tenancy for one or two thirds of work period of the agricultural year, i.e. for a time period of (4-8) months.

Causal worker: is the salaried person who works in the agricultural tenancy for a period less than one third of work period of the agricultural year, i.e. for a period not less than (4) months.

3-1 variables

Estimating the supplies and commodity needed for animal production throughout the year; Estimating the volume of agricultural labor in the animal production sector and classifying it by labor category, gender, nationality and age group;

Estimating the contribution of agricultural production along with the animal production in the GDP.

4-1 Classifications (basis of details in the tables)

Published tables are based on publishing the data according to labor force and production supplies and expenditures.

2- Time

2-1 reference period (during which the data is collected)

The survey was conducted on one round on 01/01/2015.

2-2 date of dissemination

30/07/2015

3-2 commitment to date of dissemination

30/07/2015

4-2 periodicity

Annual

5-2 availability of time series (mention available time series of this survey)

There is a time series of annual surveys from 1994 – 2013.

3- Accuracy

3-1 overall accuracy (very high if all items in checklist are implemented, high if two thirds are implemented, medium if less than half the items are implemented)

Very high

3-2 sources of inaccuracy

Errors of lack of inspection

3-3 available accuracy measures

Descriptive accuracy measures

4- Comparability

4-1 comparability over time (ability to compare data with previously published data)

The data is comparable with previously published data, due to using the same methodology and application of international standards.

4-2comparability with other statistics (ability to compare data with figures in other surveys, and with other countries)

The data is comparable with other statistics, which use the same international standards and classifications relative to employment and unemployment.

5- Data accessibility

5-1 publication formats (how can the user access the data, e.g. DOS website, paper copies, etc..)

The data is published in printed and electronic format on DOS website.