



Iraqis in Jordan Their Number and Characteristics



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Foreword

Since the start in 2003 of the war in Iraq, increasing numbers of Iraqi nationals have left their homes for different parts of Iraq or have taken residence in neighboring countries, particularly Jordan and Syria. This has led to increased international attention to the living conditions of the Iraqi community in the host countries.

Accordingly, and upon the request of the Government of Jordan, the Norwegian Research Institute Fafo was tasked to conduct a survey that would provide the Jordanian Government with an assessment that reflects the reality of the Iraqi community in Jordan and that will enable the government to address the needs of this community in the Kingdom.

The present study is a result of extensive collaboration and cooperation between the Norwegian Research Institute Fafo, Department of Statistics and the Jordanian government technical team, which undertook the task of facilitating the progress of the study, providing the technical team with all the necessary information and data needed for the conclusion of the study. The technical team was also tasked with reconciling the various and contradicting estimates of the size of the Iraqi community in Jordan.

The study was mainly funded by a generous contribution of the Norwegian Government through its Ministry of Foreign Affairs.

The United Nations Population Fund UNFPA also contributed to the funding, in addition to providing valuable input that played a significant role in concluding the study.

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Iraqis in Jordan

Executive Summary

Many conjectures have been put forward as to how many Iraqis there currently are in Jordan. While figures as high as one million or about 18 percent of the total population have been aired, this study concludes that there are between 450,000-500,000 Iraqi residents in Jordan as of May 2007.

The number is based on consideration of the immigration statistics, the number of phone subscribers as well as on a household survey of Iraqis and non-Iraqis carried out in May 2007 by the Norwegian Research Institute Fafo in cooperation with the Department of Statistics.

- The survey found that some key characteristics of the Iraqi households and individuals present in Jordan in May 2007 were that the migration of Iraqis to Jordan is predominantly a migration of families, seventy seven of which arrived in 2003 and later, with the highest volume of movement of population taking place in 2004 and 2005, according to the Jordanian border authorities.
- The survey showed that the vast majority were Sunni Muslims with sixty eight percent Iraqi community surveyed, seventeen percent were Shi'a Muslims, and twelve percent were Christian. It also showed that the majority of the Iraqi community in Jordan resides in Amman, and had originally come from Baghdad. This demographic ratio reflects the geographic pattern of violence and insecurity in Iraq, especially when one takes into account that the largest volume of Iraqi migration took place in 2005, according to the Jordanian border authorities.
- The survey also showed that Iraqis in Jordan are well educated and twenty two percent of Iraqi adults in Jordan work.
- The majority of Iraqis lives on savings or receives transfers; forty two percent receive such transfers from Iraq. This makes a large segment of Iraqis in Jordan at risk of becoming vulnerable with the depletion of savings, or deterioration in the

security situation in Iraq that may affect the transfers of funds that support a significant portion of the Iraqi community in Jordan.

- Within certain subgroups we find larger difference between the genders, but on average there are a small overweight of women in the Iraqi population in Jordan, this is particularly true for the middle aged part of the population (25-60).
- The Iraqi population is on average older than the Jordanian population, the mean age for Iraqis is 29.5 years whereas it is 24 for the Jordanians. The majority of the Iraqi population is 25 years of age and above (56 percent), 26 percent of the population is below 15 years of age and the remaining 18 percent are between 15 and 25 years of age.
- One in every five Iraqis has concrete plans to emigrate to a third country. A wish to go to a third country is found in all parts of the population, but it is particularly true for the poorer part and the ones that belong to non-Moslem religions.
- More than 95 percent of those that wish to return to Iraq say that they will not return to Iraq before the security situation allows for it. Plans to go back to Iraq are particularly seen among the Iraqi population with high levels of resources, economically and with concern to high education, among the Moslem population and among the ones that came in 2006 and 2007 (late arrivals).
- Close to 70 percent of the Iraqi population in Jordan is in working age (15+); of these, about 30 percent are participating in the work force. The participation rate is particularly low for women among whom only about 15 percent are actively participating in the labor market. The rate is substantially higher for men, but still only about every second Iraqi man in working age participate in the workforce.
- Of the Iraqis who have employment, about 60 percent work as employees for someone else, this is particularly true for the few Iraqi women who work; 70 percent of them are employed by someone else.
- About 30 percent of the Iraqi men who participate in the work force report that they are employers. About 25 percent of the economically active Iraqi women and 13 percent of men are self-employed.
- About 1 in 5 households are female headed; female headed households are more often found among poorer households and among households where the education of the household head is lower.
- Two of three Iraqi households have children under the age of 18 years as members. The average size of an Iraqi household in Jordan is 4.1 persons.

- 25 percent of the households own the dwelling where they are currently residing. The remaining 75 percent rent their dwelling. 60 percent of the households in the highest wealth group own their dwelling, whereas only 1 percent of the poor households do.
- The population of Iraqis in Jordan is almost exclusively urban and hence most of them benefit from the infrastructure in the capital city of Amman and other large cities. Almost all households are connected to the public electricity network, the water network and the sewage network.
- The survey shows that Iraqi households in Jordan are highly dependent on transfers as an income source. Close to half of all Iraqi households in Jordan are receiving transfers from inside Iraq. Other important income sources are employment, self employment and transfer incomes from a third country.
- The poorest households are more dependent on income from employment, whereas the more wealthy households have a higher dependency on income from self employment and on transfers from Iraq. The middle wealth groups are the ones that have the least income from employment and are hence the most dependent on transfers from outside the household.
- 25 percent of women aged 15-50 have given birth in Jordan during the last 5 years. Nearly all sought medical aid during pregnancy and gave birth with qualified assistance.

The large number of Iraqis in Jordan represents big challenges to Jordan in various sectors. The above mentioned characteristics reflect the situation as of May 2007. It is important to note that these characteristics will change over time with the continued crisis in Iraq.

Introduction

The Iraqi war has led a large number of people to leave Iraq and take up residence abroad, and Jordan has received large numbers. Many estimates of the number of Iraqis in Jordan have been put forward and numbers as high as one million or 750,000 have generally been accepted.

Estimating the size of an immigrant population to a country is difficult. In the case of Iraqis, the situation is particularly difficult, as some may have entered without a legal permit, or overstayed their permit. Parts of the Iraqi population in Jordan may therefore be reluctant to reveal their presence. Accordingly any one estimate cannot rely on a single source, survey, or even the census, and needs to consider several sources of evidence.

The number of Iraqis in Jordan

In estimation the number of Iraqis in Jordan, the Jordanian government's technical team had at their disposition data from the population and housing census of 2004; the number of arrivals and departures at Jordanian border posts; data on phone usage by Iraqi nationals as registered by the telecommunications companies; and a survey carried out by the Norwegian research Institute Fafo in cooperation with the central statistical agency of Jordan, the Department of Statistics (DoS). The sources provide divergent numbers and will be presented in turn.

In attempting to determine the estimate that reflects the number of Iraqis in Jordan, the need to balance between the major discrepancies in the figures from the sources mentioned above as well as overcome the shortcomings that all estimates have, required extensive desk research, in addition to the field surveys, to allow the study to fulfill its objectives.

The sample survey conducted by the Norwegian research Institute Fafo in cooperation with the Department of Statistics (DoS) estimated Iraqis at 161,000. The survey was based on interviews in nearly 1000 sample clusters and depended on Iraqis identifying themselves as Iraqi nationals. The comparatively low number may be a result of the fact that Iraqis may have been reluctant to reveal themselves to the Jordanian authorities. They may have feared deportation or other sanctions and therefore preferred not to identify themselves as Iraqis to the survey teams, but rather as Jordanians or other Arab nationalities.

Accordingly the technical team concluded that while the survey has managed to capture the main characteristics of the Iraqi community in Jordan, yet it may not have been able to provide an estimate for the number of Iraqis currently in Jordan on its own.

The Jordanian immigration authority has provided the numbers of Iraqi nationals entering and leaving Jordan since 1990 up to March 2007 estimating them at 547,000. An important weakness in the registration of immigrants and emigrants at the Jordanian borders are known to be that the registration is better for immigrants than for the emigrants. Thus,

people may be correctly registered when they are entering into Jordan, but not appropriately accounted for when they leave the country (for example, only the household head might be registered). The problem is especially large for some nationalities (for example Syrians), but due to the particular situation after the Iraq war the shortcomings of registration are believed to be less for Iraqis, especially after 2004.

Jordanian phone companies register the nationality of their phone subscribers. Data has been collected from all the companies operating in Jordan. This gives an estimate of the number of lines ascribed to Iraqis. All but three thousand are mobile numbers. Based on the information from the phone companies and the characteristics from the survey, an estimate of the number of Iraqis in Jordan can be deduced at 481,000.

The main problem with estimating Iraqis based on the number of active mobile numbers rests in the difficulty in differentiating between Iraqis on short visits on the one hand, and those who have been, or intend to stay, for longer periods of time in Jordan, on the other. Since the vast majority of Iraqis in Jordan view their stay in Jordan as temporary, and await immigration to a third country, or their return to Iraq, once circumstances allow, as will be demonstrated later in the report, it is difficult to determine the duration of a “short stay”, which may reflect intention rather than the reality that has significantly prolonged the stay of Iraqis in Jordan.

A second problem is that Iraqis who left during the three month period of registration of active numbers will be counted as resident, even though they were not at the reference date for the estimate of the number. For these reasons the estimate derived from the number of phone subscribers is likely to be somewhat unreliable.

Conclusion

Given the major discrepancies in figures the Jordanian government’s technical team was tasked with reconciling the various and contradictory estimates of the size of the Iraqi community and has concluded that the number of Iraqis in Jordan is estimated at 450,000-500,000.

Characteristics of Iraqis

The Iraqi households in Jordan and the individuals within them differ in their characteristics and resources. The following section will briefly present the main findings that describe the surveyed population both on household and individual level, these findings are based on the survey conducted by DOS and Fafo in May 2007. The text is followed by an appendix presenting the findings from the survey in tables.

The presentation focuses on issues that are important for the well-being of a population: demographic composition such as gender, age, religion, place of origin and ethnicity; personal resources such as education, skills, labor force participation, wealth and health. We will also look into the status of Iraqis in Jordan, for instance whether they have valid permits to stay, when they arrived, if they are registered with UNHCR and their plans for the future such as whether they plan to stay in the country or if they have plans to leave.

Personal resources are complemented with the living conditions in which Iraqi households are living their lives. In this brief report, we also consider the physical living conditions of Iraqi households in Jordan. We will describe what kind of dwellings they live in, their access to water and electricity and the means that Iraqi households have with concern to income sources and investments.

To some extent the characteristics and the resources of the household, and the individuals within it, are correlated and mutually affect each other.

For the purpose of this study an “Iraqi in Jordan” is a person of Iraqi nationality that during the survey period (May 2007) resided in Jordan, regardless of how and from where the person arrived into Jordan, and regardless of when the person arrived.

Background variables

Analyses of household and individual characteristics are broken down on several background variables. Some of the background variables will differ between the different indicators and whether the analysis are done on individual or household level, but most indicators will be broken down by: age, gender, start of residence in Jordan, location of residence, religious affiliation and economic status of the household. In some of the tables the statuses of valid permits and the registration with UNHCR will be included as background variables.

Most of the background indicators are straightforward, but the economic status of households needs some further description. In the survey of Iraqis in Jordan we have collected information on the income of the households, but to use this as an indicator of household’s economic status is known to be problematic. The households estimation of own

income is often too low, this may come from the fact that people do not want to reveal their income for different reasons or they are not able to estimate the income of the household correctly.

In this particular survey we face an additional difficulty with using income as an indication of household's economic status in that Iraqis may be living from their savings due to the difficulties of being able to work in Jordan due to lack of work permits, and that households may be here on temporary bases and hence are living from savings. In addition to income, the survey also records durable goods in the possession of the household. Respondents report on their possession of 25 different durables. Household possessions are highly related to the wealth of a household and a wealth index was created to represent the wealth of each household using the information collected on possession of durables, this wealth index is a proxy for long-term economic status of a household. In the tables for both individuals and households we will hence use the wealth index as an indication of economic status of the household. The wealth index is divided into five quintiles, the first quintile contains the households with the lowest score on the wealth index and are the poorest, the fifth quintile are the household with the highest score on the wealth index and are hence the most equipped households. The quintiles are calculated from the entire population of households in Jordan, including Iraqi, Jordanian and other households.

Characteristics of Iraqi households

The first part of the analysis will focus on the characteristics of Iraqi households residing in Jordan.

Background characteristics

The Iraqi population in Jordan is an urban population. The vast majority of Iraqi households live in Amman governorate. Poor households more often live outside of Amman; this is also the case for the households that arrived in Jordan before 2003.

About one in five households are female headed; female headed households are more often found among poorer households and among households where the education of the household head is relatively low.

The distribution of households according to the religion of the household head shows that most Iraqi households are headed by a household head that identifies with the Sunni affiliation of Islam; more than 60 percent of the Iraqi households in Jordan belong to the Sunni tradition. Other large groups with concern to religious affiliation are Shi'a (about 18 percent), about 15 percent of the Iraqi households are headed by Christians and the remaining five percent of the Iraqi households are headed by people that characterize themselves as belonging to "other religions affiliations" particularly Sabean and Yedizis.

Two of three Iraqi households have children under the age of 18 years as members. The average size of an Iraqi household in Jordan is 4.1 persons. Generally there is relatively little crowding in Jordan, this is particularly true among Iraqis. We have calculated that the

average number of people per bedroom² is 2 for the Iraqi households, even among the poorest household the number of people in sleeping rooms only reach 2.4. (As a comparison: the average Jordanian household has 2.5 persons per sleeping room).

Dwellings and ownership

Even if the Iraqis in Jordan may have come on a relatively temporary basis, 25 percent of the households own the dwelling where they are currently residing. The remaining 75 percent rent their dwelling. The percentage of ownership is substantially higher among the households in the wealthiest segments of the population. Table 1 shows that as many as 60 percent of the households in the highest wealth group own their dwelling, whereas only 1 percent of the poor households do.

Table 1: Dwelling and ownership

	Owned	Without payment	For work	Rented	Total	Sample size
Total	25.4	1.0	0.6	73.0	100	1690
Lowest wealth	1.1	1.6	1.1	96.2	100	306
Low wealth	4.5	1.4	-	94.1	100	287
Middle wealth	9.8	1.0	1.6	87.6	100	243
High wealth	21.5	1.0	0.2	77.3	100	230
Highest wealth	59.9	0.4	0.3	39.5	100	624

The median monthly rent for households that rent their dwelling is 179 JD, with large variations between different groups in the population.

Infrastructure

The population of Iraqis in Jordan is almost exclusively urban and hence most of them benefit from the infrastructure in the capital city of Amman and other large cities. This is also reflected in the results from the survey where we see that almost all households are connected to the public electricity network, the water network and the sewage network.

Drinking water is obtained from the public water network by one in every three households, whereas the rest of the households rely on buying bottled water for drinking. The use of bottled drinking water is a choice by the household more than a necessity since almost all households are connected to the water network.

Seventy-five percent of households have toilet facilities that are connected to the public sewage network, about 18 percent have ventilated improved pit latrines, improved ventilated pit latrines are particularly common among the poorer segments of the population.

² One of many standardized indicators for the degree of crowding in a household

Wealth and income sources

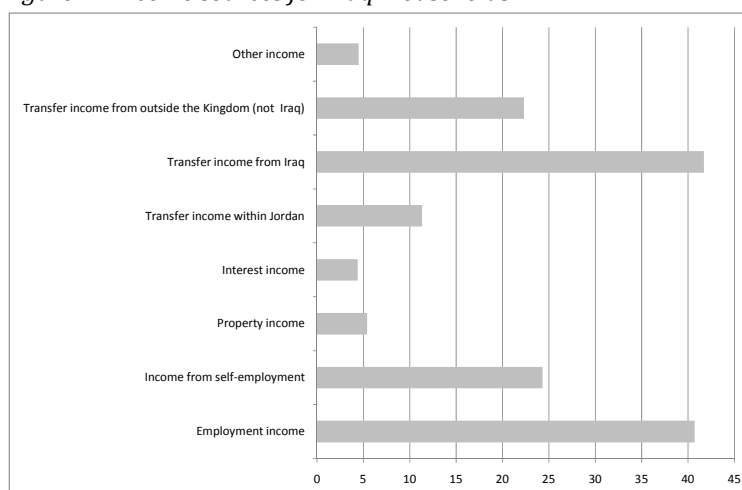
Households were asked to indicate if they possessed a variety of specified commodities/durables. In generally Iraqi households in Jordan have a high number of durables and they are relatively well equipped.

Table 2: Percentage of households that possess a given durable

Refrigerator	94.6
Freezer	11.5
Gas/electric oven (large)	69.0
Gas cooker (small)	33.7
Electric washing machine	85.9
Television	97.8
Satellite antenna	93.4
Video/DVD player	20.9
Ordinary telephone line	48.1
Heater on electricity or gas	58.4
Diesel heater	61.4
Solar heater for water	7.4
Personal computer	45.8
Internet connection	26.3
Sewing machine	4.3
Dishwasher	2.8
Microwave oven	24.9
Air conditioner	12.6
Vacuum cleaner	47.4
Video camera	12.6
Digital camera	17.3
Mobil telephone	97.2
Instrument to filter water	7.7
Private car	32.0
Water cooler	27.7

Since it may be difficult to get a work permit as and Iraqi in Jordan, income from employment is less common among Iraqi household, making other income sources important. The survey shows that Iraqi households in Jordan are highly dependent on transfers as an income source. As can be seen from figure 8 the most important income source for Iraqi households in Jordan is actually transfers from Iraq, 42 percent of all Iraqi households in Jordan are receiving transfers from inside Iraq. Other important income sources are employment, self employment and transfer incomes from a third country.

Figure 1 : Income sources for Iraqi households



The type of income sources that households depend on varies between the different sub groups of Iraqi households. The poorest households are more dependent on income from employment, whereas the more wealthy households have a higher dependency on income from self employment and on transfers from Iraq. The middle wealth groups are the ones that have the least income from employment and are hence the most dependent on transfers from outside the household.

Table 3: Income sources broken down on wealth and religious affiliation

	Employment income	Income from self-employment	Property income	Interest income	Transfer income within Jordan	Transfer income from Iraq	Transfer income from outside the Kingdom (not Iraq)	Other income
Total	40.7	24.3	5.4	4.4	11.3	41.7	22.3	4.5
Lowest wealth	48.4	18.1	1.1	0.9	21.9	26.5	24.6	8.6
Low wealth	54.2	9.9	2.7	1.1	14.4	33.7	23.1	6.1
Middle wealth	35.7	15.7	2.9	2.2	11.6	49.2	25.4	1.6
High wealth	35.2	19.8	9.4	4.3	8.3	51.0	23.1	6.3
Highest wealth	31.5	41.4	9.4	9.3	3.7	50.3	19.0	1.4
Sunni	38.6	27.4	6.1	5.5	12.1	50.4	18.8	4.4
Shia	48.5	33.5	4.2	3.2	5.4	31.6	13.2	1.6
Catholic	31.1	9.5	3.4	4.6	5.5	40.0	45.3	5.0
Orthodox	28.2	13.1	5.5	-	19.4	25.0	50.2	6.4
Protestant	18.6	-	-	-	-	36.6	55.2	44.8
Nasatra	7.3	-	-	-	-	36.4	63.6	36.4
Sabeian	12.4	4.5	2.5	-	7.4	33.6	58.9	6.0
Yezidis	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	100.0	-
Others or not stated	39.0	14.0	4.5	-	4.9	34.3	30.6	1.9

Investments

Iraqi households currently residing in Jordan have investments both in Jordan, in Iraq and in third countries. Having investments is strongly correlated with the household's economic

status. Nevertheless, there are also households in the lowest economic categories that have investments. The highest percentages of investments are in Jordan where 23 percent of all Iraqi household have made some form of investment. As can be seen from table 3, forty percent of all the households in the highest wealth groups have investments in Jordan.

Table 4: Investments broken down on wealth and religious affiliation

	In Jordan	Outside Jordan	In Iraq
Total	22.5	15.1	13.5
Lowest wealth	16.8	2.5	2.2
Low wealth	8.5	3.1	2.6
Middle wealth	12.8	15.4	15.1
High wealth	17.9	19.4	17.6
Highest wealth	39.2	28.2	24.8
Sunni	25.4	18.6	16.7
Shia	31.6	14.4	13.5
Catholic	10.0	13.8	10.7
Orthodox	8.9	4.6	4.6
Protestant	-	-	-
Nasatra	-	-	-
Sabeen	2.2	3.8	3.8
Yezidis	-	-	-
Others or not stated	14.0	7.4	7.4

With regard to religious affiliation, we find that the households that belong to the Moslem religion have more investments both in Jordan, Iraq and in a third country. This may be correlated with the fact that Moslem households are wealthier than households belonging to other religious traditions and hence it is more the money than the faith that determines the willingness and ability to invest.

Characteristics of individuals

The second part of the analysis will describe the individual characteristics of the population of Iraqis residing in Jordan. The presentation of data will start with demographic background and composition of the population, continuing with how long they have been in Jordan, their status and the plans they have for the future. The description will continue with a focus on the personal resources such as health, education and economic characteristics.

Demographic distribution

Gender

The distribution of gender in the Iraqi population is relatively equal; even though we see that there are somewhat more women than men in the Iraqi population in Jordan. Within certain subgroups we find larger difference between the genders, but on average there is a small overweight of women in the Iraqi population in Jordan, this is particularly true for the middle aged part of the population (25-60).

Age

The Iraqi population is on average older than the Jordanian population, the mean age for Iraqis is 29.5 years whereas it is 24 for the Jordanians.

The majority of the Iraqi population is 25 years of age and above (56 percent), 26 percent of the population is below 15 years of age and the remaining 18 percent are between 15 and 24 years of age.

Nationality, citizenship, religion and ethnicity

Respondents were classified as Iraqis in the survey if they stated that their nationality is Iraqi, regardless of their official citizenship. The survey showed that 86 percent of those that classified themselves as Iraqi nationals also held an Iraqi passport. About 13 percent of the respondents that classified themselves as Iraqi nationals say that they carry a Jordanian passport.

The Iraqi population in Jordan consists of several different religious traditions, the majority of the Iraqis are Moslem, but there is also a rather large group of Christians Iraqis.

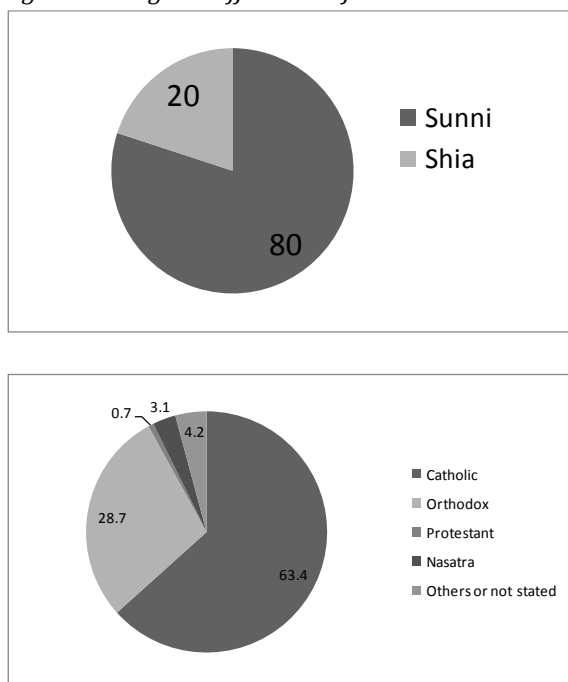
Every eight in ten Iraqis in Jordan are Moslems, the Christians account for about 13 percent, and the remaining three percent is composed of people that belong to other religions such as Sabean and Nasatra. Religious affiliation is relatively evenly distributed across most background variables, but there is a clear trend with concern to religion and economic status. As shown in Table 5, Moslems more often belong to the wealthiest segments of the population whereas people with "other" religious affiliations more often belong to the poorer segments of the population.

Table 5: Religion and wealth status

	Moslem	Christian	Other
Total	84.8	12.7	2.5
Lowest wealth	83.2	9.6	7.2
Low wealth	74.5	21.9	3.6
Middle wealth	72.3	24.6	3.1
High wealth	88.6	10.9	0.6
Highest wealth	92.4	7.5	0.1

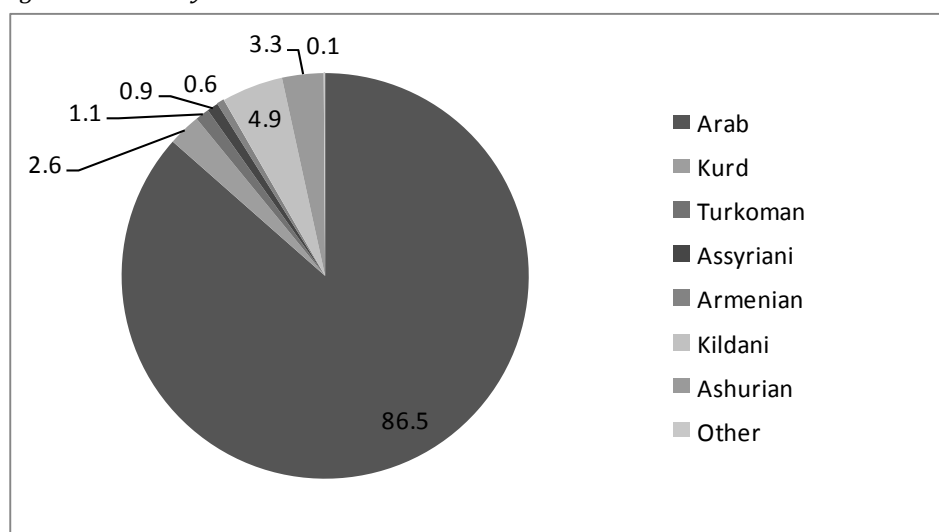
Within the main religious groups (Moslim, Christian and other) people belong to different traditions. Within the Moslim group, 80 percent belong to the Sunni tradition and 20 percent belong to the Shi'a tradition. Among the Christians, the majority belongs to the Catholic tradition; still more than one in four say that they are believers of the Orthodox tradition.

Figure 2: Religious affiliation of Moslims and Christians



The majority of the Iraqis in Jordan say that they are Arabs (87 percent), about five percent classify themselves as Kildani, three percent as Ashurian and three percent as Kurds. Several other ethnicities are represented with less – or around one percent of the population.

Figure 3: Ethnicity



Place of origin

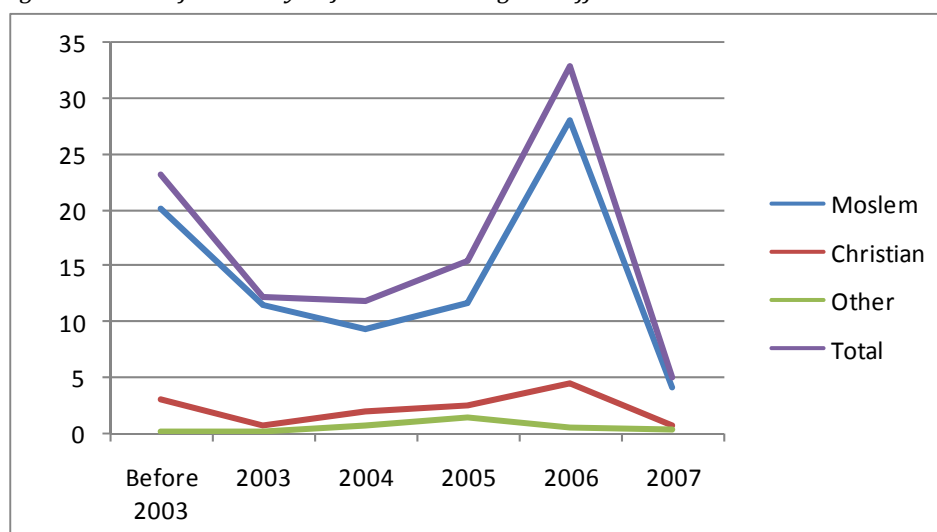
The most affected areas in Iraq after the escalation of violence and occupation are the central parts of the country and the areas in and around Baghdad. This is also reflected in the population of Iraqis currently residing in Jordan. Seventy-six percent indicate that they came to Jordan from Baghdad; this is particularly true for the population with high personal and material resources (education and wealth). An indication of the high level of personal resources among the people that have come from Baghdad can be seen in that 93 percent of those with a university degree (Bachelor or higher) indicated Baghdad as their last place of residence in Iraq. Few other governorates in Iraq are home to the population of Iraqis currently residing in Jordan even though we find that about seven percent indicate they come from the governorates of Basrah, three percent comes from Al Anbar and two percent comes from Ninewa.

Time of taking up residency in Jordan

Jordan has experienced several flows of Iraqi people coming to the country, a number of these left the country to go to a third country or to go back to Iraq, but there is also a large Iraqi population that are still residing in the country. About 23 percent of the Iraqi population currently residing in Jordan was here before 2003, the remaining 77 percent came during the years from 2003 until May 2007 (time of conducting the survey). As shown in figure 4, the majority of these started their residency in Jordan in 2006. Entry and exit data from other sources show that the largest number of Iraqis entered Jordan in 2005, still the data from this survey indicate that most people started their residency in 2006, the findings can hence be taken as an indication that the large number of Iraqis that entered Jordan in 2005 have resettled in other countries or moved back to Iraq. The data also show that a low percentage of Iraqis started their residency in 2007, emphasizing the fact that fewer have entered the country this year.

With concern to the religious affiliation of Iraqis residing in Jordan it is clear that the relative increase has been largest among the Moslem population, particularly among those that belong to the Sunni tradition.

Figure 4: Start of residency in Jordan and religious affiliation



The distribution of start of residency across other background variables indicates that there are few differences between population groups.

Respondents indicate two main reasons for staying in Jordan; the most important is the difficult security situation in Iraq. About half of the Iraqi population gives this as their main reason for being in Jordan. This is particularly true for the non-Moslim part of the population where more than 65 percent state security reasons as their main reason for leaving Iraq. Men are also more likely than women to give this as their main motivation to stay in Jordan.

The second most important reason for Iraqis to stay in Jordan is family reunion. Thirty-eight percent of all Iraqis in Jordan indicate this as their main reason for residing in the country. Family reunion is an important reason to stay in the country particularly for women and children and among the wealthy part of the population. The third most important incentive for residing in Jordan among the Iraqi population is that they came for work; this reason is more often given by the male part of the population and among those with high education.

Validity of permits

All foreigners should have a valid permit to stay in Jordan; 56 percent of the Iraqi indicates that they have such a permit and that it is currently valid. There are large differences between the population groups in the survey with concern to the possession of valid permits. Among the wealthiest population, close to 80 percent say that they have a valid permit, whereas this is only the case for 22 percent of the poorest part of the population. To have a valid permit is also more common among Moslems than those who belong to another religion, and among those with high education.

Whether or not a person has a valid permit is a sensitive issue and admitting that one does not possess such permits may be perceived as a risk to some informants, we are aware that respondents, due to the perceived risk of not having a valid permit, may report that their permit is valid even though it might have expired.

Registration with UNHCR

UNHCR is offering Iraqis the possibility to register with the agency. The survey finds that 35 percent of the Iraqis in Jordan have chosen to be registered with UNHCR. Such registration is more common among the Christian part of the population and among those in the poorest population segment. This can be illustrated by that only about 15 percent of those in the highest wealth group have registered, whereas more than 50 percent in the lowest wealth group have registered with UNHCR.

Plans to go to a third country or plans to go back to Iraq

Jordan is being used as a country of transit by many of the Iraqis that have chosen or have been forced to leave Iraq, one in every five Iraqi have concrete plans to emigrate to a third country. A wish to go to a third country is found in all parts of the population, but it is particularly true for the poorer part and the ones that belong to non-Moslem religions.

Even though people may have concrete plans to leave Jordan for a third country, the expected time that they will leave is unclear to most. Around 40 percent say that they will leave within a year, still; close to half of those that plan to leave say that the exact time of emigrating is unclear to them.

There is a wish among the Iraqi population to go back to Iraq, about 40 percent of the Iraqis in Jordan express that they have plans to return to their country, but with the uncertain security situation in Iraq at the moment more than 95 percent of those that wish to return say that they will not return to Iraq before the security situation allows for it. Plans to go back to Iraq are particularly seen among the Iraqi population with high levels of resources, economically and with concern to high education, among the Moslem population and among the ones that came in 2006 and 2007 (late arrivals).

Health

The Iraqi population in Jordan has a somewhat higher prevalence of chronic diseases than the Jordanian population. The differences are not very large, but there is a consistent reporting of higher percentages of chronic illness across most background variables. Of the total population of Iraqis, 11 percent report to suffer from a chronic illness, whereas eight percent of the Jordanian population reports such conditions.

About seven percent of the Iraqi population reported to have been suffering from acute illness the last 6 months; this is the same percentage as for the Jordanian population. Close to all those that suffered from an acute illness contacted someone outside the household for consultation (93 percent). The Iraqi population most often utilizes the private sector health care system when they need medical care, two in three (66 percent) consulted a specialist, about 23 percent went to a general physician and the remaining 11 percent sought help from other sources. There is little variety among the population groups as to what kind of consultation they would seek in case of acute illness. The extensive use of private health services among Iraqis is also indicated in the findings that more 90 percent of those that

spent one or more night in hospital over the last six months did so in a private hospital, only eight percent was in contact with a public hospital.

Table 6: Health insurance

	Valid health insurance	No valid health insurance	Total	Sample size
Total	13.0	87.0	100	6,633
Lowest wealth	3.9	96.1	100	986
Low wealth	10.2	89.8	100	1,020
Middle wealth	12.2	87.8	100	913
High wealth	10.2	89.8	100	960
Highest wealth	19.7	80.3	100	2,754

Only about one in eight Iraqis in Jordan has a valid health insurance in the country; whether the insurance is private or governmental. Even though the lack of health insurance is seen across most population groups it is particularly prevalent among the poor. It is also worth to note that only ten percent of the children younger than 6 years and only 6 percent of the people above 65 years have any form of insurance.

Education

Completed education

The educational level among the Iraqi population in Jordan is very high, close to half of the adult population (16 years and older) have completed an education on Bachelor level or higher (46 percent), men are somewhat overrepresented with concern to the highest educational group, but women are also very well educated, 42 percent of all Iraqi adult females in Jordan have a university degree. As shown in figures 5 and 6 the educational distribution between the genders is relatively similar.

Figure 5: Educational level among Iraqi men 16+

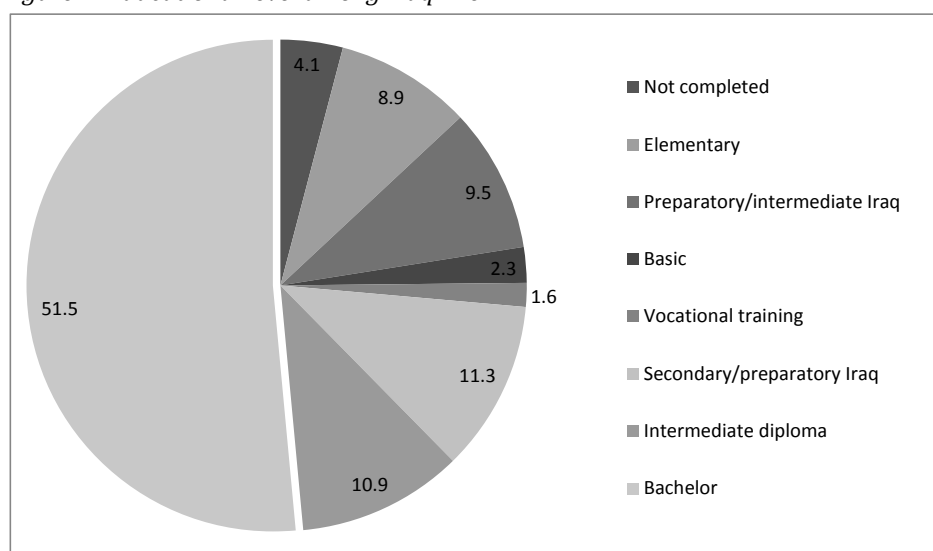
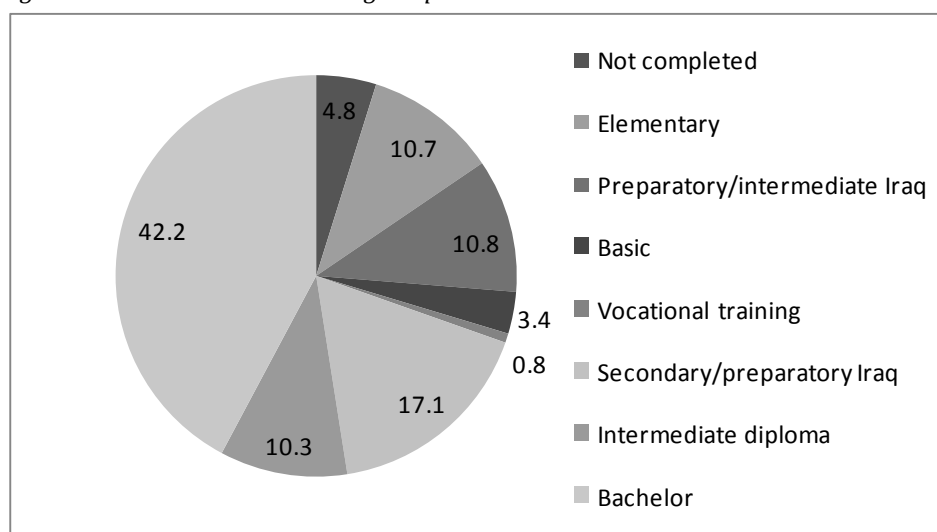


Figure 6: Educational level among Iraqi women 16+



High educational level is particularly common among the Moslem part of the population, both among persons belonging to the Shi'a and Sunni tradition, even though the level is somewhat higher among the Sunni population where more than 50 percent of the total grown-up population belong to the highest educational group. Education and wealth goes together, the higher wealth the higher education. It is worth noticing that the educational level among the oldest age group is very high in the Iraqi population in Jordan (50 percent).

Enrollment among school aged children (6-17 years old)

The survey finds that there is a group of Iraqi children who are not attending school even though they are within school age. Of the total population of Iraqi children in the age between 6 and 17, 78 percent are currently enrolled in school (including both public and private education facilities). This is much lower than the Jordanian enrollment rates that reach 93 percent of the same age group.

The lack of enrollment is particularly prevalent among certain parts of the population. Table 3 shows that only about sixty percent of the Iraqi children in the poorest wealth group are enrolled in school, enrollment rates are also low among the non-Moslem population. The survey also shows low enrollment among those that took residence in Jordan recently; this may be due to difficulties of enrollment as they may have arrived in the middle of a school year. There was also some confusion during the school year 2006/2007 as to whether Iraqi children without a valid permit to stay in Jordan were allowed to register for schools. The majority of the respondents aged 6-17 who are not in school say that they are not attending school because the family is displaced due to war, or that they cannot afford to pay for schooling for the children.

Of the Iraqi children who are enrolled in school; about three in four attend private schools whereas the remaining one in four are enrolled in governmental schools, among Jordanian children 20 percent attend private schools and 80 percent attend governmental schools.

Private school is particularly common among the wealthier parts of the Iraqi population, but enrollment in private schools is also found among the very poorest parts of the population. The reasons for the high prevalence of private school attendance among Iraqi children may be many; the parents may be sufficiently well off financially so that they chose to send their children to private schools, it may also be easier to find space for their children in private schools than in government schools who are already under pressure from an increased number of Jordanian students.

Table 7: Enrollment of Iraqi children 6-17 years old

		Current enrollment status			Total	Sample size
		Yes, currently enrolled	Yes, was enrolled before	No, has never been enrolled		
Total		78.2	19.1	2.6	100	1,565
Gender	Male	76.6	20.7	2.7	100	793
	Female	79.8	17.6	2.6	100	772
Age	6	78.3	3.6	18.1	100	139
	7	89.2	6.9	3.9	100	116
	8	91.5	6.9	1.6	100	131
	9	83.8	14.6	1.6	100	126
	10	84.7	13.1	2.2	100	130
	11	70.6	29.4	-	100	125
	12	87.9	12.1	-	100	133
	13	75.7	23.7	0.6	100	129
	14	70.4	29.2	0.4	100	139
	15	73.6	25.5	0.8	100	117
	16	80.8	19.1	0.1	100	151
17	51.6	47.9	0.5	100	129	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	85.2	12.8	2.0	100	990
	Shia	75.8	22.2	2.1	100	250
	Catholic	60.4	33.7	5.8	100	164
	Orthodox	68.8	23.7	7.4	100	55
	Protestant	100.0	-	-	100	5
	Nasatra	-	100.0	-	100	4
	Sabeen	15.2	77.6	7.3	100	68
	Yezidis	-	83.3	16.7	100	6
	Others or not stated	81.1	18.9	-	100	23
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	63.8	31.9	4.2	100	214
	Low wealth	57.7	38.2	4.1	100	239
	Middle wealth	63.3	29.8	6.9	100	197
	High wealth	84.8	11.8	3.3	100	262
	Highest wealth	93.5	6.5	-	100	653
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	85.1	12.5	2.4	100	304
	2003	89.2	9.4	1.4	100	124
	2004	76.0	20.5	3.6	100	220
	2005	80.3	16.8	2.9	100	342
	2006	75.5	21.8	2.7	100	535
	2007	32.8	65.2	2.0	100	40
Place of residence	Not in Amman	79.6	18.9	1.5	100	84
	In Amman	77.9	19.2	2.9	100	1,481
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	63.7	32.4	3.9	100	674
	Valid permit	88.5	9.7	1.8	100	891
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	66.4	29.4	4.2	100	679
	Not registered with UNHCR	89.9	8.6	1.4	100	875
Education of household head	Still in school	67.7	28.6	3.7	100	51
	Not completed	62.3	34.2	3.5	100	38
	Elementary	58.6	37.0	4.4	100	82
	Preparatory	63.2	33.0	3.8	100	168
	Basic	59.6	33.6	6.7	100	12
	Vocational training	65.1	34.9	-	100	10
	Secondary	70.1	23.9	5.9	100	174
	Intermediate diploma	83.6	13.6	2.8	100	243
	Batchelor +	86.2	12.1	1.7	100	787

n=all Iraqi respondents 6-17 years

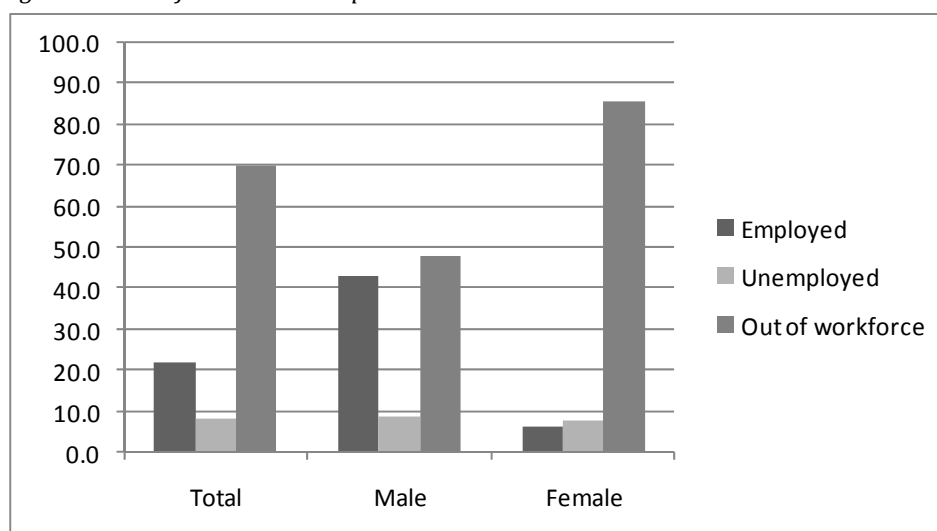
The cost of sending children to private schools are high, the average Iraqi child in private school pays 1613 JD per school year whereas the average cost per school year for governmental schools are 383 JD. One should expect that as Iraqi families are running out of savings they will try to move their children from private to governmental schools increasing the stress on the Jordanian governmental education system. The development in the school

registration for Iraqi children in Jordan during the autumn of 2007 indicates that this shift is happening.

Employment

More than 70 percent of the Iraqi population in Jordan is in working age (15+); of these, about 30 percent are participating in the work force. The participation rate is low (as a comparison, Jordanian population in this survey has a participation rate of about 40 percent). It is particularly low for women among whom only about 14 percent are actively participating in the labor market. The rate is substantially higher for men, but still only about every second Iraqi man in working age participate in the labor force.

Figure 7: Labor force status Iraqi



Of the Iraqi who has employment, about 60 percent work as employees for someone else, this is particularly true for the few Iraqi women who work; 70 percent of them are employed by someone else. To be an employer oneself is more common for men, about 30 percent of the Iraqi men who participate in the work force report that they are employers. Close to 25 percent of employed Iraqi women and thirteen percent of men are self-employed. Paid employment and self employment is more common among the poor, being an employer is more common among the high wealth groups.

About one in ten of Iraqis with current employment would like to change their job if they could, the main reason given by most is that the income in the current job is insufficient; another important reason stated is that "the current job does not fit my qualifications". The poorer part of the population emphasize bad working conditions as important reasons to change jobs, whereas the argument regarding qualifications is more often used by those with high socio-economic status and high education.

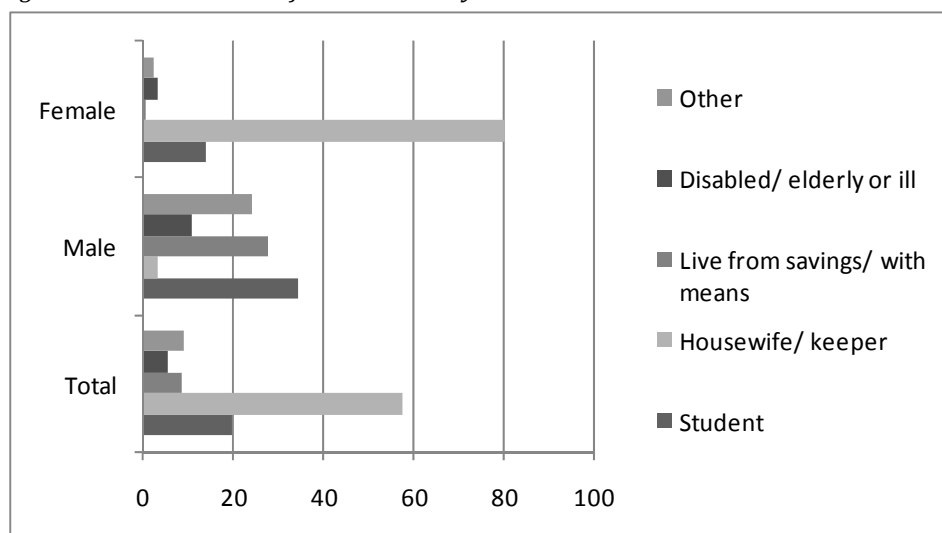
If people are not actively seeking employment they will not be categorized as unemployed. Measures of people that have stopped looking for a job even though they would like to work are often used as an indication of the level of discouraged workers/underemployment. The majority of the respondents that wanted to work but had stopped looking for work told us

that they considered it impossible to get a job in Jordan without a work permit. This is particularly true for the respondents in the low wealth group. Another important reason not to look for work is the perception that there are no suitable jobs available.

Economic status for those who are not active in the work force

The majority of the economically inactive population states their economic status as housewives, as shown in figure 8, close to four in every five women who are not working indicate this as her status.

Figure 8: Economic status for economically inactive



For men, the most common status is to be a student; still about one in every four male in this populations said that he is currently living form savings. This is a very high population and a clear indication that a substantial part of the Iraqi population in Jordan makes use of their savings to get by, indicating that their means of getting by are not sustainable in the long run.

Reproductive health

Twenty-five percent of women between the ages of 15 and 50 have given birth in Jordan during the last 5 years. Nearly all of them sought medical aid during the pregnancy and gave birth with the help and supervision of qualified assistance. About three in four of all births took place in private hospitals.

Technical aspects of the survey

The Survey of Iraqis in Jordan was designed to

1. Estimate the number of Iraqis that at the time of the survey reside in Jordan.
2. Describe the main characteristics of the Iraqis

The survey focused on presenting estimates for the whole of Jordan, rather than for governorates or for other geographic sub-domains.

Sampling

The survey had a relatively complex sampling plan, intended to generate estimates with small sampling error. The survey of Iraqis in Jordan is a household survey, with a questionnaire that tried to elicit information about both households and individuals. The selection of households was made in two steps: first selecting an area where the household lived, and then selecting households within each selected area.

The areas in question are enumeration areas from the 2004 population and housing census of Jordan. These areas generally contain from 60-120 households, and their borders are well defined on maps. There are two main set of maps: First, the location of each enumeration area has been entered into a GIS system, and this defines the location in relation to streets, roads or natural features. Secondly, a sketch map has been drawn for each enumeration area. The sketch map shows the location of each house. With few (and for this purpose irrelevant) exceptions all of the geographical extent of Jordan is covered by an enumeration area. For example, the enumeration areas include a garage/taxi stand where in 2004 many Iraqis could be found either waiting for transport to Iraqi, waiting for the arrival of relatives or simply not having anywhere else to stay.

When enumeration areas had been selected, each of the areas was mapped and listed. The existing map of the enumeration area was used as a point of departure. Then any new houses found were added to the map, and any houses that had been torn down since the census were removed. Then all households that could be found in the houses were listed. The listing was carried out regardless of the type of house. That is, if a house turned out to be a petrol station, a mosque, or a factory, the enumerator would still visit it in order to determine if any households resided there. Similarly, temporary dwellings (e.g. tents) would be included in the listing.

In addition to listing the presence of households, the enumerator would also inquire about the number of household members, and the number of Iraqi household members. If no-one could be found in a household after three attempts of contact, neighbors would be asked,

and if they could not supply information the household would be marked as existing, but missing information.

In each enumeration area all Iraqi households up to 10 would be interviewed. If more than 10 Iraqi households were present 10 would be selected randomly. In addition to interviewing Iraqi households identified during the listing, two interviews with randomly selected other households would be made in each enumeration area. This was partly to have a basis for comparison with the Jordanian population, and partly to assess the amount of misclassification during the mapping and listing phase.

While the mapping, listing and identification of the Iraqis within each enumeration area are crucial for the accuracy of the survey, the selection of the enumeration areas themselves was critical as well. Here the survey departed somewhat from ordinary household surveys. Most household surveys do not focus on the size of the population at all, but rather on the characteristics. When the size of the population is the overriding concern a sampling scheme designed for that purpose is more appropriate, rather than a general, "one-size-fits-all" design.

A characteristic of Iraqis in Jordan, and indeed of many population groups in the Middle East and elsewhere is that they tend to live clustered, rather than homogeneously spread out over the whole country. This is partly related to cultural preference, and partly stems from the sheer mechanics of migration: it is easier for a new entrant to move in close to relatives or friends who can help in finding housing and services.

The clustering is both a drawback and a benefit for the survey. In the absence of information about the clustering, one might risk, particularly with a small sample, to draw mainly enumeration areas without Iraqis, thus underestimating the number of Iraqis. One could also be "lucky" and draw many enumeration areas with Iraqis, and thus make a too large estimate. In general such a situation leads to high uncertainty about the estimate.

There was, however, information available on the distribution of Iraqis in Jordan in the 2004 Census, and although the information in absolute terms was out-dated, it was considered of considerable use as regards the distribution of Iraqis in Jordan. The 2004 Census shows clearly that the majority of Iraqis live in Amman, with additional concentrations in Karak and Irbid.

If one is interested in a particular estimator, such as the total number of Iraqis in this case, it can be shown that an optimal sample is one that allocates the sampling units proportional to the standard error in each stratum of the sample. Thus, Jordan was divided into different strata, such as governorates and districts, and if the variability of the number of Iraqis as recorded in the 2004 census was large, then a large proportion of the sample was allocated there. The idea can be illustrated as follows: A population is divided into two groups of households, one group with high income, but where everyone has more or less the same, and another group where income is very variable. In order to get a good estimate of the total income, more households would be needed from the group with variable income, than the group with uniformly high. In the extreme case, one might argue that if all households in the

group with high income had the same income, a selection of only one household would be representative.

The optimal allocation directs most of the sample of Iraqis to Amman. Within Amman, the survey sampling was carried out exploiting the optimal allocation strategy a bit further by dividing the sample into phases. Thus, first a selection of 200 enumeration areas was carried out, divided into 8 strata. Then the standard error of the 2004 distribution of Iraqis was calculated, and the sample was allocated according to that. The standard error of the new sample was calculated, and another allocation of enumeration areas to strata was carried out. Then the process was repeated a third time, based on the second sample.

The sample outside of Amman was also allocated optimally, but an optimal allocation based on the 2004 Census actually results in some governorates receiving very small sample takes. In order to guard against the possibility that Iraqis had moved into areas where they had not been in 2004 some governorates and districts were assigned more enumeration areas than they should have had based on the optimal allocation.

The sample selection in Amman followed two strategies. The strata in Amman were of two types: There were four strata where presence of Iraqis had been recorded in the enumeration areas in 2004, and four strata where that was not the case. In those with Iraqis, the selection of enumeration areas was made so that the probability of selection was proportional to the number of Iraqis in 2004. The reason for doing this was that when the probability of being selected is correlated with what one wants to estimate (here the number of Iraqis in 2007) a substantial reduction in sampling variability is achieved. The assumption here was that the enumeration areas that had few Iraqi residents in 2004 would be likely to have few in 2007 as well (but perhaps more) and that those that had many in 2004 also would have many in 2007. In strata where there were no Iraqi residents in 2004 sampling of enumeration areas was made so that the probability of inclusion of an enumeration area was based on the number of households in the area, as is common in household surveys.

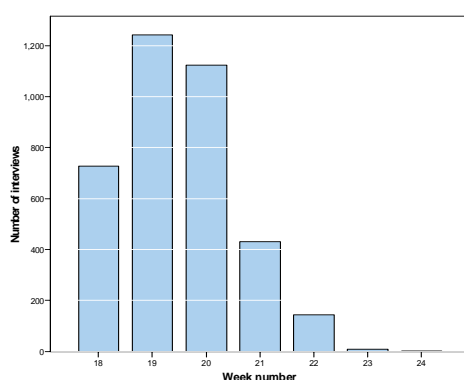
The actual sample selection outside of Amman followed a rather different strategy, based on the assumption that Iraqis tend to cluster in neighborhoods. The selection started out with a standard selection of enumeration areas with probability proportional to the number of households in each area. Then if an enumeration area turned out to have two or more Iraqi households, the neighboring enumeration areas were also selected, mapped, and listed. If any of the neighbors turned out to have two or more Iraqi households, then the neighbors to those were mapped and listed and so on. The strategy, termed adaptive cluster sampling, is quite efficient for estimating the size of a population.

In total a 1000 enumeration areas was planned to be surveyed in the sample. In Amman 600 was planned for and also surveyed, while the remaining 400 was allocated to the rest of the country. The initial sampling of the governorates outside of Amman allocated 321 enumeration areas, while the adaptive cluster sampling expanded the sample with 25 more enumeration areas (although a larger number was mapped and listed).

Fieldwork

Fieldwork consisted of three distinct phases: Mapping and listing, interviewing and quality assurance. Mapping and listing started April 21, 2007 and due to the nature of the survey continued for nearly the complete survey period. The interviewing for the survey started May 1, 2007 and all but 16 interviews was completed by May 31. In total 3787 household interviews were attempted, split nearly equally between Iraqi and non-Iraqi interview attempts. Of the interviews attempts, 3439 was completed, yielding a completion rate of 92 percent. Households in the Iraqi sample had a slightly lower completion rate (89 percent) than non-Iraqi households (93 percent), but in general non-response was not a large issue.

Figure 9: Distribution of interviews during the fieldwork period (Weeks from May 1 to June 14, 2007)



Quality management

The number estimated from the survey depends partly on the sampling scheme, and partly on the execution of the fieldwork. Since the sample is a probability sample, unbiased estimates of the population covered by the sampling frame can be made. The estimates are associated with sampling error, but these are relatively small.

For a survey such as this, errors that are not directly related to the sampling are generally more important. Since many Iraqis are in Jordan without a valid residence permit, it may be expected that many would not reveal themselves. Moreover, survey mapping and listing is intrinsically difficult, and easily yield too low estimates. Such effects are well illustrated by the normal surveys (such as the labor force survey) that the Department of Statistics in Jordan carries out, that yield estimates of the number of Iraqis that are well below those presented here.

During and after the fieldwork several measures were taken to ensure proper mapping and listing of households. Some of these were carried as a matter of ordinary survey practice, but perhaps employed more diligently, while others were responses to particular queries that

were raised by preliminary analysis of the listing data as they were obtained from the field. We will go through such measures in turn:

Anonymity of respondents

In order to protect the respondents Department of Statistics and Fafo together decided to deviate from some of the standard survey practices of the Department of Statistics. Two main steps were taken. First, reporting names of the household head or family members were voluntary. Second, telephone numbers of respondents were not noted down. These measures made it somewhat more difficult to carry out some post-fieldwork checks (for instance to phone the respondent in case errors were found during data entry), but may have increased the quality of response.

Training of mappers and listers

The mappers and listers were specifically trained for the task. Most were experienced mappers and listers that had worked with the Department of Statistics previously.

Supervision

Teams of three listers had each assigned a supervisor who verified that the work was carried out correctly.

Field checks by Fafo

Fafo staff was present throughout the fieldwork, and would carry out spot checks and partial relisting in random locations. Only a few minor errors were found during such checks.

Complete relisting of 10 enumeration areas

Department of statistics carried out a complete relisting of 10 randomly selected enumeration areas. No major divergences from the original listings were discovered.

Random checks of enumeration areas that had Iraqis in 2004

During the mapping and listing it was observed that many areas outside of Amman that in the 2004 census had been found to have Iraqis residing now had few. Also, it was a concern that the sample had somehow returned too few clusters with Iraqis outside of Amman. Therefore a random sample of 55 enumeration areas outside of Amman was drawn, with five enumeration areas in each of the 11 governorates. Particular care was then taken to ensure proper listing of the clusters. The results revealed fewer Iraqis (46) in 2007 than in 2004 when the number was 169. These enumeration areas were not used for other purposes than quality control, i.e. they were not entered into the estimation of Iraqis in Jordan since the sample was intentionally biased.

Collection of narratives from enumeration areas that had many Iraqis in 2004, but none in 2007.

In some cases the survey team found that enumeration areas with large number of Iraqis in 2004 were found to contain none or very few at the time of the survey. One such case, referred to above, was that of a taxi stand/bus stop in Amman where Iraqis used to congregate in 2004, either waiting for transport to Iraq, waiting for relatives to arrive, or

simply having no other place to stay. Few were found in this area in May 2007 as road traffic to Iraq from Jordan has more or less ceased because of the security situation.

In addition to this and a few other enumeration areas where the reason for changes in the number of Iraqis had been determined in the course of the ordinary quality management procedures, 10 enumeration areas were selected purposively, and a team of interviewers were sent there. Their task was to elicit from neighbors, officials, shop-owners or others with knowledge of the area what the story about the “missing Iraqis” was. These stories can roughly be categorized in three groups. First, some Iraqis had left for Iraq, particularly after the execution of Saddam Hussein. Second, some, especially poor Iraqis, had left for Syria, apparently expecting lower living costs there. Third, some had left for Amman, or other places in Jordan, or third countries.

“Closed” housing units

A particular feature of the housing situation in Jordan is the large number of “closed” housing units, that is houses or apartments that show signs of being inhabited, but where no one can be found at home. The phenomenon is partly due to investments in housing as a form of saving, combined with the fact that Jordanian law makes it difficult to evict people who rent apartments. Moreover, some residents work outside of Jordan for parts of the year, and only return to their dwelling during vacations. In terms of the present survey, a particular problem with these dwellings is that it may be difficult to distinguish a housing unit that is in fact temporarily uninhabited, from a housing unit that is inhabited, but by a family that do not want to open their door for the lister or interviewer, for example because the family is an Iraqi one that is afraid of revealing themselves.

As a general rule in surveys in Jordan such dwelling units are most common in rich areas, reflecting the function of the dwellings as means of investment and saving. In order to determine if the closed dwellings could be related to presence of Iraqis, 15 enumeration areas with many closed dwellings were selected at random. Five of these had been listed as having many Iraqis, five had an intermediate number, and five had none. The survey team then tried to determine the reason for the closed dwelling in each case, and if it was in any way related to presence of Iraqis. No such relation was found.

Appendix 1: Tables

This appendix first presents the tables on household level and then the tables for the individuals. In addition the appendix presents tables on the reproductive health indicators for Iraqi women. The tables are generally broken down by the same background variables.

Responding population

Most of the tables describe the situation for the Iraqi population in Jordan as a whole, or for particular subgroups. The descriptions of the respondents to the different indicators are given in the footnote to the tables.

Some of the tables describe the indicators for all respondents to the survey, hence including Jordanian respondents and respondents of a third nationality, in these cases it will be indicated in the footnotes of the tables.

The total number of respondents sometimes differs between tables; this is due to missing information for some respondents on some questions.

Contents of Household tables

- 1.1 Area of residence
- 1.2 Gender of household head
- 1.3 Religious affiliation of household head
- 1.4 Time of arrival in Jordan for household head
- 1.5 Employment of household head
- 1.6 Registration with UNHCR of household head
- 1.7 Validity of permit for household head
- 1.8 Children in the household
- 1.9 Type of tenure for Iraqi households
- 1.10 Rent for Iraqi households
- 1.11 Household size for Iraqi households
- 1.12 Number of people per sleeping room
- 1.13 Crowding in sleeping room
- 1.14 Connection to public water network
- 1.15 Main source of light in the dwelling
- 1.16 Main source of drinking water
- 1.17 Toilet facility
- 1.18 Household durables
- 1.19 Household wealth
- 1.20 Income sources
- 1.21 Investments in Jordan
- 1.22 Investments outside Jordan
- 1.23 Investments in Iraq
- 1.24 Economic situation compared to 2002
- 1.25 Lifesatisfaction

Contents of Individual tables

- 2.1 Gender
- 2.2 Age group
- 2.3 Nationality and citizenship
- 2.4 Additional citizenship
- 2.5 Religion
- 2.6 Religious affiliation
- 2.7 Ethnicity
- 2.8 Last place of residence in Iraq
- 2.9 Residing in Jordan since...?
- 2.10 Validity of permits
- 2.11 Main reason for staying in Jordan
- 2.12 Plans to leave Jordan
- 2.13 Expected time of emigration
- 2.14 Plans to go back to Iraq
- 2.15 Expected time of return to Iraq
- 2.16 Registration with UNHCR
- 2.17 Health insurance
- 2.18 Disability or chronic illness
- 2.19 Acute illness last six months
- 2.20 Consultation for the illness
- 2.21 Who was consulted in the case of acute illness
- 2.22 Spent night in hospital
- 2.23 Type of hospital
- 2.24 Enrollment Iraqi
- 2.25 Enrollment non-Iraqi
- 2.26 Type of school Iraqi
- 2.27 Type of school non-Iraqi
- 2.28 Cost of school Iraqi
- 2.29 Cost of school non-Iraqi
- 2.30 Completed education 16+ Iraqi
- 2.31 Completed education 16+ Non-Iraqi
- 2.32 Reasons for not attending school
- 2.33 In working age
- 2.34 Employment status
- 2.35 Working hour in main job last 7 days
- 2.36 Employment status in main job
- 2.37 Monthly income in main job
- 2.38 Wish to change jobs
- 2.39 Reasons for wanting to change jobs
- 2.40 Reasons for not looking for a job
- 2.41 Economic status for those who do not work
- 2.42 Worked before coming to Jordan

Contents of tables for the reproductive health

- 3.1 Currently pregnant
- 3.2 Sought medical care during current pregnancy
- 3.3 Place of consultation during current pregnancy
- 3.4 Reasons for choosing this place of consultancy
- 3.5 Gave birth last 5 years in Jordan
- 3.6 Assistance during the birth
- 3.7 Place of giving birth
- 3.8 Reasons for choosing this place for the birth
- 3.9 Medical care before being discharged from hospital
- 3.10 Medical check after being discharged from hospital

1.1 Area of residence

		Place of residence			Total	Sample size
		Not in		Total		
		Amman	In Amman			
Total		20.7	79.3	100	1,691	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	40.8	59.2	100	306	
	Low wealth	41.7	58.3	100	287	
	Middle wealth	17.9	82.1	100	243	
	High wealth	5.9	94.1	100	231	
	Highest wealth	2.0	98.0	100	624	
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	40.1	59.9	100	425	
	2003	11.6	88.4	100	131	
	2004	21.6	78.4	100	193	
	2005	8.9	91.1	100	296	
	2006	6.2	93.8	100	465	
	2007	8.2	91.8	100	64	
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	18.6	81.4	100	949	
	Shia	30.4	69.6	100	273	
	Catholic	13.6	86.4	100	180	
	Orthodox	31.7	68.3	100	73	
	Protestant	44.8	55.2	100	3	
	Nasatra	-	100.0	100	6	
	Sabeen	-	100.0	100	60	
	Yezidis	-	100.0	100	1	
	Others or not stated	10.4	89.6	100	29	
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	25.8	74.2	100	289	
	Male hh-head	19.5	80.5	100	1,401	
Children in the household	No children in the household	23.1	76.9	100	619	
	Children in the household	19.1	80.9	100	1,071	
Education of household head	Still in school	-	100.0	100	59	
	Not completed	44.0	56.0	100	52	
	Elementary	55.2	44.8	100	121	
	Preparatory	31.0	69.0	100	158	
	Basic	38.1	61.9	100	19	
	Vocational training	62.1	37.9	100	10	
	Secondary	12.5	87.5	100	192	
	Intermediate diploma	21.1	78.9	100	215	
	Batchelor +	8.2	91.8	100	824	
Employment status of household head	Employed	27.4	72.6	100	808	
	Unemployed	21.9	78.1	100	126	
	Out of workforce	12.4	87.6	100	756	
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	26.3	73.7	100	691	
	Not registered with UNHCR	14.8	85.2	100	873	
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	16.7	83.3	100	832	
	Not valid permit	26.3	73.7	100	562	

n=all Iraqi households

1.2 Gender of household head

		Gender of household head			
		Female hh-head	Male hh-head	Total	Sample size
Total		19.4	80.6	100	1,690
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	31.9	68.1	100	306
	Low wealth	19.9	80.1	100	287
	Middle wealth	15.7	84.3	100	243
	High wealth	12.9	87.1	100	231
	Highest wealth	14.9	85.1	100	623
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	23.5	76.5	100	425
	2003	24.9	75.1	100	131
	2004	13.6	86.4	100	193
	2005	17.3	82.7	100	296
	2006	17.2	82.8	100	465
	2007	27.5	72.5	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	19.3	80.7	100	949
	Shia	15.7	84.3	100	273
	Catholic	26.7	73.3	100	180
	Orthodox	30.1	69.9	100	73
	Protestant	-	100.0	100	3
	Nasatra	50.5	49.5	100	6
	Sabeen	14.8	85.2	100	60
	Yezidis	100.0	-	100	1
	Others or not stated	14.9	85.1	100	29
Children in the household	No children in the household	27.8	72.2	100	619
	Children in the household	13.8	86.2	100	1,071
Education of household head	Still in school	18.3	81.7	100	59
	Not completed	21.3	78.7	100	52
	Elementary	39.9	60.1	100	121
	Preparatory	24.8	75.2	100	158
	Basic	3.2	96.8	100	19
	Vocational training	3.9	96.1	100	10
	Secondary	23.5	76.5	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	13.9	86.1	100	215
	Batchelor +	12.3	87.7	100	824
Employment status of household head	Employed	7.8	92.2	100	808
	Unemployed	7.7	92.3	100	126
	Out of workforce	35.6	64.4	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	19.9	80.1	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	20.1	79.9	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	15.5	84.5	100	832
	Not valid permit	25.5	74.5	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.3 Religious affiliation of household head

		Religious affiliation of household head										
		Sunni	Shia	Catholic	Orthodox	Protestant	Nasatra	Sabeian	Yezidis	Others or not stated	Total	Sample size
Total		62.8	18.1	9.8	4.5	0.1	0.4	2.7	0.0	1.6	100	1,574
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	54.7	23.9	6.9	5.6	-	0.1	7.4	0.1	1.3	100	276
	Low wealth	52.8	18.7	15.8	5.5	0.2	1.6	3.0	-	2.3	100	260
	Middle wealth	64.8	7.9	13.7	9.0	-	0.4	2.9	-	1.3	100	226
	High wealth	69.7	15.2	11.7	1.4	-	-	1.0	-	1.0	100	221
	Highest wealth	70.1	19.3	6.2	2.5	0.2	-	0.1	-	1.7	100	591
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	66.1	18.4	8.2	4.5	0.2	0.2	0.5	-	2.0	100	425
	2003	56.8	27.1	9.5	2.9	-	0.4	1.3	-	2.1	100	131
	2004	53.0	26.3	8.8	4.8	-	-	4.7	-	2.4	100	193
	2005	59.3	13.7	12.9	3.1	0.3	1.1	8.3	-	1.3	100	296
	2006	65.5	15.5	10.4	5.9	-	0.5	1.3	0.1	0.7	100	465
	2007	74.9	8.2	10.2	2.0	-	-	3.1	-	1.6	100	64
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	61.3	14.4	13.2	6.8	-	1.0	2.0	0.1	1.2	100	275
	Male hh-head	63.2	19.1	9.0	3.9	0.2	0.2	2.8	-	1.7	100	1,299
Children in the household	No children in the household	58.9	22.0	11.0	4.6	0.1	0.5	1.4	-	1.5	100	579
	Children in the household	65.4	15.6	9.0	4.3	0.1	0.3	3.5	0.0	1.6	100	995
Education of household head	Still in school	89.5	4.2	2.4	-	1.5	-	-	-	2.5	100	57
	Not completed	41.3	38.2	9.2	2.1	-	-	9.2	-	-	100	40
	Elementary	40.9	22.7	14.1	17.2	-	1.5	2.7	-	0.9	100	107
	Preparatory	41.9	26.8	18.8	7.6	-	0.3	2.0	-	2.7	100	148
	Basic	74.0	6.5	17.2	-	-	-	-	2.4	-	100	14
	Vocational training	76.9	7.6	15.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	8
	Secondary	54.9	20.9	12.7	6.5	-	0.2	2.7	-	2.0	100	166
	Intermediate diploma	63.3	15.5	8.2	4.9	-	1.3	5.9	-	0.9	100	201
Batchelor +	73.3	14.6	7.0	1.3	0.2	0.1	2.0	-	1.5	100	795	
Employment status of household head	Employed	64.2	25.9	5.9	1.6	0.0	-	0.6	-	1.7	100	735
	Unemployed	72.0	6.7	5.9	12.0	-	0.4	2.4	-	0.6	100	117
	Out of workforce	59.5	11.0	15.1	6.5	0.2	0.9	5.1	0.1	1.6	100	722
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	49.1	22.0	13.9	7.0	0.1	0.9	4.9	0.1	2.0	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	73.0	15.4	6.7	2.6	0.1	-	0.9	-	1.3	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	72.6	15.9	6.0	2.8	0.1	-	1.4	-	1.2	100	832
	Not valid permit	45.2	23.2	16.5	7.2	0.1	1.2	4.4	0.1	2.1	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.4 Time of arrival in Jordan for household head

		Arrival of household head in Jordan							Total	Sample size
		Before 2003	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007			
		Total								
Total		32.3	7.4	13.4	15.8	26.7	4.4	100	1,574	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	41.1	6.2	19.5	15.3	15.9	2.0	100	276	
	Low wealth	41.2	4.8	12.5	9.7	24.3	7.4	100	260	
	Middle wealth	27.5	4.7	7.5	12.0	38.5	9.8	100	226	
	High wealth	18.9	9.1	13.1	14.7	38.1	6.1	100	221	
	Highest wealth	28.4	10.1	12.5	21.1	26.4	1.4	100	591	
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	38.3	9.3	9.2	13.8	23.2	6.1	100	275	
	Male hh-head	30.8	7.0	14.4	16.2	27.6	3.9	100	1,299	
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	34.0	6.7	11.3	14.9	27.9	5.2	100	949	
	Shia	32.8	11.1	19.4	11.9	22.8	2.0	100	273	
	Catholic	27.1	7.2	12.0	20.8	28.4	4.6	100	180	
	Orthodox	32.5	4.8	14.4	10.8	35.4	2.0	100	73	
	Protestant	55.2	-	-	44.8	-	-	100	3	
	Nasatra	14.7	6.8	-	42.1	36.4	-	100	6	
	Sabeen	5.6	3.6	23.7	49.0	13.2	5.0	100	60	
	Yezidis	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	1	
	Others or not stated	39.9	9.7	20.5	13.1	12.5	4.3	100	29	
Children in the household	No children in the household	33.8	7.7	16.8	12.8	23.8	5.1	100	579	
	Children in the household	31.3	7.2	11.1	17.8	28.8	3.8	100	995	
Education of household head	Still in school	11.8	11.4	3.2	24.1	47.0	2.5	100	57	
	Not completed	59.5	3.1	20.0	8.8	5.6	3.0	100	40	
	Elementary	44.6	4.5	19.6	13.2	17.3	0.8	100	107	
	Preparatory	31.2	8.4	25.1	11.8	20.9	2.5	100	148	
	Basic	57.7	6.5	11.7	7.0	17.3	-	100	14	
	Vocational training	76.3	4.1	-	5.0	14.6	-	100	8	
	Secondary	32.1	4.7	14.4	19.1	28.0	1.8	100	166	
	Intermediate diploma	38.6	3.4	12.9	17.5	26.0	1.6	100	201	
	Batchelor +	26.8	8.9	9.9	17.2	30.7	6.5	100	795	
Employment status of household head	Employed	39.6	9.0	16.3	15.8	17.9	1.4	100	735	
	Unemployed	16.1	5.1	6.4	14.1	55.1	3.1	100	117	
	Out of workforce	26.6	6.0	11.1	16.1	32.1	8.1	100	722	
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	31.6	5.4	17.1	17.2	26.1	2.6	100	691	
	Not registered with UNHCR	32.8	9.1	10.7	14.8	27.4	5.2	100	873	
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	35.4	8.7	10.5	16.1	24.1	5.3	100	832	
	Not valid permit	27.3	7.1	17.2	16.5	29.2	2.7	100	562	

n=all Iraqi households

1.5 Employment of household head

		Employment status of household head				
		Employed	Unemployed	Out of workforce		Total
					Total		Sample size
Total		50.8	7.5	41.7	100	1,690
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	51.7	6.7	41.5	100	306
	Low wealth	49.1	8.0	42.9	100	287
	Middle wealth	34.7	15.8	49.6	100	243
	High wealth	46.7	6.5	46.8	100	231
	Highest wealth	58.8	4.8	36.4	100	623
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	61.3	3.7	35.0	100	425
	2003	60.5	5.1	34.5	100	131
	2004	61.0	3.6	35.4	100	193
	2005	49.9	6.7	43.3	100	296
	2006	33.5	15.4	51.1	100	465
	2007	15.8	5.3	78.9	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	51.1	8.6	40.3	100	949
	Shia	71.3	2.8	25.9	100	273
	Catholic	30.1	4.5	65.4	100	180
	Orthodox	17.9	20.2	62.0	100	73
	Protestant	18.6	-	81.4	100	3
	Nasatra	-	7.3	92.7	100	6
	Sabeen	11.9	6.6	81.4	100	60
	Yezidis	-	-	100.0	100	1
	Others or not stated	53.0	2.9	44.1	100	29
Children in the household	No children in the household	40.7	5.5	53.8	100	619
	Children in the household	57.6	8.8	33.6	100	1,071
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	20.5	3.0	76.5	100	289
	Male hh-head	58.1	8.6	33.3	100	1,401
Education of household head	Still in school	12.9	1.4	85.6	100	59
	Not completed	58.2	6.5	35.3	100	52
	Elementary	48.5	7.4	44.1	100	121
	Preparatory	39.8	4.6	55.6	100	158
	Basic	51.9	10.5	37.6	100	19
	Vocational training	78.2	17.6	4.2	100	10
	Secondary	40.7	7.7	51.6	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	52.8	5.9	41.3	100	215
Registration of household head with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	40.7	10.5	48.8	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	57.4	5.1	37.5	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	58.4	7.0	34.7	100	832
	Not valid permit	39.3	8.5	52.2	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.6 Registration with UNHCR of household head

		Registration of household head with UNHCR			
		Registered with UNHCR	Not registered with UNHCR	Total	Sample size
Total		44.4	55.6	100	1,564
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	67.8	32.2	100	275
	Low wealth	74.3	25.7	100	258
	Middle wealth	42.4	57.6	100	222
	High wealth	40.7	59.3	100	221
	Highest wealth	16.6	83.4	100	588
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	43.5	56.5	100	423
	2003	32.3	67.7	100	130
	2004	56.1	43.9	100	193
	2005	48.1	51.9	100	293
	2006	43.2	56.8	100	462
	2007	28.3	71.7	100	63
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	35.0	65.0	100	940
	Shia	53.3	46.7	100	272
	Catholic	62.4	37.6	100	180
	Orthodox	68.4	31.6	100	73
	Protestant	36.6	63.4	100	3
	Nasatra	100.0	-	100	6
	Sabeen	80.9	19.1	100	60
	Yezidis	100.0	-	100	1
	Others or not stated	55.6	44.4	100	29
Children in the household	No children in the household	49.9	50.1	100	577
	Children in the household	40.7	59.3	100	987
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	44.1	55.9	100	274
	Male hh-head	44.5	55.5	100	1,290
Education of household head	Still in school	14.9	85.1	100	56
	Not completed	64.5	35.5	100	40
	Elementary	55.0	45.0	100	106
	Preparatory	66.8	33.2	100	148
	Basic	41.9	58.1	100	14
	Vocational training	92.3	7.7	100	8
	Secondary	47.8	52.2	100	165
	Intermediate diploma	49.8	50.2	100	200
	Batchelor +	33.9	66.1	100	789
Employment status of household head	Employed	36.2	63.8	100	730
	Unemployed	62.0	38.0	100	115
	Out of workforce	51.0	49.0	100	719
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	25.9	74.1	100	825
	Not valid permit	74.3	25.7	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.7 Validity of permit for household head

		Status of household head's permit			
		Valid permit	Not valid permit	Total	Sample size
Total		62.5	37.5	100	1,394
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	32.3	67.7	100	245
	Low wealth	44.3	55.7	100	220
	Middle wealth	66.3	33.7	100	193
	High wealth	64.3	35.7	100	196
	Highest wealth	87.8	12.2	100	540
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	68.4	31.6	100	385
	2003	67.2	32.8	100	122
	2004	50.3	49.7	100	168
	2005	61.8	38.2	100	268
	2006	57.8	42.2	100	398
	2007	76.8	23.2	100	53
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	72.8	27.2	100	851
	Shia	53.3	46.7	100	241
	Catholic	37.9	62.1	100	159
	Orthodox	38.9	61.1	100	60
	Protestant	63.4	36.6	100	3
	Nasatra	-	100.0	100	6
	Sabeen	34.5	65.5	100	46
	Yezidis	-	100.0	100	1
	Others or not stated	49.0	51.0	100	27
Children in the household	No children in the household	55.6	44.4	100	503
	Children in the household	67.1	32.9	100	891
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	50.2	49.8	100	235
	Male hh-head	65.4	34.6	100	1,159
Education of household head	Still in school	88.8	11.2	100	57
	Not completed	62.0	38.0	100	30
	Elementary	28.8	71.2	100	92
	Preparatory	42.2	57.8	100	124
	Basic	52.4	47.6	100	14
	Vocational training	87.7	12.3	100	6
	Secondary	48.3	51.7	100	136
	Intermediate diploma	62.8	37.2	100	184
	Batchelor +	75.0	25.0	100	717
Employment status of household head	Employed	71.2	28.8	100	678
	Unemployed	57.8	42.2	100	100
	Out of workforce	52.5	47.5	100	616
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	36.4	63.6	100	595
	Not registered with UNHCR	82.5	17.5	100	792

n=all Iraqi households

1.8 Children in the household

		Children in the household			
		No children in the household	Children in the household	Total	Sample size
Total		39.9	60.1	100	1,690
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	56.1	43.9	100	306
	Low wealth	37.1	62.9	100	287
	Middle wealth	39.5	60.5	100	243
	High wealth	34.3	65.7	100	231
	Highest wealth	33.4	66.6	100	623
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	42.2	57.8	100	425
	2003	41.8	58.2	100	131
	2004	50.7	49.3	100	193
	2005	32.8	67.2	100	296
	2006	35.9	64.1	100	465
	2007	47.6	52.4	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	37.9	62.1	100	949
	Shia	48.8	51.2	100	273
	Catholic	45.2	54.8	100	180
	Orthodox	42.0	58.0	100	73
	Protestant	36.6	63.4	100	3
	Nasatra	50.5	49.5	100	6
	Sabeen	21.0	79.0	100	60
	Yezidis	-	100.0	100	1
	Others or not stated	39.3	60.7	100	29
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	57.2	42.8	100	289
	Male hh-head	35.8	64.2	100	1,401
Education of household head	Still in school	65.3	34.7	100	59
	Not completed	26.7	73.3	100	52
	Elementary	56.4	43.6	100	121
	Preparatory	45.4	54.6	100	158
	Basic	34.0	66.0	100	19
	Vocational training	12.2	87.8	100	10
	Secondary	38.5	61.5	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	29.4	70.6	100	215
	Batchelor +	37.2	62.8	100	824
Employment status of household head	Employed	32.0	68.0	100	808
	Unemployed	29.5	70.5	100	126
	Out of workforce	51.5	48.5	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	45.6	54.4	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	36.6	63.4	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	35.6	64.4	100	832
	Not valid permit	47.4	52.6	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.9 Type of tenure for Iraqi households

		Type of tenure					Total	Sample size
		Owned	Without payment	For work	Rented	Total		
Total		25.4	1.0	0.6	73.0	100	1,690	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	1.1	1.6	1.1	96.2	100	306	
	Low wealth	4.5	1.4	-	94.1	100	287	
	Middle wealth	9.8	1.0	1.6	87.6	100	243	
	High wealth	21.5	1.0	0.2	77.3	100	230	
	Highest wealth	59.9	0.4	0.3	39.5	100	624	
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	24.2	0.7	0.5	74.6	100	425	
	2003	39.8	0.4	0.4	59.4	100	131	
	2004	19.8	0.6	0.3	79.3	100	193	
	2005	34.2	0.3	0.3	65.2	100	296	
	2006	20.5	1.0	0.9	77.6	100	464	
	2007	16.1	6.2	-	77.7	100	64	
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	28.7	1.1	0.2	70.0	100	948	
	Shia	22.8	0.1	2.3	74.8	100	273	
	Catholic	14.9	0.9	-	84.2	100	180	
	Orthodox	16.0	-	-	84.0	100	73	
	Protestant	44.8	-	-	55.2	100	3	
	Nasatra	-	-	-	100.0	100	6	
	Sabeen	-	-	-	100.0	100	60	
	Yezidis	-	-	-	100.0	100	1	
	Others or not stated	37.8	6.4	-	55.8	100	29	
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	22.0	1.6	-	76.4	100	289	
	Male hh-head	26.2	0.8	0.7	72.2	100	1,400	
Children in the household	No children in the household	25.1	0.8	0.5	73.6	100	618	
	Children in the household	25.6	1.1	0.6	72.6	100	1,071	
Education of household head	Still in school	22.7	0.6	-	76.6	100	59	
	Not completed	6.4	-	-	93.6	100	52	
	Elementary	7.7	0.2	0.4	91.7	100	121	
	Preparatory	10.3	0.5	-	89.2	100	158	
	Basic	29.1	5.0	-	65.9	100	19	
	Vocational training	-	-	-	100.0	100	10	
	Secondary	15.4	0.3	0.5	83.9	100	192	
	Intermediate diploma	23.3	1.2	2.0	73.5	100	215	
	Batchelor +	38.5	0.9	0.5	60.0	100	823	
Employment status of household head	Employed	27.8	0.6	0.7	70.9	100	808	
	Unemployed	13.6	1.5	-	84.9	100	126	
	Out of workforce	24.7	1.3	0.5	73.5	100	755	
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	9.0	0.9	1.0	89.2	100	691	
	Not registered with UNHCR	38.2	1.0	0.2	60.7	100	872	
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	36.5	1.2	0.8	61.6	100	831	
	Not valid permit	8.0	0.8	-	91.2	100	562	

n=all Iraqi households

1.10 Rent for Iraqi households

		What is the monthly rent of the housing unit?				
		75				
		25 percentile	Median	percentile	Mean	Sample size
Total		60	115	250	179	1,189
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	40	50	75	83	291
	Low wealth	60	75	130	112	271
	Middle wealth	100	160	290	202	207
	High wealth	150	250	350	264	168
	Highest wealth	200	300	416	347	252
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	45	70	100	98	287
	2003	55	110	250	164	80
	2004	50	80	250	177	133
	2005	70	150	267	193	206
	2006	140	250	350	268	351
	2007	180	320	415	315	54
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	70	160	300	210	625
	Shia	50	70	200	151	187
	Catholic	70	120	200	164	153
	Orthodox	60	100	125	116	59
	Protestant	85	85	250	141	2
	Nasatra	75	75	80	76	6
	Sabeen	65	80	200	124	60
	Yezidis	200	200	200	200	1
	Others or not stated	70	75	250	151	18
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	45	85	200	155	218
	Male hh-head	65	125	250	185	971
Children in the household	No children in the household	50	90	210	160	429
	Children in the household	70	130	300	192	760
Education of household head	Still in school	130	170	265	200	49
	Not completed	55	70	70	83	47
	Elementary	40	50	80	82	105
	Preparatory	50	70	180	126	132
	Basic	50	60	70	96	16
	Vocational training	55	55	55	76	10
	Secondary	60	100	250	194	152
	Intermediate diploma	70	100	250	167	151
	Batchelor +	125	220	350	255	495
Employment status of household head	Employed	50	90	240	160	534
	Unemployed	80	125	250	171	101
	Out of workforce	70	150	300	203	554
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	55	80	190	130	592
	Not registered with UNHCR	100	200	350	248	511
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	90	190	320	232	476
	Not valid permit	50	75	180	134	493

n=all Iraqi households that rent dwelling

1.11 Household size for Iraqi households

		Household size				Sample size
		25	Median	75	Mean	
		percentile		percentile		
Total		3.0	4.0	5.0	4.1	1,690
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	2.0	3.0	4.0	3.2	306
	Low wealth	2.0	4.0	5.0	3.7	287
	Middle wealth	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.2	243
	High wealth	3.0	4.0	6.0	4.4	231
	Highest wealth	3.0	5.0	6.0	4.7	623
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	3.0	4.0	5.0	3.7	425
	2003	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.1	131
	2004	2.0	4.0	5.0	4.0	193
	2005	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.2	296
	2006	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.4	465
	2007	2.0	3.0	5.0	3.8	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.2	949
	Shia	2.0	3.0	5.0	3.6	273
	Catholic	2.0	4.0	5.0	3.8	180
	Orthodox	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.1	73
	Protestant	2.0	4.0	4.0	3.5	3
	Nasatra	3.0	3.0	7.0	4.7	6
	Sabeen	3.0	4.0	6.0	4.4	60
	Yezidis	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	1
	Others or not stated	3.0	4.0	5.0	3.7	29
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	2.0	3.0	4.0	3.0	289
	Male hh-head	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.3	1,401
Children in the household	No children in the household	1.0	2.0	3.0	2.6	619
	Children in the household	4.0	5.0	6.0	5.1	1,071
Education of household head	Still in school	2.0	2.0	4.0	2.8	59
	Not completed	3.0	3.0	5.0	3.9	52
	Elementary	1.0	3.0	5.0	3.4	121
	Preparatory	2.0	4.0	5.0	4.1	158
	Basic	2.0	3.0	4.0	3.2	19
	Vocational training	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.5	10
	Secondary	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.2	192
	Intermediate diploma	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.3	215
	Batchelor +	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.3	824
Employment status of household head	Employed	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.2	808
	Unemployed	3.0	4.0	6.0	4.4	126
	Out of workforce	2.0	4.0	5.0	3.8	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	2.0	4.0	5.0	3.7	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	3.0	4.0	6.0	4.3	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	3.0	4.0	5.0	4.3	832
	Not valid permit	2.0	4.0	5.0	3.6	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.12 Number of people per sleeping room

		Number of people in sleeping rooms				Sample size
		25	Median	75	Mean	
		percentile		percentile		
Total		1.3	1.7	2.5	2.0	1,690
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	1.0	2.0	3.0	2.3	306
	Low wealth	1.5	2.0	3.0	2.4	287
	Middle wealth	1.3	2.0	2.5	1.9	243
	High wealth	1.3	1.7	2.3	1.8	231
	Highest wealth	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.6	623
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	1.0	1.7	2.5	2.0	425
	2003	1.0	1.5	2.3	1.9	131
	2004	1.0	2.0	2.3	1.9	193
	2005	1.3	1.8	2.5	1.9	296
	2006	1.3	1.7	2.5	2.0	465
	2007	1.0	1.5	2.5	1.8	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	1.3	1.7	2.5	1.9	949
	Shia	1.0	1.7	2.0	1.9	273
	Catholic	1.0	2.0	2.5	2.0	180
	Orthodox	1.0	2.0	2.5	2.0	73
	Protestant	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.6	3
	Nasatra	3.0	3.0	3.5	2.9	6
	Sabeen	1.5	3.0	4.0	2.9	60
	Yezidis	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	1
	Others or not stated	1.0	1.5	2.0	1.7	29
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	1.0	1.3	2.0	1.7	289
	Male hh-head	1.3	2.0	2.5	2.0	1,401
Children in the household	No children in the household	1.0	1.0	1.7	1.3	619
	Children in the household	1.7	2.0	3.0	2.4	1,071
Education of household head	Still in school	1.0	1.3	2.0	1.5	59
	Not completed	2.0	2.5	3.0	2.7	52
	Elementary	1.0	2.0	3.0	2.1	121
	Preparatory	1.0	2.0	3.0	2.3	158
	Basic	1.3	2.0	3.0	2.2	19
	Vocational training	2.0	2.5	2.5	2.4	10
	Secondary	1.3	2.0	3.0	2.2	192
	Intermediate diploma	1.3	1.8	2.5	2.1	215
Batchelor +	1.3	1.7	2.0	1.8	824	
Employment status of household head	Employed	1.3	2.0	2.5	2.0	808
	Unemployed	1.5	2.0	2.5	2.3	126
	Out of workforce	1.0	1.5	2.3	1.8	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	1.0	2.0	2.5	2.1	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	1.3	1.7	2.3	1.8	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	1.3	1.7	2.3	1.8	832
	Not valid permit	1.0	2.0	3.0	2.2	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.13 Crowding in sleeping room

		Crowding in sleeping rooms			
		Crowding	Not crowding	Total	
				Total	Sample size
Total		19.5	80.5	100	1,691
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	33.6	66.4	100	306
	Low wealth	34.7	65.3	100	287
	Middle wealth	14.5	85.5	100	243
	High wealth	14.0	86.0	100	231
	Highest wealth	5.6	94.4	100	624
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	21.6	78.4	100	425
	2003	16.9	83.1	100	131
	2004	15.7	84.3	100	193
	2005	16.5	83.5	100	296
	2006	18.0	82.0	100	465
	2007	12.6	87.4	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	16.4	83.6	100	949
	Shia	18.3	81.7	100	273
	Catholic	21.1	78.9	100	180
	Orthodox	15.6	84.4	100	73
	Protestant	-	100.0	100	3
	Nasatra	80.2	19.8	100	6
	Sabean	51.2	48.8	100	60
	Yezidis	100.0	-	100	1
	Others or not stated	13.5	86.5	100	29
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	17.2	82.8	100	289
	Male hh-head	20.0	80.0	100	1,401
Children in the household	No children in the household	2.8	97.2	100	619
	Children in the household	30.5	69.5	100	1,071
Education of household head	Still in school	9.4	90.6	100	59
	Not completed	47.5	52.5	100	52
	Elementary	27.2	72.8	100	121
	Preparatory	30.9	69.1	100	158
	Basic	40.5	59.5	100	19
	Vocational training	4.4	95.6	100	10
	Secondary	27.1	72.9	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	21.4	78.6	100	215
Batchelor +	10.9	89.1	100	824	
Employment status of household head	Employed	20.5	79.5	100	808
	Unemployed	24.2	75.8	100	126
	Out of workforce	17.3	82.7	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	24.5	75.5	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	13.8	86.2	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	12.7	87.3	100	832
	Not valid permit	26.1	73.9	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.14 Connection to public water network

		Connection to public water network			
		Not		Total	Total Sample size
		Connected	connected		
Total		99.2	0.8	100	1,691
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	99.3	0.7	100	306
	Low wealth	98.6	1.4	100	287
	Middle wealth	98.1	1.9	100	243
	High wealth	99.6	0.4	100	231
	Highest wealth	99.8	0.2	100	624
Type of tenure	Owned	99.7	0.3	100	460
	Without payment	100.0	-	100	20
	For work	73.1	26.9	100	8
	Rented	99.2	0.8	100	1,202
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	99.5	0.5	100	425
	2003	99.5	0.5	100	131
	2004	100.0	-	100	193
	2005	99.4	0.6	100	296
	2006	97.9	2.1	100	465
	2007	100.0	-	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	99.2	0.8	100	949
	Shia	99.1	0.9	100	273
	Catholic	97.7	2.3	100	180
	Orthodox	100.0	-	100	73
	Protestant	100.0	-	100	3
	Nasatra	100.0	-	100	6
	Sabeen	100.0	-	100	60
	Yezidis	100.0	-	100	1
Others or not stated	100.0	-	100	29	
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	99.9	0.1	100	289
	Male hh-head	99.0	1.0	100	1,401
Children in the household	No children in the household	98.9	1.1	100	619
	Children in the household	99.4	0.6	100	1,071
Education of household head	Still in school	91.9	8.1	100	59
	Not completed	100.0	-	100	52
	Elementary	100.0	-	100	121
	Preparatory	100.0	-	100	158
	Basic	100.0	-	100	19
	Vocational training	86.3	13.7	100	10
	Secondary	100.0	-	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	99.6	0.4	100	215
Batchelor +	99.3	0.7	100	824	
Employment status of household head	Employed	99.5	0.5	100	808
	Unemployed	96.2	3.8	100	126
	Out of workforce	99.4	0.6	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	99.0	1.0	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	99.7	0.3	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	98.8	1.2	100	832
	Not valid permit	99.5	0.5	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.15 Main source of light in the dwelling

		Main source of light in the housing unit			
		Public electricity network	Private generator	Total	Total Sample size
Total		100.0	0.0	100	1,691
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	100.0	-	100	306
	Low wealth	100.0	-	100	287
	Middle wealth	100.0	-	100	243
	High wealth	99.9	0.1	100	231
	Highest wealth	100.0	-	100	624
Type of tenure	Owned	100.0	-	100	460
	Without payment	100.0	-	100	20
	For work	100.0	-	100	8
	Rented	100.0	0.0	100	1,202
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	100.0	-	100	425
	2003	99.8	0.2	100	131
	2004	100.0	-	100	193
	2005	100.0	-	100	296
	2006	100.0	-	100	465
	2007	100.0	-	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	100.0	-	100	949
	Shia	100.0	-	100	273
	Catholic	99.9	0.1	100	180
	Orthodox	100.0	-	100	73
	Protestant	100.0	-	100	3
	Nasatra	100.0	-	100	6
	Sabeian	100.0	-	100	60
	Yezidis	100.0	-	100	1
	Others or not stated	100.0	-	100	29
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	99.9	0.1	100	289
	Male hh-head	100.0	-	100	1,401
Children in the household	No children in the household	100.0	-	100	619
	Children in the household	100.0	0.0	100	1,071
Education of household head	Still in school	100.0	-	100	59
	Not completed	100.0	-	100	52
	Elementary	100.0	-	100	121
	Preparatory	100.0	-	100	158
	Basic	100.0	-	100	19
	Vocational training	100.0	-	100	10
	Secondary	100.0	-	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	100.0	-	100	215
	Batchelor +	100.0	0.0	100	824
Employment status of household head	Employed	100.0	0.0	100	808
	Unemployed	100.0	-	100	126
	Out of workforce	100.0	-	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	100.0	-	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	100.0	0.0	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	100.0	-	100	832
	Not valid permit	100.0	-	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.16 Main source of drinking water

		Main source of drinking water						Total	Sample size
		Bottled mineral water	Piped to dwelling	Piped to yard	Spring	Rainwater	Tanker truck		
Total		65.6	33.8	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.3	100	1,691
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	28.0	70.8	0.2	-	0.7	0.3	100	306
	Low wealth	50.6	48.9	-	-	0.5	-	100	287
	Middle wealth	84.7	15.0	-	0.3	-	-	100	243
	High wealth	88.2	11.1	-	-	-	0.7	100	231
	Highest wealth	83.0	16.6	-	-	-	0.4	100	624
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	49.7	49.4	-	0.1	0.8	-	100	425
	2003	70.2	29.4	-	-	-	0.4	100	131
	2004	59.8	39.8	0.4	-	-	-	100	193
	2005	72.1	27.7	-	-	-	0.2	100	296
	2006	88.0	11.6	-	-	-	0.4	100	465
	2007	82.9	16.1	-	-	-	1.0	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	71.2	28.3	-	0.1	0.2	0.3	100	949
	Shia	51.3	47.2	0.3	-	0.9	0.3	100	273
	Catholic	79.3	20.7	-	-	-	-	100	180
	Orthodox	76.7	23.3	-	-	-	-	100	73
	Protestant	81.4	18.6	-	-	-	-	100	3
	Nasatra	13.0	87.0	-	-	-	-	100	6
	Sabeian	54.0	46.0	-	-	-	-	100	60
	Yezidis	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	100	1
	Others or not stated	59.3	40.7	-	-	-	-	100	29
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	59.8	39.9	-	-	-	0.4	100	289
	Male hh-head	67.0	32.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	100	1,401
Children in the household	No children in the household	63.4	35.9	0.1	-	0.4	0.3	100	619
	Children in the household	67.1	32.4	-	0.1	0.1	0.3	100	1,071
Education of household head	Still in school	77.0	23.0	-	-	-	-	100	59
	Not completed	27.4	71.6	-	-	-	1.0	100	52
	Elementary	32.6	65.5	0.5	-	-	1.4	100	121
	Preparatory	48.5	51.5	-	-	-	-	100	158
	Basic	36.2	63.8	-	-	-	-	100	19
	Vocational training	19.6	80.4	-	-	-	-	100	10
	Secondary	64.0	35.8	-	-	-	0.2	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	77.6	21.6	-	-	0.8	-	100	215
	Batchelor +	80.8	18.6	-	0.1	0.3	0.2	100	824
Employment status of household head	Employed	60.3	38.8	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.4	100	808
	Unemployed	72.9	25.9	-	-	1.2	-	100	126
	Out of workforce	70.7	29.1	-	-	-	0.2	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	56.9	42.5	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.1	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	76.6	22.8	-	-	0.2	0.3	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	76.7	22.7	-	0.1	0.5	0.1	100	832
	Not valid permit	53.7	45.7	0.2	-	-	0.5	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.17 Toilet facility

		Toilet facility used by the housing unit						Total	Sample size
		Flush to piped sewage system	Flush to pit latrine	Ventilated improved pit latrine	Pit latrine with slab	Pit latrine without slab/open pit	Other		
Total		75.2	2.7	17.8	0.3	3.9	0.2	100	1,691
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	41.7	3.1	43.3	0.7	10.5	0.7	100	306
	Low wealth	55.7	6.9	31.5	0.3	5.7	-	100	287
	Middle wealth	85.9	2.2	9.5	-	2.4	-	100	243
	High wealth	92.1	0.2	5.4	0.2	2.0	-	100	231
	Highest wealth	97.8	0.9	1.2	0.1	-	-	100	624
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	57.3	6.0	27.4	0.2	8.8	0.5	100	425
	2003	85.5	-	14.5	-	-	-	100	131
	2004	73.8	4.7	19.3	0.5	1.8	-	100	193
	2005	80.2	0.5	16.0	0.8	2.5	-	100	296
	2006	89.9	0.8	7.6	0.2	1.6	-	100	465
	2007	95.1	-	4.9	-	-	-	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	78.0	3.2	12.3	0.3	6.1	-	100	949
	Shia	73.2	4.6	21.0	0.3	-	0.9	100	273
	Catholic	77.0	-	22.5	0.6	-	-	100	180
	Orthodox	65.4	-	34.6	-	-	-	100	73
	Protestant	63.4	-	-	-	36.6	-	100	3
	Nasatra	12.5	-	87.5	-	-	-	100	6
	Sabeen	52.2	-	47.8	-	-	-	100	60
	Yezidis	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	100	1
Others or not stated	81.0	-	19.0	-	-	-	100	29	
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	71.7	-	23.3	0.3	4.8	-	100	289
	Male hh-head	76.1	3.3	16.5	0.3	3.7	0.2	100	1,401
Children in the household	No children in the household	74.3	3.9	18.1	0.3	3.0	0.4	100	619
	Children in the household	75.8	1.9	17.6	0.2	4.5	-	100	1,071
Education of household head	Still in school	88.2	-	8.4	1.9	1.4	-	100	59
	Not completed	43.3	0.1	45.6	-	11.1	-	100	52
	Elementary	41.0	8.8	40.3	0.5	9.3	-	100	121
	Preparatory	65.4	0.4	27.3	-	6.9	-	100	158
	Basic	65.0	-	26.3	-	8.7	-	100	19
	Vocational training	27.0	-	69.2	3.8	-	-	100	10
	Secondary	72.7	-	26.5	-	0.8	-	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	79.5	0.9	18.2	-	1.4	-	100	215
Batchelor +	89.1	3.5	4.1	0.2	2.7	0.3	100	824	
Employment status of household head	Employed	72.6	4.8	18.3	0.3	3.7	0.3	100	808
	Unemployed	79.4	2.4	7.4	0.5	10.4	-	100	126
	Out of workforce	77.6	0.1	19.0	0.2	3.1	-	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	63.6	4.0	27.0	0.4	4.7	0.4	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	85.4	1.2	9.8	0.2	3.4	-	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	84.3	3.0	8.5	0.1	3.7	0.3	100	832
	Not valid permit	62.0	2.1	31.2	0.6	4.1	-	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.18 Household durables

	Refrigerator	Freezer	Gas/ electric oven (large)	Gas cooker (small)	Electric washing machine	Television	Satellite antenna	Video/ dvd player	Ordinary telephone line	Heater on electricity or gas	Diesel heater	Solar heater for water	Personal computer	Internet connection	Sewing machine	Dishwasher	Microwave oven	Air conditioner	Vacuum cleaner	Video camera	Digital camera	Mobil phone	Instrument to filter water	Private cars	Water cooler	Total	Sample size	
Total	94.6	11.5	69.0	33.7	85.9	97.8	93.4	20.9	48.1	58.4	61.4	7.4	45.8	26.3	4.3	2.8	24.9	12.6	47.4	12.6	17.3	97.2	7.7	32.0	27.7	100	1,688	
Household wealth in quintiles																												
Lowest wealth	76.1	0.1	9.8	81.2	45.4	91.1	73.4	1.7	1.8	10.5	78.3	0.1	1.0	0.3	2.5	-	0.4	-	0.5	0.7	-	93.6	0.1	2.4	-	100	303	
Low middle wealth	99.0	1.9	51.8	50.2	89.6	99.5	96.8	5.1	8.4	60.2	60.7	3.5	11.0	0.2	1.3	0.4	1.4	0.6	7.5	0.5	2.1	97.5	2.8	3.1	0.7	100	287	
Middle wealth	99.5	3.8	89.2	14.6	98.4	99.7	98.4	12.7	42.6	67.7	56.2	5.6	36.5	7.2	5.2	-	2.9	1.9	41.8	1.5	8.4	97.2	4.4	11.8	10.4	100	243	
High wealth	99.2	7.2	96.7	12.5	98.0	100.0	99.7	14.5	74.1	70.0	56.3	3.4	70.2	36.6	5.3	-	16.2	8.3	68.6	7.9	15.9	96.4	4.5	32.2	33.5	100	231	
Highest wealth	100.0	28.3	98.6	9.1	99.7	99.5	99.6	46.9	93.3	79.6	54.9	16.1	89.1	61.3	6.5	7.8	63.9	32.8	94.5	32.8	40.5	99.7	17.4	74.6	65.1	100	624	
Arrival of household head in Jordan																												
Before 2003	94.6	12.6	61.5	38.6	83.4	99.4	95.4	21.2	37.9	57.9	67.7	6.7	44.1	19.8	5.5	4.2	19.8	13.5	39.5	11.9	14.1	94.9	9.4	28.7	23.5	100	425	
2003	96.8	19.6	71.0	35.4	91.3	98.8	87.4	30.7	60.3	53.2	76.6	10.5	52.4	36.1	7.1	1.7	34.0	27.9	59.9	18.5	32.2	99.5	7.9	46.1	47.3	100	131	
2004	92.9	15.5	57.1	47.6	85.3	96.6	92.1	18.6	47.5	47.5	67.9	8.1	43.0	30.7	5.4	2.1	23.4	10.9	42.9	10.8	18.3	99.8	8.2	36.1	23.8	100	193	
2005	96.9	10.5	74.2	32.1	85.3	97.5	95.4	24.7	60.9	56.7	62.9	8.6	54.8	34.9	1.6	3.7	34.3	17.0	57.8	17.2	19.5	98.7	8.6	42.4	36.8	100	294	
2006	94.9	4.9	78.6	23.0	89.6	96.3	93.8	20.5	57.5	70.6	47.3	5.2	47.9	29.0	3.5	2.1	27.1	6.7	52.2	12.8	17.4	96.7	4.7	28.0	28.3	100	464	
2007	95.7	21.4	80.7	16.9	87.8	96.4	92.2	2.0	31.4	45.8	41.2	12.1	39.2	19.9	1.2	-	11.8	2.1	42.6	7.5	16.0	92.0	4.9	7.6	12.0	100	64	
Religious affiliation of household head																												
Sunni	94.1	12.7	71.9	30.1	86.8	97.0	95.4	22.0	52.6	63.5	58.4	8.1	52.2	29.3	3.7	3.5	28.1	13.8	53.6	14.9	19.4	97.2	9.2	37.1	31.4	100	947	
Shia	95.9	14.0	61.1	41.4	85.7	98.6	88.2	19.4	46.5	57.9	61.5	4.3	45.5	28.9	6.5	2.9	26.9	13.3	42.2	15.5	17.7	99.3	6.1	30.9	23.3	100	273	
Catholic	99.0	4.8	72.2	30.0	88.4	99.2	96.1	20.6	53.1	50.8	65.3	7.7	38.8	27.2	0.9	1.3	13.0	6.2	34.7	4.7	13.3	95.0	3.2	17.2	22.2	100	180	
Orthodox	99.5	3.2	72.5	36.5	84.9	99.5	87.5	24.7	36.1	35.7	84.8	4.7	20.5	8.5	14.1	1.0	16.4	6.1	41.0	4.9	9.1	98.9	2.6	17.4	30.8	100	73	
Protestant	100.0	-	63.4	36.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	18.6	63.4	100.0	36.6	-	100.0	44.8	-	-	63.4	-	63.4	-	63.4	100.0	18.6	63.4	44.8	100	3	
Nasatra	100.0	-	43.8	56.2	93.2	100.0	93.2	7.3	5.7	80.2	63.6	7.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.3	-	7.3	100.0	-	-	-	100	6	
Sabean	92.5	0.9	30.0	70.0	73.3	98.3	94.8	4.7	9.0	27.3	61.5	0.9	18.5	7.9	1.7	-	0.9	-	11.4	0.9	11.8	92.5	1.8	-	3.0	100	59	
Yazidis	100.0	-	-	100.0	-	100.0	-	-	-	100.0	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	1
Others or not stated	88.6	18.1	81.6	28.1	88.2	100.0	97.1	24.9	41.2	38.4	67.3	25.8	39.9	19.6	-	-	31.1	27.4	52.0	15.4	17.8	100.0	9.1	32.8	31.3	100	29	
Gender of household head																												
Female hh-head	93.5	9.2	65.8	33.4	77.2	97.8	87.1	18.9	42.0	44.2	68.1	7.5	27.3	14.8	3.4	4.0	22.8	10.3	39.4	6.6	9.2	96.2	7.0	18.5	21.4	100	289	
Male hh-head	94.8	12.0	69.7	33.8	88.0	97.8	94.9	21.4	49.6	61.8	59.7	7.4	50.2	29.0	4.5	2.5	25.4	13.2	49.3	14.1	19.2	97.5	7.9	35.2	29.2	100	1,398	
Children in the household																												
No children in the household	91.5	9.3	60.3	41.4	77.7	96.9	90.6	15.6	43.4	55.0	63.7	6.4	39.0	20.3	2.2	2.0	20.6	12.1	40.4	8.6	13.1	97.5	6.6	26.0	23.7	100	618	
Children in the household	96.6	12.9	74.7	28.6	91.3	98.4	95.2	24.4	51.3	60.6	59.7	8.1	50.3	30.2	5.8	3.4	27.7	13.0	52.0	15.4	19.9	97.1	8.4	35.9	30.3	100	1,069	
Education of household head																												
Still in school	99.1	3.5	67.5	39.7	91.3	98.2	94.4	26.8	52.7	60.1	63.4	5.9	52.6	33.1	5.6	3.8	28.8	16.7	43.4	21.4	14.8	100.0	14.9	28.1	25.5	100	59	
Not completed	84.4	0.5	62.6	39.2	78.4	97.0	93.1	11.8	9.7	50.4	78.9	2.9	6.6	3.7	2.1	-	4.6	1.9	16.6	1.5	4.8	97.9	11.4	5.2	6.6	100	51	
Elementary	94.1	3.7	46.5	55.6	72.9	99.0	93.1	13.7	17.6	25.5	84.3	4.1	8.4	4.5	6.4	-	4.3	1.8	16.6	0.3	1.8	95.9	3.0	8.9	14.4	100	120	
Preparatory	90.4	4.8	46.0	46.8	80.7	99.2	92.3	12.6	32.8	46.8	64.6	3.7	25.9	10.4	6.6	3.1	13.7	3.2	25.8	4.8	9.5	98.6	3.8	13.5	15.5	100	158	
Basic	83.7	-	56.2	39.9	77.4	90.9	79.1	26.7	21.5	46.7	55.8	-	4.9	-	-	20.4	20.4	-	22.3	2.0	2.0	91.3	-	22.4	20.4	100	19	
Vocational training	92.7	-	22.2	77.8	90.7	100.0	96.7	-	3.7	79.5	22.0	-	3.7	3.7	3.0	-	-	-	13.7	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	100	10	
Secondary	97.0	8.4	65.0	38.4	87.4	98.0	91.3	13.9	45.3	52.7	68.5	5.6	32.9	19.6	2.5	1.7	18.9	10.4	44.1	9.3	13.9	89.6	10.2	26.1	24.7	100	192	
Intermediate diploma	90.7	13.8	71.6	32.1	82.2	97.4	92.6	20.5	46.8	61.5	62.0	5.8	50.7	22.7	5.5	3.1	21.5	11.4	44.0	9.7	14.6	98.6	5.3	33.5	25.1	100	215	
Batchelor +	97.2	16.7	83.8	20.4	91.7	97.6	95.9	27.4	66.6	71.2	52.5	10.5	67.6	41.1	3.9	3.3	37.2	19.8	66.8	20.3	26.9	99.8	9.7	47.3	39.0	100	823	
Employment status of household head																												
Employed	93.9	14.9	68.3	35.5	84.6	97.6	92.7	22.5	47.4	59.9	62.7	7.2	49.8	30.0	5.5	3.1	28.5	16.8	48.4	17.6	19.5	97.3	8.0	41.1	31.5	100	807	
Unemployed	93.1	3.0	72.6	32.5	87.0	98.0	88.7	21.4	38.7	63.8	52.5	6.3	41.0	13.3	8.2	0.6	11.7	3.4	44.9	6.8	10.8	98.1	2.1	18.2	22.4	100	126	
Out of workforce	95.6	8.7	69.1	31.7	87.2	98.0	95.0	18.7	50.7	55.5	61.2	7.8	41.8	24.0	2.1	2.8	22.7	9.2	46.6	7.6	15.6	97.1	8.3	23.4	23.9	100	754	
Registration of household head with UNHCR																												
Registered with UNHCR	93.0	3.3	49.3	52.0	78.7	98.3	91.2	11.0	29.7	53.1	64.3	4.0	29.3	14.2	2.0	0.7	10.0	2.9	26.5	4.5	8.7	98.8	2.1	10.2	10.4	100	689	
Not registered with UNHCR	96.5	18.2	84.4	19.1	92.2	95.7	29.3	66.0	63.3	58.8	10.1	61.4	38.2	6.2	4.7	37.7	20.3	65.1	20.2	25.4	96.2	12.1	49.8	42.9	100	872		
Status of household head's permit																												
Valid permit	96.7	17.4	82.0	21.2	89.5	9																						

1.19 Household wealth

		Household wealth in quintiles					Total	Sample size
		Lowest wealth	Low wealth	Middle wealth	High wealth	Highest wealth		
Total		21.5	19.8	13.3	11.0	34.5	100	1,691
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	27.0	24.1	11.4	6.7	30.8	100	425
	2003	17.6	12.3	8.5	13.9	47.8	100	131
	2004	30.9	17.7	7.5	11.1	32.8	100	193
	2005	20.7	11.7	10.2	10.6	46.8	100	296
	2006	12.6	17.2	19.3	16.2	34.6	100	465
	2007	10.0	32.3	30.2	16.0	11.5	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	18.5	15.9	13.8	12.6	39.1	100	949
	Shia	27.9	19.5	5.8	9.5	37.3	100	273
	Catholic	14.9	30.6	18.8	13.6	22.1	100	180
	Orthodox	26.6	23.4	27.0	3.6	19.3	100	73
	Protestant	-	36.6	-	-	63.4	100	3
	Nasatra	6.8	78.6	14.7	-	-	100	6
	Sabeian	58.9	21.3	14.5	4.4	0.8	100	60
	Yezidis	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	1
Others or not stated	17.3	27.4	11.2	6.9	37.2	100	29	
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	35.2	20.3	10.8	7.3	26.4	100	289
	Male hh-head	18.2	19.7	13.9	11.9	36.4	100	1,401
Children in the household	No children in the household	30.2	18.4	13.1	9.5	28.8	100	619
	Children in the household	15.7	20.7	13.4	12.1	38.2	100	1,071
Education of household head	Still in school	6.6	19.9	27.0	11.8	34.7	100	59
	Not completed	35.1	43.1	13.2	3.8	4.8	100	52
	Elementary	55.5	23.4	11.2	2.2	7.6	100	121
	Preparatory	33.5	28.2	13.5	10.0	14.9	100	158
	Basic	30.7	46.0	2.9	-	20.4	100	19
	Vocational training	15.7	66.9	13.7	3.7	-	100	10
	Secondary	27.6	22.1	12.1	9.4	28.7	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	21.0	16.6	18.9	11.1	32.4	100	215
Batchelor +	7.9	12.5	12.4	15.1	52.0	100	824	
Employment status of household head	Employed	21.8	19.1	9.0	10.1	39.9	100	808
	Unemployed	19.3	21.2	27.9	9.6	22.0	100	126
	Out of workforce	21.4	20.4	15.8	12.4	30.1	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	32.8	30.9	12.5	10.6	13.2	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	12.5	8.6	13.6	12.3	53.1	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	10.9	13.4	13.9	11.4	50.4	100	832
	Not valid permit	37.9	28.0	11.8	10.6	11.7	100	562

n=All Iraqi households. Quintiels are based on durables and calculatet from all household in Jordan

1.20 Income sources

		Type of income sources								Total Total Sample size	
		Employment income	Income from self- employment	Property income	Interest income	Transfer income within Jordan	Transfer income from Iraq	Transfer income from outside the Kingdom (not Iraq)	Other income		
Total		40.7	24.3	5.4	4.4	11.3	41.7	22.3	4.5	100	1,594
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	48.4	18.1	1.1	0.9	21.9	26.5	24.6	8.6	100	296
	Low wealth	54.2	9.9	2.7	1.1	14.4	33.7	23.1	6.1	100	269
	Middle wealth	35.7	15.7	2.9	2.2	11.6	49.2	25.4	1.6	100	220
	High wealth	35.2	19.8	9.4	4.3	8.3	51.0	23.1	6.3	100	217
	Highest wealth	31.5	41.4	9.4	9.3	3.7	50.3	19.0	1.4	100	592
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	56.1	21.4	2.2	2.9	20.1	30.1	22.5	6.2	100	414
	2003	32.8	40.9	3.0	10.5	6.8	51.5	18.6	2.3	100	123
	2004	30.9	41.1	7.9	2.7	2.5	30.1	27.7	4.8	100	183
	2005	31.8	29.0	8.1	5.2	4.2	47.0	28.7	1.9	100	278
	2006	26.9	18.3	6.7	5.2	7.3	59.2	21.4	3.5	100	432
	2007	27.2	7.9	6.3	5.4	1.7	79.7	13.6	2.7	100	52
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	38.6	27.4	6.1	5.5	12.1	50.4	18.8	4.4	100	889
	Shia	48.5	33.5	4.2	3.2	5.4	31.6	13.2	1.6	100	262
	Catholic	31.1	9.5	3.4	4.6	5.5	40.0	45.3	5.0	100	172
	Orthodox	28.2	13.1	5.5	-	19.4	25.0	50.2	6.4	100	68
	Protestant	18.6	-	-	-	-	36.6	55.2	44.8	100	3
	Nasatra	7.3	-	-	-	-	36.4	63.6	36.4	100	6
	Sabeen	12.4	4.5	2.5	-	7.4	33.6	58.9	6.0	100	52
	Yezidis	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	100.0	-	100	1
Others or not stated	39.0	14.0	4.5	-	4.9	34.3	30.6	1.9	100	29	
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	20.8	12.8	6.0	1.9	19.2	50.7	36.4	9.1	100	273
	Male hh-head	45.6	27.1	5.3	4.9	9.4	39.5	18.8	3.4	100	1,320
Children in the household	No children in the household	34.2	19.8	5.6	3.7	11.6	41.3	28.1	4.9	100	591
	Children in the household	45.0	27.2	5.3	4.8	11.1	42.0	18.6	4.2	100	1,002
Education of household head	Still in school	8.1	15.2	3.1	2.9	5.8	50.9	46.3	6.8	100	56
	Not completed	71.2	3.6	3.8	-	12.0	18.5	16.7	4.1	100	51
	Elementary	37.9	22.3	2.3	1.1	28.3	23.1	21.5	17.0	100	111
	Preparatory	43.3	23.0	3.7	0.4	19.2	24.4	32.8	3.5	100	149
	Basic	51.7	2.0	-	-	21.5	32.7	31.3	7.8	100	19
	Vocational training	77.8	5.8	-	-	75.8	66.0	8.3	3.7	100	10
	Secondary	41.6	15.5	8.0	2.2	6.9	40.4	26.0	4.1	100	181
	Intermediate diploma	34.8	33.2	7.3	3.1	9.0	45.5	21.3	7.5	100	203
Batchelor +	41.1	28.1	6.4	7.6	5.4	50.2	18.9	1.2	100	775	
Employment status of household head	Employed	59.1	43.8	4.6	4.9	6.5	29.7	10.3	2.8	100	803
	Unemployed	37.8	2.2	2.9	2.8	28.7	51.9	30.4	2.5	100	107
	Out of workforce	16.8	2.0	6.9	3.9	14.7	56.0	37.0	7.1	100	683
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	43.9	13.1	2.8	1.0	13.7	38.0	30.2	3.5	100	645
	Not registered with UNHCR	33.9	35.2	7.2	7.4	7.8	49.1	17.7	4.9	100	827
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	40.9	31.6	5.4	6.2	9.7	47.3	15.9	2.2	100	792
	Not valid permit	32.9	19.2	3.3	2.0	12.2	39.5	34.6	7.3	100	530

n=All households

1.21 Investments in Jordan

		Investments in Jordan			
		Jordanian investments	No investments in Jordan	Total	
				Total	Sample size
Total		22.5	77.5	100	1,690
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	16.8	83.2	100	306
	Low wealth	8.5	91.5	100	287
	Middle wealth	12.8	87.2	100	243
	High wealth	17.9	82.1	100	231
	Highest wealth	39.2	60.8	100	623
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	20.1	79.9	100	425
	2003	37.0	63.0	100	130
	2004	35.9	64.1	100	193
	2005	28.1	71.9	100	296
	2006	17.4	82.6	100	465
	2007	4.6	95.4	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	25.4	74.6	100	949
	Shia	31.6	68.4	100	273
	Catholic	10.0	90.0	100	179
	Orthodox	8.9	91.1	100	73
	Protestant	-	100.0	100	3
	Nasatra	-	100.0	100	6
	Sabeen	2.2	97.8	100	60
	Yezidis	-	100.0	100	1
	Others or not stated	14.0	86.0	100	29
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	11.4	88.6	100	289
	Male hh-head	25.1	74.9	100	1,400
Children in the household	No children in the household	18.8	81.2	100	619
	Children in the household	24.9	75.1	100	1,070
Education of household head	Still in school	11.2	88.8	100	59
	Not completed	3.5	96.5	100	52
	Elementary	20.4	79.6	100	121
	Preparatory	18.1	81.9	100	158
	Basic	2.0	98.0	100	19
	Vocational training	-	100.0	100	10
	Secondary	12.7	87.3	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	31.1	68.9	100	215
Batchelor +	27.1	72.9	100	823	
Employment status of household head	Employed	42.2	57.8	100	807
	Unemployed	1.6	98.4	100	126
	Out of workforce	2.1	97.9	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	11.0	89.0	100	690
	Not registered with UNHCR	33.6	66.4	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	30.3	69.7	100	831
	Not valid permit	16.3	83.7	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.22 Investments outside Jordan

		Investments in a third country			
		Investments outside of Jordan	No investments outside of Jordan	Total	Sample size
Total		15.1	84.9	100	1,689
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	2.5	97.5	100	306
	Low wealth	3.1	96.9	100	287
	Middle wealth	15.4	84.6	100	242
	High wealth	19.4	80.6	100	230
	Highest wealth	28.2	71.8	100	624
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	11.1	88.9	100	425
	2003	21.6	78.4	100	131
	2004	9.7	90.3	100	193
	2005	21.5	78.5	100	294
	2006	21.6	78.4	100	465
	2007	10.1	89.9	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	18.6	81.4	100	947
	Shia	14.4	85.6	100	273
	Catholic	13.8	86.2	100	180
	Orthodox	4.6	95.4	100	73
	Protestant	-	100.0	100	3
	Nasatra	-	100.0	100	6
	Sabeen	3.8	96.2	100	60
	Yezidis	-	100.0	100	1
Others or not stated	7.4	92.6	100	29	
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	7.2	92.8	100	289
	Male hh-head	17.0	83.0	100	1,399
Children in the household	No children in the household	12.4	87.6	100	619
	Children in the household	16.8	83.2	100	1,069
Education of household head	Still in school	11.9	88.1	100	59
	Not completed	1.9	98.1	100	52
	Elementary	3.3	96.7	100	121
	Preparatory	9.6	90.4	100	158
	Basic	22.4	77.6	100	19
	Vocational training	-	100.0	100	10
	Secondary	12.7	87.3	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	19.6	80.4	100	214
Batchelor +	20.5	79.5	100	823	
Employment status of household head	Employed	16.7	83.3	100	807
	Unemployed	10.5	89.5	100	125
	Out of workforce	13.8	86.2	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	7.0	93.0	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	23.7	76.3	100	872
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	21.5	78.5	100	830
	Not valid permit	8.6	91.4	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.23 Investments in Iraq

		Investments in Iraq			
		No		Total	Sample size
		Investments in Iraq	investments in Iraq		
Total		13.5	86.5	100	1,691
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	2.2	97.8	100	306
	Low wealth	2.6	97.4	100	287
	Middle wealth	15.1	84.9	100	243
	High wealth	17.6	82.4	100	231
	Highest wealth	24.8	75.2	100	624
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	8.9	91.1	100	425
	2003	19.9	80.1	100	131
	2004	9.0	91.0	100	193
	2005	19.5	80.5	100	296
	2006	20.2	79.8	100	465
	2007	9.1	90.9	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	16.7	83.3	100	949
	Shia	13.5	86.5	100	273
	Catholic	10.7	89.3	100	180
	Orthodox	4.6	95.4	100	73
	Protestant	-	100.0	100	3
	Nasatra	-	100.0	100	6
	Sabeen	3.8	96.2	100	60
	Yezidis	-	100.0	100	1
	Others or not stated	7.4	92.6	100	29
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	6.5	93.5	100	289
	Male hh-head	15.2	84.8	100	1,401
Children in the household	No children in the household	11.5	88.5	100	619
	Children in the household	14.8	85.2	100	1,071
Education of household head	Still in school	11.0	89.0	100	59
	Not completed	0.9	99.1	100	52
	Elementary	3.0	97.0	100	121
	Preparatory	9.0	91.0	100	158
	Basic	2.0	98.0	100	19
	Vocational training	-	100.0	100	10
	Secondary	12.6	87.4	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	16.9	83.1	100	215
	Batchelor +	18.9	81.1	100	824
Employment status of household head	Employed	15.0	85.0	100	808
	Unemployed	10.5	89.5	100	126
	Out of workforce	12.2	87.8	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	6.5	93.5	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	21.0	79.0	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	19.0	81.0	100	832
	Not valid permit	7.8	92.2	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

1.24 Economic situation compared to 2002

		Household's economic situation compared to 2002					Total	Sample size
		Much better	Better	The same	Worse	Much worse		
Total		4.8	13.6	18.9	38.7	24.0	100	1,687
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	4.8	9.9	9.9	45.8	29.6	100	306
	Low wealth	1.2	12.5	22.7	36.4	27.1	100	287
	Middle wealth	5.7	10.6	14.8	41.6	27.2	100	242
	High wealth	4.0	14.8	15.3	41.4	24.6	100	231
	Highest wealth	6.8	17.4	25.0	33.5	17.4	100	621
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	4.9	11.8	25.5	36.8	21.0	100	425
	2003	9.7	7.2	21.9	41.3	20.0	100	131
	2004	0.5	26.0	9.8	43.9	19.8	100	193
	2005	6.8	13.5	14.5	38.2	27.0	100	295
	2006	5.7	11.9	14.8	38.7	28.9	100	464
	2007	0.5	4.1	26.9	38.5	30.1	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	4.9	11.8	19.1	38.5	25.7	100	949
	Shia	4.7	22.4	16.2	42.7	14.1	100	272
	Catholic	3.3	11.4	26.6	33.0	25.8	100	179
	Orthodox	14.7	7.1	13.9	43.9	20.4	100	73
	Protestant	-	36.6	18.6	44.8	-	100	3
	Nasatra	-	-	-	14.1	85.9	100	6
	Sabeian	2.8	4.5	9.5	32.1	51.1	100	60
	Yezidis	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	1
	Others or not stated	-	15.9	13.4	49.2	21.5	100	29
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	9.5	9.4	18.1	39.6	23.4	100	288
	Male hh-head	3.6	14.7	19.1	38.4	24.2	100	1,398
Children in the household	No children in the household	5.8	15.9	21.0	37.2	20.1	100	619
	Children in the household	4.1	12.1	17.4	39.7	26.7	100	1,067
Education of household head	Still in school	15.4	18.4	22.3	38.1	5.8	100	59
	Not completed	1.6	16.5	13.1	50.3	18.4	100	52
	Elementary	6.6	11.2	16.0	42.2	24.0	100	121
	Preparatory	7.7	18.9	11.1	35.0	27.2	100	158
	Basic	20.4	10.0	30.5	15.1	24.0	100	19
	Vocational training	-	9.0	3.7	72.7	14.6	100	10
	Secondary	1.5	16.7	15.8	43.6	22.4	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	4.0	12.1	14.4	40.6	28.9	100	214
Batchelor +	3.3	13.0	24.1	35.1	24.5	100	821	
Employment status of household head	Employed	3.8	16.4	22.7	40.1	17.1	100	806
	Unemployed	8.9	3.1	10.0	32.8	45.1	100	126
	Out of workforce	5.2	12.2	15.8	38.0	28.7	100	754
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	3.9	12.4	12.2	40.1	31.3	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	5.8	14.3	22.5	38.3	19.1	100	871
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	6.6	14.3	23.2	36.6	19.4	100	831
	Not valid permit	2.7	12.8	11.7	41.3	31.4	100	561

n=all Iraqi households

1.25 Lifesatisfaction

		Life satisfaction			Total	Sample size
		Dissatisfied	Content	Satisfied		
Total		27.2	47.3	25.5	100	1,691
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	50.4	42.5	7.1	100	306
	Low wealth	34.9	53.8	11.2	100	287
	Middle wealth	24.8	48.3	26.9	100	243
	High wealth	23.8	50.2	26.0	100	231
	Highest wealth	10.3	45.3	44.4	100	624
Compared to 2002, how has your household's economic situation changed?	Much better	12.4	30.2	57.4	100	62
	Better	16.8	45.7	37.5	100	244
	The same	6.5	56.0	37.5	100	344
	Worse	32.3	48.4	19.3	100	600
	Much worse	44.5	43.1	12.4	100	437
Generally, do you think that most people can be trusted?	Yes, most people can be trusted	22.4	39.1	38.5	100	372
	Yes, some but not all can be trusted	25.3	51.3	23.4	100	699
	No, only a few people can be trusted	28.3	51.9	19.9	100	484
	No, generally people cannot be trusted	48.3	34.6	17.1	100	136
Arrival of household head in Jordan	Before 2003	28.4	45.4	26.2	100	425
	2003	26.2	46.4	27.4	100	131
	2004	42.5	40.2	17.3	100	193
	2005	21.4	51.3	27.3	100	296
	2006	23.4	51.0	25.6	100	465
	2007	22.1	46.1	31.8	100	64
Religious affiliation of household head	Sunni	24.2	47.5	28.3	100	949
	Shia	37.5	42.0	20.5	100	273
	Catholic	25.6	48.4	26.0	100	180
	Orthodox	19.4	65.4	15.2	100	73
	Protestant	-	36.6	63.4	100	3
	Nasatra	49.5	50.5	-	100	6
	Sabeen	47.0	46.7	6.3	100	60
	Yezidis	100.0	-	-	100	1
	Others or not stated	33.5	41.5	25.0	100	29
Gender of household head	Female hh-head	30.5	46.8	22.6	100	289
	Male hh-head	26.4	47.5	26.1	100	1,401
Children in the household	No children in the household	34.0	41.3	24.7	100	619
	Children in the household	22.7	51.3	26.0	100	1,071
Education of household head	Still in school	11.5	52.1	36.4	100	59
	Not completed	15.4	76.4	8.2	100	52
	Elementary	47.4	38.5	14.1	100	121
	Preparatory	40.7	42.0	17.4	100	158
	Basic	20.4	49.8	29.8	100	19
	Vocational training	21.4	71.0	7.6	100	10
	Secondary	33.0	47.4	19.7	100	192
	Intermediate diploma	39.3	40.5	20.1	100	215
	Batchelor +	16.4	48.9	34.6	100	824
Employment status of household head	Employed	25.6	47.1	27.3	100	808
	Unemployed	35.1	48.4	16.5	100	126
	Out of workforce	27.8	47.5	24.8	100	756
Registration of household head with	Registered with UNHCR	40.4	47.0	12.6	100	691
	Not registered with UNHCR	17.2	48.3	34.5	100	873
Status of household head's permit	Valid permit	14.2	50.7	35.1	100	832
	Not valid permit	48.0	41.7	10.2	100	562

n=all Iraqi households

2.1 Gender

		Gender			Total	Sample size
		Male	Female	Total		
Total		44.5	55.5	100		6,638
Age groups	Less than 6	51.3	48.7	100		809
	6-14 years	50.7	49.3	100		1,171
	15-24 years	46.9	53.1	100		1,234
	25-64 years	39.9	60.1	100		3,094
	65 and older	50.4	49.6	100		330
Religious affiliation	Sunni	43.9	56.1	100		4,121
	Shia	46.4	53.6	100		1,099
	Catholic	45.3	54.7	100		726
	Orthodox	40.7	59.3	100		282
	Protestant	63.3	36.7	100		11
	Nasatra	25.9	74.1	100		25
	Sabeen	49.6	50.4	100		269
	Yezidis	62.5	37.5	100		8
	Others or not stated	54.0	46.0	100		97
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	38.5	61.5	100		986
	Low wealth	47.2	52.8	100		1,022
	Middle wealth	46.7	53.3	100		913
	High wealth	42.4	57.6	100		960
	Highest wealth	46.4	53.6	100		2,757
Education	Still in school	50.0	50.0	100		1,759
	Not completed	49.8	50.2	100		805
	Elementary	42.7	57.3	100		428
	Preparatory	41.2	58.8	100		457
	Basic	36.8	63.2	100		119
	Vocational training	62.1	37.9	100		15
	Secondary	34.1	65.9	100		552
	Intermediate diploma	45.4	54.6	100		469
	Batchelor +	49.0	51.0	100		1,674
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	45.7	54.3	100		1,362
	2003	25.6	74.4	100		532
	2004	51.1	48.9	100		860
	2005	48.3	51.7	100		1,319
	2006	46.9	53.1	100		2,226
	2007	42.3	57.7	100		337
Place of residence	Not in Amman	33.7	66.3	100		331
	In Amman	47.9	52.1	100		6,307
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	41.9	58.1	100		2,879
	Valid permit	46.6	53.4	100		3,759
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	51.1	48.9	100		2,807
	Not registered with UNHCR	40.3	59.7	100		3,786

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.2 Age group

		Age groups					Total	Sample size
		Less than 6	6-14 years	15-24 years	25-64 years	65 and older	Total	Sample size
Total		11.7	14.9	17.6	51.6	4.1	100	6,638
Gender	Male	13.5	17.0	18.5	46.3	4.6	100	3,258
	Female	10.3	13.3	16.9	55.9	3.7	100	3,380
Religious affiliation	Sunni	12.9	15.1	18.0	50.2	3.8	100	4,121
	Shia	9.5	13.2	16.0	58.0	3.3	100	1,099
	Catholic	9.6	17.1	14.1	52.3	6.9	100	726
	Orthodox	4.9	11.0	27.2	49.1	7.8	100	282
	Protestant	-	42.1	21.2	36.7	-	100	11
	Nasatra	2.4	17.2	14.1	49.2	17.1	100	25
	Sabeian	14.1	18.9	15.8	50.0	1.2	100	269
	Yezidis	-	75.0	-	25.0	-	100	8
	Others or not stated	10.8	12.4	19.7	53.3	3.8	100	97
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	9.6	15.1	10.3	62.8	2.2	100	986
	Low wealth	19.7	14.0	13.5	50.3	2.6	100	1,022
	Middle wealth	11.2	16.2	17.7	49.3	5.6	100	913
	High wealth	11.1	17.2	15.1	50.6	6.0	100	960
	Highest wealth	9.9	14.1	23.6	47.8	4.6	100	2,757
Education	Still in school	6.9	50.4	38.7	4.1	-	100	1,759
	Not completed	67.3	11.5	4.2	15.2	1.7	100	805
	Elementary	-	12.2	20.3	60.9	6.5	100	428
	Preparatory	-	1.3	19.9	74.6	4.2	100	457
	Basic	-	-	63.6	34.3	2.1	100	119
	Vocational training	-	-	6.7	93.3	-	100	15
	Secondary	-	-	20.3	75.1	4.7	100	552
	Intermediate diploma	-	-	3.2	89.2	7.6	100	469
	Batchelor +	-	-	8.1	85.3	6.6	100	1,674
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	4.5	14.0	18.5	57.9	5.1	100	1,362
	2003	5.6	9.8	9.3	73.0	2.3	100	532
	2004	12.5	17.7	17.9	48.2	3.8	100	860
	2005	15.2	17.3	15.5	48.6	3.4	100	1,319
	2006	15.4	16.4	21.8	43.1	3.4	100	2,226
	2007	23.5	8.6	12.2	44.1	11.6	100	337
Place of residence	Not in Amman	13.1	11.7	8.9	64.9	1.3	100	331
	In Amman	11.3	15.9	20.3	47.5	5.0	100	6,307
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	13.3	15.0	12.8	55.6	3.4	100	2,879
	Valid permit	10.6	14.9	21.3	48.6	4.6	100	3,759
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	10.7	18.6	17.6	50.2	2.9	100	2,807
	Not registered with UNHCR	12.0	12.8	17.4	52.9	4.9	100	3,786

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.3 Nationality and citizenship

		Citizenship						Total	
		Iraqi	Jordanian	Syrian	Egyptian	Other Arab	Other	Total	Sample size
Total		2.5	92.2	0.6	1.4	2.6	0.6	100	16,016
Nationality/origin	Iraqi	86.4	12.8	-	0.3	0.1	0.4	100	6,638
	Jordanian	0.0	99.9	0.1	-	-	0.0	100	5,104
	Syrian	0.0	48.3	51.7	-	-	-	100	136
	Egyptian	-	2.5	-	97.5	-	-	100	274
	Other Arab	0.0	92.9	0.0	0.0	7.0	0.0	100	3,599
	Other	0.4	30.3	-	-	2.9	66.4	100	264

n=all respondents

2.4 Additional citizenship

		Additional citizenship			Total Sample size
		Has other citizenship	No other citizenship	Total	
Total		6.4	93.6	100	6,638
What is [...]s gender?	Male	1.7	98.3	100	3,258
	Female	10.2	89.8	100	3,380
Religious affiliation	Sunni	8.7	91.3	100	4,121
	Shia	1.6	98.4	100	1,099
	Catholic	1.0	99.0	100	726
	Orthodox	2.1	97.9	100	282
	Protestant	-	100.0	100	11
	Nasatra	-	100.0	100	25
	Sabeen	-	100.0	100	269
	Yezidis	-	100.0	100	8
	Others or not stated	11.3	88.7	100	97
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	21.8	78.2	100	986
	Low wealth	1.4	98.6	100	1,022
	Middle wealth	1.2	98.8	100	913
	High wealth	1.4	98.6	100	960
	Highest wealth	4.2	95.8	100	2,757
Education	Still in school	3.0	97.0	100	1,759
	Not completed	1.6	98.4	100	805
	Elementary	4.4	95.6	100	428
	Preparatory	1.7	98.3	100	457
	Basic	2.6	97.4	100	119
	Vocational training	-	100.0	100	15
	Secondary	1.6	98.4	100	552
	Intermediate diploma	0.4	99.6	100	469
	Batchelor +	3.0	97.0	100	1,674
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	5.0	95.0	100	1,362
	2003	34.8	65.2	100	532
	2004	1.9	98.1	100	860
	2005	3.4	96.6	100	1,319
	2006	1.0	99.0	100	2,226
	2007	0.1	99.9	100	337
Place of residence	Not in Amman	18.8	81.2	100	331
	In Amman	2.6	97.4	100	6,307
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	10.7	89.3	100	2,879
	Valid permit	3.1	96.9	100	3,759
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	0.3	99.7	100	2,807
	Not registered with UNHCR	10.1	89.9	100	3,786

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.5 Religion

		Religion			Total	Sample size
		Moslem	Christian	Other		
Total		84.8	12.7	2.5	100	6,639
Gender	Male	84.7	12.5	2.8	100	3,258
	Female	84.9	12.9	2.2	100	3,381
Age groups	Less than 6	88.1	8.8	3.1	100	809
	6-14 years	83.6	13.3	3.2	100	1,171
	15-24 years	84.9	13.0	2.1	100	1,234
	25-64 years	85.1	12.6	2.4	100	3,094
	65 and older	76.1	23.1	0.7	100	331
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	83.2	9.6	7.2	100	987
	Low wealth	74.5	21.9	3.6	100	1,022
	Middle wealth	72.3	24.6	3.1	100	913
	High wealth	88.6	10.9	0.6	100	960
	Highest wealth	92.4	7.5	0.1	100	2,757
Education	Still in school	90.1	9.5	0.4	100	1,759
	Not completed	83.1	11.1	5.8	100	805
	Elementary	70.9	24.4	4.7	100	428
	Preparatory	68.5	26.8	4.7	100	457
	Basic	72.4	23.0	4.6	100	119
	Vocational training	85.7	12.1	2.2	100	15
	Secondary	80.0	18.1	1.9	100	552
	Intermediate diploma	82.3	13.4	4.3	100	469
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	86.9	12.9	0.2	100	1,362
	2003	94.3	5.0	0.7	100	532
	2004	79.6	15.7	4.6	100	860
	2005	76.5	15.3	8.2	100	1,320
	2006	85.7	13.3	1.0	100	2,226
	2007	84.1	11.9	4.0	100	337
Place of residence	Not in Amman	88.5	11.5	-	100	331
	In Amman	83.6	13.1	3.2	100	6,308
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	77.5	18.4	4.1	100	2,880
	Valid permit	90.5	8.4	1.2	100	3,759
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	71.2	23.3	5.6	100	2,807
	Not registered with UNHCR	92.5	6.8	0.7	100	3,787

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.6 Religious affiliation

		Religious affiliation									Total	Sample size
		Sunni	Shia	Catholic	Orthodox	Protestant	Nasatra	Sabeen	Yezidis	Others or not stated	Total	Sample size
Total		67.5	16.5	8.2	3.6	0.1	0.4	2.5	0.0	1.1	100	6,639
Gender	Male	66.6	17.2	8.3	3.3	0.1	0.2	2.8	0.1	1.4	100	3,258
	Female	68.2	16.0	8.0	3.9	0.1	0.5	2.3	0.0	0.9	100	3,381
Age groups	Less than 6	74.3	13.4	6.7	1.5	-	0.1	3.0	-	1.0	100	809
	6-14 years	68.3	14.6	9.3	2.7	0.3	0.5	3.2	0.2	0.9	100	1,171
	15-24 years	68.9	15.0	6.5	5.6	0.1	0.3	2.3	-	1.3	100	1,234
	25-64 years	65.6	18.6	8.3	3.5	0.1	0.4	2.4	0.0	1.2	100	3,094
	65 and older	62.6	13.3	13.6	7.0	-	1.7	0.7	-	1.0	100	331
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	66.0	16.3	5.0	3.9	-	0.1	7.5	0.2	1.0	100	987
	Low wealth	61.3	12.9	14.0	4.1	0.1	2.0	3.6	-	1.9	100	1,022
	Middle wealth	64.2	7.2	14.2	9.7	-	0.5	3.1	-	1.1	100	913
	High wealth	61.0	27.0	9.6	1.3	-	-	0.6	-	0.6	100	960
	Highest wealth	73.8	17.6	5.0	2.2	0.2	-	0.1	-	1.1	100	2,757
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	70.2	15.6	7.9	3.7	0.2	0.2	0.4	-	1.7	100	1,362
	2003	64.7	28.6	3.0	1.8	-	0.1	0.7	-	1.1	100	532
	2004	62.8	15.3	10.8	4.0	-	-	4.9	-	2.2	100	860
	2005	61.1	14.8	10.8	3.1	0.3	0.7	8.1	-	1.1	100	1,320
	2006	70.3	15.1	7.9	4.6	-	0.7	1.0	0.1	0.3	100	2,226
	2007	74.3	8.8	9.1	2.7	-	-	4.0	-	1.0	100	337
Education	Still in school	74.9	14.0	5.6	3.5	0.2	-	0.5	-	1.3	100	1,759
	Not completed	66.6	16.1	8.0	1.9	-	0.5	5.7	0.1	1.0	100	805
	Elementary	45.2	24.6	13.2	8.0	-	1.9	4.9	0.1	1.9	100	428
	Preparatory	48.8	18.6	18.8	6.1	-	1.3	4.6	0.1	1.7	100	457
	Basic	56.0	16.3	19.1	2.5	-	0.7	5.1	0.3	-	100	119
	Vocational training	81.7	4.0	8.2	4.4	-	-	1.7	-	-	100	15
	Secondary	64.5	15.1	11.1	6.2	-	0.1	2.1	-	0.9	100	552
	Intermediate diploma	65.1	16.9	8.5	4.0	-	0.6	4.5	-	0.4	100	469
	Batchelor +	69.5	19.7	5.8	2.2	0.1	0.0	1.6	-	1.1	100	1,674
Place of residence	Not in Amman	69.5	19.0	5.1	5.6	0.2	-	-	-	0.6	100	331
	In Amman	66.9	15.7	9.1	3.0	0.1	0.5	3.3	0.1	1.3	100	6,308
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	59.7	17.3	12.2	4.3	0.0	0.9	4.3	0.1	1.2	100	2,880
	Valid permit	73.5	15.9	5.0	3.1	0.1	-	1.2	-	1.1	100	3,759
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	53.0	17.2	15.0	6.0	0.1	1.1	5.8	0.1	1.7	100	2,807
	Not registered with UNHCR	75.4	16.4	4.3	2.3	0.1	-	0.7	-	0.8	100	3,787

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.7 Ethnicity

		Ethnicity								Total	Sample size
		Arab	Kurd	Turkoman	Assyriani	Armenian	Kildani	Ashurian	Other	Total	Sample size
Total		86.5	2.6	1.1	0.9	0.5	4.9	3.3	0.1	100	6,639
Gender	Male	87.1	1.8	1.6	1.0	0.5	4.9	3.0	0.1	100	3,258
	Female	86.1	3.2	0.8	0.9	0.6	4.9	3.5	0.1	100	3,381
Age groups	Less than 6	88.8	3.8	0.9	0.8	0.1	4.3	1.2	0.1	100	809
	6-14 years	83.0	6.0	0.5	1.5	0.3	6.6	2.0	0.2	100	1,171
	15-24 years	84.4	2.3	2.5	1.0	0.8	3.6	5.2	0.1	100	1,234
	25-64 years	88.1	1.4	0.9	0.8	0.6	4.9	3.1	0.1	100	3,094
	65 and older	82.4	2.2	1.1	-	1.1	5.9	7.3	-	100	331
Religious affiliation	Sunni	95.1	3.3	1.5	-	-	-	-	0.0	100	4,122
	Shia	98.1	1.6	0.2	-	-	-	0.0	-	100	1,099
	Catholic	29.3	0.4	0.9	4.0	1.1	58.0	6.4	-	100	726
	Orthodox	17.3	-	-	15.7	12.1	0.4	54.6	-	100	282
	Protestant	51.9	-	-	-	-	-	48.1	-	100	11
	Nasatra	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	25
	Sabeen	90.3	-	-	1.4	-	-	4.6	3.7	100	269
	Yezidis	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	8
	Others or not stated	67.3	-	-	-	1.0	15.6	16.0	-	100	97
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	85.3	5.7	0.4	0.6	0.0	3.3	4.5	0.0	100	987
	Low wealth	76.3	1.8	3.8	1.8	0.8	9.5	5.3	0.6	100	1,022
	Middle wealth	77.1	1.1	0.1	0.7	0.7	10.7	9.5	-	100	913
	High wealth	89.7	1.0	1.1	0.8	1.1	4.9	1.4	-	100	960
	Highest wealth	93.1	2.3	0.8	0.8	0.4	2.1	0.5	-	100	2,757
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	84.9	1.9	2.9	0.2	0.7	5.2	4.2	0.0	100	1,362
	2003	95.6	1.2	0.1	0.1	-	1.7	1.0	0.4	100	532
	2004	87.4	0.8	-	0.8	0.6	8.3	2.1	-	100	860
	2005	82.2	3.2	1.5	0.9	0.2	7.3	4.7	-	100	1,320
	2006	85.8	3.9	0.6	1.7	0.6	3.8	3.7	-	100	2,226
	2007	88.1	3.0	1.0	1.9	1.8	3.2	-	1.0	100	337
Education	Still in school	87.8	3.9	1.3	1.1	0.3	3.3	2.1	-	100	1,759
	Not completed	88.0	2.2	1.0	0.9	0.4	5.2	2.0	0.3	100	805
	Elementary	74.5	4.3	-	0.6	1.0	9.4	9.9	0.2	100	428
	Preparatory	75.5	1.6	0.3	0.2	1.0	13.4	7.4	0.5	100	457
	Basic	76.6	3.1	-	0.7	0.6	13.8	5.2	-	100	119
	Vocational training	88.6	-	-	-	3.6	7.7	-	-	100	15
	Secondary	82.7	2.1	0.7	1.7	0.5	6.9	5.5	0.1	100	552
	Intermediate diploma	87.1	3.9	0.5	2.2	0.3	4.2	1.9	-	100	469
	Batchelor +	91.9	1.2	2.3	0.7	0.6	2.0	1.4	0.0	100	1,674
Place of residence	Not in Amman	83.4	3.8	2.5	1.3	0.3	4.2	4.5	-	100	331
	In Amman	87.5	2.2	0.7	0.8	0.6	5.2	2.9	0.1	100	6,308
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	80.5	3.8	0.5	1.3	0.7	8.4	4.8	0.0	100	2,880
	Valid permit	91.2	1.6	1.6	0.7	0.4	2.2	2.1	0.2	100	3,759
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	74.7	3.9	2.3	2.0	0.9	10.0	6.3	-	100	2,807
	Not registered with UNHCR	93.2	1.9	0.5	0.3	0.4	2.1	1.5	0.2	100	3,787

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.8 Last place of residence in Iraq

		Last place of permanent residence in Iraq																	Never lived	Don't					
		Baghdad	Basrah	Ninawa	Suleimaneya	Thi Qar	Erbil	Dahuk	Al tamim	Salahdin	Al anbar	Diyala	Karbala	Babil	Wasit	Najaf	Quadiysia	Muthanna	Misan	in Iraq	know	Total	Total	Sample size	
Total		76.4	6.8	2.0	0.0	0.7	0.1	0.0	0.8	0.8	3.1	1.2	0.3	0.9	0.0	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.0	5.2	0.0	100	6,639		
Gender	Male	78.0	3.7	2.2	-	0.7	-	-	0.6	1.1	3.1	1.1	0.2	1.4	0.1	0.5	1.1	0.5	0.0	5.5	-	100	3,258		
	Female	75.1	9.3	1.9	0.0	0.7	0.2	0.1	1.0	0.6	3.1	1.3	0.3	0.6	-	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.0	4.8	0.0	100	3,381		
Age groups	Less than 6	55.2	0.9	1.8	-	0.6	-	-	0.3	1.4	4.7	2.0	-	0.2	-	-	0.4	-	-	32.5	-	100	809		
	6-14 years	75.4	1.9	2.4	-	0.5	-	-	0.9	1.4	8.0	1.7	0.4	0.6	-	0.7	0.3	-	0.1	5.7	-	100	1,171		
	15-24 years	85.5	2.6	1.9	0.0	0.6	0.6	0.1	1.1	0.5	2.1	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.0	-	1.8	0.4	0.0	0.9	-	100	1,234		
	25-64 years	77.3	11.4	2.0	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.7	1.8	1.3	0.2	1.3	0.1	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.0	100	3,094		
	65 and older	90.1	2.1	2.2	-	0.5	-	-	1.3	0.2	0.8	-	-	0.3	-	-	-	2.5	-	-	-	-	100	331	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	75.6	8.2	1.4	0.0	0.3	0.2	-	0.2	1.1	4.1	1.6	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.9	0.2	-	5.8	0.0	100	4,122		
	Shia	75.4	5.4	0.3	-	2.5	-	-	-	0.4	0.3	0.5	1.4	4.0	0.2	2.3	0.8	1.3	-	5.0	-	100	1,099		
	Catholic	87.1	0.7	8.5	-	-	-	0.2	1.2	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.0	-	100	726		
	Orthodox	83.1	0.3	8.1	-	-	-	0.6	7.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.6	-	100	282		
	Protestant	78.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	11	
	Nasatra	43.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	54.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	25	
	Sabeen	67.9	8.2	-	-	3.7	-	-	2.8	-	10.7	3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	1.9	-	100	269	
	Yezidis	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	8	
	Others or not stated	68.9	11.4	2.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.9	-	-	-	0.9	-	-	-	-	100	97	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	44.3	28.0	2.1	0.0	2.0	-	0.1	1.3	0.3	6.0	3.6	0.5	3.1	0.1	1.8	1.1	1.2	0.1	4.5	0.0	100	987		
	Low wealth	70.8	3.9	3.2	-	1.5	0.1	-	1.9	0.4	3.2	3.0	-	1.1	-	0.4	0.1	1.0	0.1	9.1	-	100	1,022		
	Middle wealth	86.7	1.0	1.4	-	0.1	-	0.2	0.8	1.8	1.5	-	-	0.3	-	0.2	0.3	-	-	5.7	-	100	913		
	High wealth	85.8	1.1	2.6	0.0	-	0.1	-	0.6	0.7	6.3	-	0.5	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	-	100	960		
	Highest wealth	88.3	1.2	1.5	-	0.1	0.2	-	0.2	1.0	1.0	0.1	0.3	0.2	-	-	1.2	-	-	4.6	-	100	2,757		
Education	Still in school	81.2	1.6	1.9	0.0	0.1	0.4	-	0.3	1.3	4.3	1.2	0.4	0.5	-	0.4	0.8	-	-	5.7	-	100	1,759		
	Not completed	57.2	2.9	1.8	-	0.8	-	-	1.1	1.3	4.6	1.2	-	1.4	-	0.1	1.5	0.4	0.1	25.6	0.1	100	805		
	Elementary	64.8	4.7	3.0	-	2.4	-	-	2.4	0.4	6.7	4.9	0.4	5.7	0.2	-	1.0	2.3	0.2	1.1	-	100	428		
	Preparatory	79.4	8.4	3.1	-	1.4	-	0.4	2.2	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.5	1.0	0.2	0.6	0.2	-	-	0.3	-	100	457		
	Basic	79.6	1.0	6.9	-	0.2	-	-	-	2.2	2.6	-	0.8	1.3	-	-	5.4	-	-	-	-	-	100	119	
	Vocational training	92.6	3.4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.9	-	2.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	15	
	Secondary	86.4	3.7	1.7	0.0	1.0	0.1	-	1.1	0.5	2.4	0.2	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.1	1.1	0.2	0.0	1.1	-	100	552		
	Intermediate diploma	76.9	6.8	3.2	-	0.4	-	-	1.5	0.6	6.3	0.9	0.6	0.5	-	2.1	-	0.0	-	0.1	-	100	469		
Batchelor +	93.2	1.8	1.5	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.3	0.4	1.0	0.2	0.3	-	0.2	0.1	-	0.0	0.5	-	100	1,674			
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	71.7	6.7	3.3	0.0	0.9	0.0	-	1.1	0.2	1.4	2.0	1.2	0.9	-	1.1	0.3	1.2	-	8.0	0.0	100	1,362		
	2003	59.8	33.4	0.9	-	0.0	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	-	1.6	-	0.9	-	0.2	-	2.9	-	100	532		
	2004	68.7	3.9	2.7	-	2.8	-	-	0.7	3.0	5.0	0.2	0.1	2.6	0.2	0.1	4.9	0.1	-	4.9	-	100	860		
	2005	82.6	1.3	2.5	-	0.6	0.6	-	1.0	0.3	4.1	0.4	-	1.2	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	4.5	-	100	1,320		
	2006	84.4	1.5	1.3	0.0	0.0	-	0.1	1.0	1.0	4.6	2.1	-	0.0	-	0.0	0.2	0.1	-	3.5	-	100	2,226		
2007	84.5	1.5	0.1	-	1.3	0.3	-	-	0.9	0.6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10.8	-	100	337			
Place of residence	Not in Amman	56.9	20.8	0.9	-	1.2	0.0	0.1	0.8	0.1	4.6	1.7	0.1	1.8	-	1.2	0.1	0.7	-	8.9	-	100	331		
	In Amman	82.5	2.5	2.4	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.8	1.1	2.6	1.1	0.3	0.7	0.0	0.2	0.9	0.3	0.0	4.0	0.0	100	6,308		
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	65.6	12.1	2.4	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.1	1.7	0.8	3.8	2.5	0.2	1.5	0.1	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.0	5.7	0.0	100	2,880		
	Valid permit	84.7	2.7	1.7	0.0	0.3	0.2	-	0.1	0.8	2.5	0.3	0.3	0.5	-	0.2	0.9	-	0.0	4.7	-	100	3,759		
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	74.9	5.5	2.4	-	1.7	-	-	1.9	0.2	3.6	2.3	0.4	2.1	0.1	1.0	0.5	0.1	0.1	2.9	0.0	100	2,807		
	Not registered with UNHCR	77.4	7.7	1.7	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	1.2	2.6	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.8	0.6	-	6.2	-	100	3,787		

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.9 Residing in Jordan since...?

		Residing in Jordan since...						Total	Sample size
		Before 2003	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		
Total		23.1	12.1	11.7	15.4	32.8	4.9	100	6,637
Gender	Male	23.7	7.0	13.4	16.7	34.6	4.6	100	3,256
	Female	22.6	16.3	10.3	14.3	31.4	5.1	100	3,381
Age groups	Less than 6	8.9	5.8	12.5	19.9	43.1	9.8	100	809
	6-14 years	21.6	7.9	13.8	17.9	35.9	2.8	100	1,171
	15-24 years	24.3	6.4	11.9	13.5	40.5	3.4	100	1,233
	25-64 years	25.9	17.1	10.9	14.5	27.3	4.2	100	3,093
	65 and older	28.9	6.9	10.7	12.7	27.0	13.8	100	331
Religious affiliation	Sunni	24.0	11.6	10.9	13.9	34.2	5.4	100	4,120
	Shia	21.9	21.0	10.8	13.8	29.9	2.6	100	1,099
	Catholic	22.5	4.5	15.5	20.4	31.6	5.5	100	726
	Orthodox	23.6	6.0	12.9	12.9	41.1	3.6	100	282
	Protestant	48.1	-	-	51.9	-	-	100	11
	Nasatra	14.1	2.9	-	28.3	54.7	-	100	25
	Sabeen	3.5	3.2	22.7	49.3	13.6	7.7	100	269
	Yezidis	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	8
	Others or not stated	35.6	12.3	23.2	14.8	9.6	4.5	100	97
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	22.1	25.3	13.3	15.9	21.2	2.1	100	985
	Low wealth	39.1	4.4	8.7	10.8	31.0	6.0	100	1,022
	Middle wealth	20.2	5.7	8.2	13.0	39.1	13.9	100	913
	High wealth	11.9	21.3	13.1	12.6	35.0	6.1	100	960
	Highest wealth	21.6	7.8	12.8	18.6	36.5	2.6	100	2,757
Education	Still in school	25.5	8.0	11.9	16.2	36.9	1.5	100	1,759
	Not completed	12.8	3.8	15.7	18.5	39.1	10.0	100	805
	Elementary	29.9	6.5	15.4	18.2	24.1	5.9	100	428
	Preparatory	30.3	8.1	18.8	14.7	22.6	5.4	100	456
	Basic	27.2	8.5	16.3	14.8	28.3	5.0	100	119
	Vocational training	78.6	2.2	1.7	3.4	14.2	-	100	15
	Secondary	34.4	5.6	12.2	16.3	28.4	3.2	100	551
	Intermediate diploma	34.7	5.9	12.3	18.1	25.8	3.2	100	469
	Batchelor +	18.5	13.5	8.1	14.3	38.9	6.7	100	1,674
Place of residence	Not in Amman	42.8	27.4	5.7	6.3	16.4	1.4	100	331
	In Amman	16.9	7.3	13.6	18.2	37.9	6.0	100	6,306
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	22.7	13.9	10.5	15.7	33.6	3.7	100	2,880
	Valid permit	23.5	10.8	12.6	15.1	32.2	5.8	100	3,757
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	24.3	5.0	13.7	18.6	35.2	3.2	100	2,806
	Not registered with UNHCR	22.7	16.5	10.8	13.6	31.6	5.0	100	3,786

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.10 Validity of permits

		Validity and permit			
		Expired permit or no permit		Valid permit	
		Total	Sample size	Total	Sample size
Total		43.5	56.5	100	6,638
Gender	Male	41.0	59.0	100	3,258
	Female	45.6	54.4	100	3,380
Age groups	Less than 6	49.2	50.8	100	809
	6-14 years	43.7	56.3	100	1,171
	15-24 years	31.6	68.4	100	1,234
	25-64 years	46.9	53.1	100	3,094
	65 and older	36.2	63.8	100	330
Religious affiliation	Sunni	38.5	61.5	100	4,121
	Shia	45.6	54.4	100	1,099
	Catholic	65.3	34.7	100	726
	Orthodox	51.7	48.3	100	282
	Protestant	21.2	78.8	100	11
	Nasatra	100.0	-	100	25
	Sabeen	73.7	26.3	100	269
	Yezidis	100.0	-	100	8
	Others or not stated	44.6	55.4	100	97
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	78.0	22.0	100	986
	Low wealth	65.7	34.3	100	1,022
	Middle wealth	41.8	58.2	100	913
	High wealth	35.4	64.6	100	960
	Highest wealth	20.8	79.2	100	2,757
Education	Still in school	28.1	71.9	100	1,759
	Not completed	56.5	43.5	100	805
	Elementary	67.5	32.5	100	428
	Preparatory	52.1	47.9	100	457
	Basic	58.2	41.8	100	119
	Vocational training	49.0	51.0	100	15
	Secondary	56.4	43.6	100	552
	Intermediate diploma	42.1	57.9	100	469
Residing in Jordan since...	Batchelor +	26.7	73.3	100	1,674
	Before 2003	42.7	57.3	100	1,362
	2003	49.8	50.2	100	532
	2004	39.2	60.8	100	860
	2005	44.4	55.6	100	1,319
	2006	44.6	55.4	100	2,226
Place of residence	2007	32.6	67.4	100	337
	Not in Amman	63.1	36.9	100	331
Registered with UNHCR	In Amman	37.4	62.6	100	6,307
	Registered with UNHCR	69.0	31.0	100	2,807
	Not registered with UNHCR	29.0	71.0	100	3,786

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.11 Main reason for staying in Jordan

		Main reason for staying in Jordan											Total	Sample size
		Security	Work	Seeking work	Investments	Medical treatment	Political reasons	Education	Transit	Family reunion	Other	No reason	Total	Sample size
Total		50.2	3.6	0.1	0.7	0.8	1.2	1.2	0.6	38.1	3.3	0.1	100	6,628
Gender	Male	59.4	7.1	0.1	1.6	0.8	1.5	2.1	0.7	24.8	1.9	0.0	100	3,254
	Female	42.9	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.9	0.9	0.6	0.5	48.8	4.5	0.1	100	3,374
Age groups	Less than 6	37.0	-	-	-	0.4	0.3	-	0.2	56.3	5.6	0.1	100	807
	6-14 years	49.9	-	-	-	0.1	1.3	0.2	0.3	47.4	0.8	0.0	100	1,169
	15-24 years	50.6	0.5	0.0	-	0.3	1.1	4.0	0.5	42.3	0.8	0.1	100	1,234
	25-64 years	52.2	6.4	0.1	0.9	0.9	1.4	1.0	0.7	31.6	4.6	0.1	100	3,089
	65 and older	63.0	4.6	-	6.0	6.9	-	-	2.1	16.6	0.5	0.3	100	329
Religious affiliation	Sunni	46.3	2.9	0.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	1.5	0.3	44.5	1.7	0.1	100	4,115
	Shia	50.7	8.0	0.2	0.7	0.6	1.6	1.2	0.4	25.0	11.5	0.1	100	1,098
	Catholic	64.0	1.8	0.1	0.4	0.8	1.2	0.5	2.4	25.9	2.9	-	100	724
	Orthodox	72.3	0.7	-	-	0.2	1.7	-	3.1	21.7	0.3	-	100	281
	Protestant	13.0	-	-	-	-	5.4	21.2	-	60.5	-	-	100	11
	Nasatra	53.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	46.8	-	-	100	25
	Sabeian	77.6	-	-	-	0.5	2.8	0.2	-	18.6	0.4	-	100	269
	Yezidis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	100	8
	Others or not stated	51.0	7.0	-	-	-	10.3	-	-	29.5	2.1	-	100	97
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	44.3	5.5	-	0.0	0.6	2.1	0.2	1.1	44.7	1.3	0.0	100	984
	Low wealth	56.2	3.4	0.1	0.1	1.0	2.1	1.0	1.6	32.8	1.3	0.4	100	1,020
	Middle wealth	50.1	1.7	0.2	2.2	1.7	0.7	1.9	0.2	37.3	3.9	-	100	913
	High wealth	50.0	2.7	0.2	0.7	1.3	1.3	1.1	0.7	26.7	15.2	-	100	958
	Highest wealth	50.8	3.5	0.0	0.9	0.5	0.4	1.7	0.1	40.9	1.1	0.1	100	2,753
Education	Still in school	47.4	0.3	-	0.2	-	1.0	4.6	0.2	45.9	0.5	0.1	100	1,758
	Not completed	44.1	1.8	-	-	0.3	0.8	-	0.5	47.2	5.3	0.0	100	803
	Elementary	57.8	5.0	-	0.1	0.9	2.9	-	0.2	31.1	2.0	-	100	424
	Preparatory	56.5	6.5	0.1	0.4	0.8	2.2	-	1.2	29.4	2.9	-	100	457
	Basic	68.4	1.9	-	-	2.1	2.0	-	2.4	23.1	-	-	100	119
	Vocational training	56.9	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	2.2	38.9	-	-	100	15
	Secondary	50.7	3.4	0.3	0.8	1.0	1.3	0.4	0.3	40.5	1.0	0.2	100	551
	Intermediate diploma	57.5	8.3	0.1	3.8	1.1	1.5	0.4	2.4	24.4	0.4	-	100	469
	Batchelor +	56.9	6.3	0.1	1.4	1.6	0.9	0.3	0.6	24.1	7.7	0.0	100	1,671
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	41.4	8.6	0.3	1.6	0.3	2.1	0.8	1.3	41.4	2.0	0.2	100	1,361
	2003	33.7	1.8	-	0.1	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.2	47.1	15.6	-	100	531
	2004	53.0	7.4	-	0.4	0.2	2.0	0.3	0.1	34.1	2.5	-	100	858
	2005	62.2	1.7	-	0.5	0.5	0.9	2.0	0.3	31.2	0.7	0.0	100	1,318
	2006	57.7	0.6	0.0	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.8	0.3	36.5	0.9	-	100	2,221
	2007	38.9	0.4	0.2	0.2	7.3	-	0.8	2.6	43.0	5.6	1.1	100	337
Place of residence	Not in Amman	32.3	5.8	0.0	0.8	-	1.7	0.0	0.9	49.2	9.0	0.2	100	331
	In Amman	55.9	2.9	0.1	0.7	1.1	1.0	1.6	0.5	34.6	1.5	0.1	100	6,297
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	51.5	3.2	0.1	0.4	0.9	1.8	0.3	1.1	38.5	2.2	0.1	100	2,870
	Valid permit	49.3	3.8	0.1	1.0	0.8	0.7	2.0	0.3	37.8	4.2	0.1	100	3,758
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	63.0	2.9	0.0	0.1	0.7	2.6	0.3	1.4	27.4	1.6	0.0	100	2,801
	Not registered with UNHCR	43.4	3.9	0.1	1.1	0.9	0.4	1.8	0.2	43.8	4.4	0.1	100	3,782

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.12 Plans to leave Jordan

		Plans to emigrate to a third country				Total	Sample size
		Yes	No	Don't know	Total		
Total		21.0	77.5	1.5	100	6,638	
Gender	Male	22.8	75.6	1.7	100	3,257	
	Female	19.6	79.1	1.3	100	3,381	
Age groups	Less than 6	18.8	78.7	2.5	100	809	
	6-14 years	24.0	74.3	1.6	100	1,171	
	15-24 years	22.3	75.7	1.9	100	1,234	
	25-64 years	20.6	78.3	1.1	100	3,093	
	65 and older	15.8	83.5	0.8	100	331	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	13.7	84.7	1.6	100	4,121	
	Shia	17.4	81.6	1.0	100	1,099	
	Catholic	59.2	40.3	0.5	100	726	
	Orthodox	42.6	55.9	1.5	100	282	
	Protestant	26.9	73.1	-	100	11	
	Nasatra	100.0	-	-	100	25	
	Sabeen	69.2	30.8	-	100	269	
	Yezidis	87.5	12.5	-	100	8	
	Others or not stated	22.4	63.6	14.1	100	97	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	27.3	71.2	1.5	100	986	
	Low wealth	35.6	64.3	0.1	100	1,022	
	Middle wealth	30.8	63.3	5.9	100	913	
	High wealth	20.0	79.0	1.0	100	960	
	Highest wealth	9.3	89.9	0.8	100	2,757	
Education	Still in school	16.0	83.1	0.9	100	1,759	
	Not completed	23.5	74.5	2.0	100	805	
	Elementary	37.1	58.3	4.6	100	428	
	Preparatory	36.7	59.6	3.7	100	457	
	Basic	34.4	65.6	-	100	119	
	Vocational training	24.6	75.4	-	100	15	
	Secondary	21.1	78.5	0.4	100	552	
	Intermediate diploma	25.5	74.2	0.3	100	469	
	Batchelor +	16.9	81.5	1.7	100	1,673	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	24.0	76.0	0.1	100	1,362	
	2003	9.3	89.6	1.1	100	532	
	2004	24.9	73.8	1.3	100	859	
	2005	25.9	73.6	0.5	100	1,320	
	2006	20.1	78.9	0.9	100	2,226	
	2007	16.8	67.2	16.0	100	337	
Place of residence	Not in Amman	13.5	86.5	-	100	331	
	In Amman	23.3	74.7	1.9	100	6,307	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	31.9	67.9	0.2	100	2,879	
	Valid permit	12.5	85.0	2.5	100	3,759	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	44.4	54.5	1.0	100	2,806	
	Not registered with UNHCR	7.5	91.7	0.8	100	3,787	

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.13 Expected time of emigration to third country

		Expected time of emigration					Total	Sample size
		Less than 3 months	3-6 months	7-12 months	More than 1 year	Don't know		
Total		18.0	9.0	10.5	13.5	49.1	100	1,774
Gender	Male	17.5	10.8	10.2	14.0	47.4	100	875
	Female	18.3	7.3	10.7	13.1	50.6	100	899
Age groups	Less than 6	20.1	6.8	17.0	15.6	40.5	100	204
	6-14 years	20.3	6.7	14.4	10.6	48.0	100	334
	15-24 years	16.6	9.8	7.3	9.9	56.3	100	335
	25-64 years	17.4	9.9	9.4	15.1	48.2	100	850
	65 and older	14.9	7.8	3.5	20.0	53.8	100	51
Religious affiliation	Sunni	25.8	8.0	13.1	8.7	44.5	100	710
	Shia	12.0	18.7	2.4	20.9	46.0	100	209
	Catholic	14.3	6.4	12.9	20.0	46.4	100	439
	Orthodox	10.1	1.3	3.4	11.9	73.2	100	155
	Protestant	-	-	-	-	100.0	100	5
	Nasatra	-	2.9	-	14.3	82.8	100	25
	Sabeian	10.2	10.9	11.6	13.3	54.0	100	196
	Yezidis	-	-	100.0	-	-	100	7
	Others or not stated	4.0	29.1	-	-	66.9	100	28
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	15.9	11.3	5.9	21.9	45.0	100	382
	Low wealth	14.1	9.1	10.7	5.0	61.1	100	469
	Middle wealth	25.6	1.8	14.7	14.2	43.7	100	342
	High wealth	15.0	14.8	19.9	8.6	41.7	100	241
	Highest wealth	21.1	8.7	5.9	17.6	46.7	100	340
Education	Still in school	23.6	8.6	10.5	8.5	48.7	100	338
	Not completed	21.3	3.9	14.4	17.4	43.0	100	263
	Elementary	13.0	6.9	4.9	19.1	56.2	100	174
	Preparatory	14.1	13.9	15.8	10.3	45.9	100	185
	Basic	10.6	3.5	9.3	32.2	44.4	100	54
	Vocational training	40.2	19.5	-	-	40.3	100	9
	Secondary	17.2	15.6	6.4	8.5	52.3	100	158
	Intermediate diploma	11.8	13.7	8.4	11.3	54.8	100	125
	Batchelor +	20.0	9.1	8.6	13.6	48.7	100	356
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	16.2	4.4	3.8	11.9	63.7	100	378
	2003	8.7	13.9	6.5	9.6	61.4	100	114
	2004	14.7	12.9	24.4	12.0	36.0	100	261
	2005	12.3	8.1	10.1	25.4	44.1	100	408
	2006	23.2	9.9	11.2	10.6	45.1	100	537
	2007	39.2	15.8	7.5	1.9	35.6	100	76
Place of residence	Not in Amman	17.4	9.8	3.3	6.7	62.8	100	131
	In Amman	18.0	8.8	11.8	14.8	46.6	100	1,643
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	14.6	10.4	12.8	14.2	48.1	100	1,242
	Valid permit	24.6	6.2	6.0	12.3	51.0	100	532
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	16.9	7.8	12.1	14.1	49.0	100	1,408
	Not registered with UNHCR	21.8	13.1	4.9	11.9	48.2	100	364

n=all Iraqi respondents with plans to go to other country

2.14 Plans to go back to Iraq

		Plans to go back to Iraq				Total	Sample size
		Yes	No	Don't know	Total		
Total		40.8	57.9	1.4	100	6,639	
Gender	Male	43.5	55.0	1.5	100	3,258	
	Female	38.5	60.2	1.2	100	3,381	
Age groups	Less than 6	39.5	58.3	2.2	100	809	
	6-14 years	37.0	62.7	0.3	100	1,171	
	15-24 years	47.4	51.9	0.8	100	1,234	
	25-64 years	38.8	59.5	1.7	100	3,094	
	65 and older	54.7	44.3	1.0	100	331	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	43.0	55.7	1.3	100	4,122	
	Shia	42.4	56.8	0.9	100	1,099	
	Catholic	30.5	67.9	1.6	100	726	
	Orthodox	36.8	62.0	1.1	100	282	
	Protestant	73.1	-	26.9	100	11	
	Nasatra	-	100.0	-	100	25	
	Sabeen	7.7	88.0	4.3	100	269	
	Yezidis	12.5	87.5	-	100	8	
	Others or not stated	56.6	41.8	1.5	100	97	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	20.0	78.9	1.2	100	987	
	Low wealth	24.4	75.4	0.3	100	1,022	
	Middle wealth	41.1	56.7	2.2	100	913	
	High wealth	44.5	54.7	0.8	100	960	
	Highest wealth	56.3	41.9	1.8	100	2,757	
Education	Still in school	47.1	52.4	0.4	100	1,759	
	Not completed	36.6	61.9	1.6	100	805	
	Elementary	29.8	69.7	0.5	100	428	
	Preparatory	35.6	62.6	1.9	100	457	
	Basic	31.9	64.7	3.4	100	119	
	Vocational training	7.6	92.4	-	100	15	
	Secondary	47.3	51.4	1.2	100	552	
	Intermediate diploma	40.2	57.4	2.4	100	469	
	Batchelor +	47.7	50.2	2.1	100	1,674	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	32.0	66.5	1.5	100	1,362	
	2003	19.9	78.7	1.3	100	532	
	2004	40.3	58.6	1.1	100	860	
	2005	43.4	54.2	2.4	100	1,320	
	2006	52.4	47.3	0.3	100	2,226	
	2007	48.5	46.8	4.6	100	337	
Place of residence	Not in Amman	22.4	77.5	0.1	100	331	
	In Amman	46.5	51.7	1.7	100	6,308	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	29.0	70.2	0.7	100	2,880	
	Valid permit	49.8	48.4	1.8	100	3,759	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	26.9	72.0	1.1	100	2,807	
	Not registered with UNHCR	49.5	49.0	1.5	100	3,787	

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.15 Expected time of return to Iraq

		Expected time of return to Iraq						Total	Total
		Less than 3 months	3-6 months	7-12 months	More than 1 year	Whenever the situation allows for it	Don't know	Total	Sample size
Total		2.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	94.7	1.0	100	2,824
Gender	Male	1.9	0.7	0.3	0.8	94.9	1.5	100	1,407
	Female	3.1	0.4	0.8	0.3	94.6	0.7	100	1,417
Age groups	Less than 6	4.3	0.5	1.4	0.5	91.8	1.4	100	351
	6-14 years	1.9	0.3	0.3	0.7	95.5	1.3	100	481
	15-24 years	1.6	0.6	0.2	1.0	95.6	0.9	100	516
	25-64 years	2.4	0.7	0.6	0.4	94.9	1.0	100	1,315
	65 and older	4.9	-	0.6	-	94.1	0.4	100	161
Religious affiliation	Sunni	3.1	0.6	0.6	0.7	94.3	0.8	100	1,965
	Shia	1.3	0.8	0.8	-	96.0	1.1	100	547
	Catholic	1.6	-	-	0.6	97.8	-	100	162
	Orthodox	-	-	-	1.2	98.8	-	100	69
	Protestant	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	6
	Nasatra	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Sabeen	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	30
	Yezidis	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	1
	Others or not stated	-	-	-	-	80.0	20.0	100	44
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	1.5	2.3	0.1	1.2	93.8	1.1	100	284
	Low wealth	6.0	0.4	3.0	1.8	88.4	0.4	100	278
	Middle wealth	7.2	0.2	0.9	1.9	89.1	0.8	100	351
	High wealth	2.4	0.9	-	0.2	94.7	1.8	100	463
	Highest wealth	1.1	0.3	0.3	0.0	97.3	1.0	100	1,448
Education	Still in school	1.7	0.4	0.3	0.9	95.3	1.4	100	822
	Not completed	4.1	0.3	1.3	0.9	92.3	1.1	100	318
	Elementary	2.2	1.4	1.8	0.9	93.0	0.8	100	142
	Preparatory	6.4	0.3	0.9	0.8	90.5	1.2	100	159
	Basic	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	33
	Vocational training	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	5
	Secondary	1.0	0.6	0.1	0.5	97.4	0.5	100	224
	Intermediate diploma	2.1	-	0.6	-	97.1	0.2	100	185
	Batchelor +	2.2	0.7	0.5	0.2	95.4	1.2	100	798
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	1.9	0.1	-	-	95.4	2.5	100	416
	2003	3.1	0.7	-	-	95.3	0.8	100	231
	2004	0.8	0.8	0.1	0.1	97.1	1.0	100	328
	2005	0.9	0.3	-	0.8	96.4	1.6	100	555
	2006	1.1	0.5	0.6	1.0	96.5	0.3	100	1,120
	2007	22.3	2.6	5.3	-	69.6	0.2	100	174
Place of residence	Not in Amman	2.2	-	-	-	97.8	-	100	67
	In Amman	2.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	94.3	1.2	100	2,757
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	3.5	0.5	0.8	0.2	94.9	0.1	100	978
	Valid permit	2.1	0.6	0.5	0.7	94.6	1.5	100	1,846
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	2.2	1.2	0.1	-	96.2	0.3	100	797
	Not registered with UNHCR	2.6	0.4	0.7	0.8	94.3	1.2	100	2,010

n=all Iraqi respondents with plans to go back to Iraq

2.16 Registration with UNHCR

		Ever registered with UNHCR				Total	Sample size
		Yes, in Jordan	Yes, in other country	Yes, both in Jordan and in other country	No, never		
Total		35.1	1.7	0.2	63.0	100	6,594
Gender	Male	40.8	1.7	0.3	57.3	100	3,233
	Female	30.6	1.6	0.2	67.5	100	3,361
Age groups	Less than 6	31.3	2.9	0.1	65.7	100	801
	6-14 years	40.7	4.7	0.7	53.8	100	1,165
	15-24 years	36.6	0.6	0.0	62.8	100	1,222
	25-64 years	34.7	0.9	0.2	64.2	100	3,075
	65 and older	24.6	1.2	-	74.1	100	331
Religious affiliation	Sunni	27.3	1.8	0.1	70.8	100	4,081
	Shia	37.0	1.1	0.1	61.8	100	1,095
	Catholic	64.8	1.2	1.2	32.8	100	726
	Orthodox	59.4	0.6	-	40.0	100	282
	Protestant	21.2	-	-	78.8	100	11
	Nasatra	90.6	9.4	-	-	100	25
	Sabeen	79.4	3.8	-	16.8	100	269
	Yezidis	100.0	-	-	-	100	8
	Others or not stated	56.2	-	-	43.8	100	97
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	51.1	5.8	0.1	43.0	100	983
	Low wealth	62.0	1.2	-	36.8	100	1,016
	Middle wealth	41.5	0.8	-	57.7	100	893
	High wealth	33.6	0.2	0.4	65.8	100	960
	Highest wealth	15.2	0.5	0.4	83.9	100	2,742
Education	Still in school	30.2	2.2	0.5	67.1	100	1,744
	Not completed	38.5	1.9	0.1	59.4	100	798
	Elementary	54.4	3.3	0.1	42.2	100	424
	Preparatory	58.3	1.3	-	40.4	100	453
	Basic	50.1	1.2	-	48.8	100	119
	Vocational training	91.2	-	-	8.8	100	15
	Secondary	36.5	0.7	0.2	62.5	100	548
	Intermediate diploma	41.9	1.3	-	56.8	100	466
	Batchelor +	27.3	0.9	0.2	71.6	100	1,666
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	37.7	0.9	-	61.4	100	1,356
	2003	14.2	0.6	0.2	85.0	100	527
	2004	42.2	0.7	-	57.2	100	860
	2005	42.9	1.4	0.3	55.5	100	1,308
	2006	35.9	3.2	0.5	60.4	100	2,212
	2007	26.9	0.4	-	72.6	100	329
Place of residence	Not in Amman	30.3	4.0	-	65.7	100	328
	In Amman	36.6	0.9	0.3	62.2	100	6,266
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	55.2	2.9	0.3	41.7	100	2,872
	Valid permit	19.5	0.7	0.2	79.6	100	3,722

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.17 Health insurance

		Valid health insurance in Jordan			
		Valid health insurance	No valid health insurance	Total	Total Sample size
Total		13.0	87.0	100	6,633
Gender	Male	13.7	86.3	100	3,257
	Female	12.4	87.6	100	3,376
Age groups	Less than 6	9.9	90.1	100	808
	6-14 years	6.6	93.4	100	1,171
	15-24 years	24.5	75.5	100	1,234
	25-64 years	12.1	87.9	100	3,090
	65 and older	6.1	93.9	100	330
Religious affiliation	Sunni	15.4	84.6	100	4,117
	Shia	12.1	87.9	100	1,098
	Catholic	2.5	97.5	100	726
	Orthodox	2.8	97.2	100	282
	Protestant	48.1	51.9	100	11
	Nasatra	-	100.0	100	25
	Sabeen	-	100.0	100	269
	Yezidis	-	100.0	100	8
	Others or not stated	21.0	79.0	100	97
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	3.9	96.1	100	986
	Low wealth	10.2	89.8	100	1,020
	Middle wealth	12.2	87.8	100	913
	High wealth	10.2	89.8	100	960
	Highest wealth	19.7	80.3	100	2,754
Education	Still in school	24.0	76.0	100	1,757
	Not completed	7.5	92.5	100	804
	Elementary	7.2	92.8	100	428
	Preparatory	6.9	93.1	100	456
	Basic	2.6	97.4	100	119
	Vocational training	-	100.0	100	15
	Secondary	19.1	80.9	100	552
	Intermediate diploma	9.8	90.2	100	469
	Batchelor +	11.5	88.5	100	1,673
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	28.8	71.2	100	1,362
	2003	7.3	92.7	100	532
	2004	7.1	92.9	100	860
	2005	8.0	92.0	100	1,317
	2006	9.4	90.6	100	2,225
	2007	5.6	94.4	100	335
Place of residence	Not in Amman	19.3	80.7	100	331
	In Amman	11.0	89.0	100	6,302
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	7.0	93.0	100	2,876
	Valid permit	17.6	82.4	100	3,757
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	6.1	93.9	100	2,806
	Not registered with UNHCR	17.0	83.0	100	3,782

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.18 Disability or chronic illness

		Physical or psychological disability or chronic illness					
		Yes, disability	Yes, chronic illness	Yes, both	No disability/ chronic illness	Total	Sample size
Total		1.1	10.6	0.2	88.1	100	6,638
Gender	Male	1.2	11.4	0.2	87.2	100	3,258
	Female	1.0	9.9	0.3	88.8	100	3,380
Age groups	Less than 6	0.5	3.5	-	96.1	100	809
	6-14 years	1.2	2.0	0.1	96.7	100	1,171
	15-24 years	0.9	3.5	0.2	95.5	100	1,234
	25-64 years	1.1	13.9	0.4	84.6	100	3,094
	65 and older	4.3	50.2	0.1	45.4	100	330
Religious affiliation	Sunni	0.9	10.2	0.3	88.6	100	4,121
	Shia	1.1	11.0	-	88.0	100	1,099
	Catholic	2.6	8.1	0.3	89.0	100	726
	Orthodox	1.4	14.2	0.1	84.3	100	282
	Protestant	10.6	10.6	-	78.8	100	11
	Nasatra	-	26.3	-	73.7	100	25
	Sabeian	2.1	17.0	-	80.9	100	269
	Yezidis	-	12.5	-	87.5	100	8
	Others or not stated	0.6	14.3	-	85.2	100	97
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	1.4	12.6	0.6	85.4	100	986
	Low wealth	1.6	10.0	0.2	88.2	100	1,022
	Middle wealth	1.4	11.5	0.1	87.0	100	913
	High wealth	0.5	9.8	0.3	89.4	100	960
	Highest wealth	0.9	9.8	0.1	89.3	100	2,757
Education	Still in school	0.5	2.3	0.1	97.1	100	1,759
	Not completed	0.5	5.6	-	93.8	100	805
	Elementary	2.2	13.6	0.1	84.1	100	428
	Preparatory	1.7	17.5	2.1	78.7	100	457
	Basic	0.7	6.3	2.1	90.9	100	119
	Vocational training	2.2	-	-	97.8	100	15
	Secondary	0.9	16.8	-	82.3	100	552
	Intermediate diploma	1.3	18.4	0.1	80.2	100	469
	Batchelor +	0.8	15.1	0.2	83.9	100	1,674
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	0.7	13.5	0.6	85.1	100	1,362
	2003	0.6	8.1	-	91.3	100	532
	2004	1.2	8.5	0.4	90.0	100	860
	2005	1.3	10.3	0.1	88.4	100	1,319
	2006	1.5	10.1	0.0	88.4	100	2,226
	2007	1.1	11.5	0.7	86.7	100	337
Place of residence	Not in Amman	0.2	7.2	0.5	92.1	100	331
	In Amman	1.4	11.6	0.2	86.8	100	6,307
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	1.3	11.6	0.2	86.9	100	2,879
	Valid permit	0.9	9.8	0.3	89.0	100	3,759
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	1.6	13.7	0.6	84.1	100	2,807
	Not registered with UNHCR	0.8	9.0	0.1	90.2	100	3,786

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.19 Acute illness last six months

		Acute illness last 6 months			Total	Sample size
		Yes	No	Total		
Total		7.2	92.8	100	6,637	
Gender	Male	7.1	92.9	100	3,257	
	Female	7.3	92.7	100	3,380	
Age groups	Less than 6	5.9	94.1	100	809	
	6-14 years	4.8	95.2	100	1,171	
	15-24 years	4.6	95.4	100	1,234	
	25-64 years	8.1	91.9	100	3,093	
	65 and older	19.3	80.7	100	330	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	7.4	92.6	100	4,120	
	Shia	7.4	92.6	100	1,099	
	Catholic	4.6	95.4	100	726	
	Orthodox	7.8	92.2	100	282	
	Protestant	47.1	52.9	100	11	
	Nasatra	-	100.0	100	25	
	Sabeen	6.6	93.4	100	269	
	Yezidis	-	100.0	100	8	
	Others or not stated	11.6	88.4	100	97	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	8.6	91.4	100	986	
	Low wealth	8.6	91.4	100	1,022	
	Middle wealth	8.7	91.3	100	913	
	High wealth	5.5	94.5	100	959	
	Highest wealth	6.1	93.9	100	2,757	
Education	Still in school	4.5	95.5	100	1,759	
	Not completed	6.1	93.9	100	805	
	Elementary	11.9	88.1	100	428	
	Preparatory	10.4	89.6	100	457	
	Basic	4.3	95.7	100	119	
	Vocational training	-	100.0	100	15	
	Secondary	9.0	91.0	100	552	
	Intermediate diploma	7.9	92.1	100	469	
	Batchelor +	8.5	91.5	100	1,673	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	10.3	89.7	100	1,362	
	2003	4.6	95.4	100	532	
	2004	5.5	94.5	100	860	
	2005	6.7	93.3	100	1,319	
	2006	7.1	92.9	100	2,225	
	2007	5.6	94.4	100	337	
Place of residence	Not in Amman	5.0	95.0	100	331	
	In Amman	7.9	92.1	100	6,306	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	7.8	92.2	100	2,879	
	Valid permit	6.7	93.3	100	3,758	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	8.5	91.5	100	2,807	
	Not registered with UNHCR	6.5	93.5	100	3,785	

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.20 Consultation for the illness

		Consulted someone outside the household			Total	Sample size
		Yes	No			
Total		92.5	7.5	100	641	
Gender	Male	94.8	5.2	100	284	
	Female	90.6	9.4	100	357	
Age groups	Less than 6	94.9	5.1	100	81	
	6-14 years	94.5	5.5	100	82	
	15-24 years	96.6	3.4	100	78	
	25-64 years	89.9	10.1	100	325	
	65 and older	97.8	2.2	100	75	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	92.8	7.2	100	412	
	Shia	92.5	7.5	100	130	
	Catholic	100.0	-	100	41	
	Orthodox	92.5	7.5	100	27	
	Protestant	77.5	22.5	100	4	
	Nasatra					
	Sabeen	64.1	35.9	100	15	
	Yezidis Others or not stated	100.0	-	100	12	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	90.7	9.3	100	113	
	Low wealth	84.6	15.4	100	99	
	Middle wealth	95.5	4.5	100	114	
	High wealth	98.7	1.3	100	78	
	Highest wealth	95.1	4.9	100	237	
Education	Still in school	95.8	4.2	100	118	
	Not completed	88.7	11.3	100	81	
	Elementary	100.0	-	100	44	
	Preparatory	96.7	3.3	100	52	
	Basic	48.2	51.8	100	4	
	Vocational training					
	Secondary	98.7	1.3	100	54	
	Intermediate diploma Batchelor +	96.4 93.2	3.6 6.8	100 100	49 201	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	91.6	8.4	100	136	
	2003	97.3	2.7	100	61	
	2004	82.3	17.7	100	74	
	2005	93.6	6.4	100	108	
	2006	94.0	6.0	100	235	
	2007	96.7	3.3	100	27	
Place of residence	Not in Amman	84.9	15.1	100	22	
	In Amman	94.0	6.0	100	619	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	90.0	10.0	100	306	
	Valid permit	94.7	5.3	100	335	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	94.1	5.9	100	281	
	Not registered with UNHCR	91.1	8.9	100	354	
First consultancy outside of household	General physician	100.0	-	100	100	
	Specialist doctor	100.0	-	100	448	
	Pharmacist	100.0	-	100	37	
	Relative	100.0	-	100	15	
	Other	100.0	-	100	3	

n=all Iraqi respondents with acute illness last 6 months

2.21 Who was consulted in the case of acute illness

		General physician	Specialist doctor	Pharmacist	Relative	Other	Total	Total Sample size
Total		23.3	65.5	8.1	2.9	0.2	100	603
Gender	Male	19.7	68.2	8.4	3.3	0.4	100	269
	Female	26.2	63.3	7.9	2.6	0.1	100	334
Age groups	Less than 6	20.2	69.2	3.8	6.7	-	100	76
	6-14 years	21.5	63.4	5.8	9.2	-	100	73
	15-24 years	30.4	63.9	4.4	1.2	-	100	75
	25-64 years	24.7	61.8	11.1	2.0	0.3	100	305
	65 and older	13.1	83.7	2.8	-	0.4	100	74
Religious affiliation	Sunni	26.5	63.0	9.0	1.3	0.1	100	395
	Shia	13.5	78.2	7.5	0.7	-	100	114
	Catholic	31.6	65.4	3.0	-	-	100	41
	Orthodox	-	58.1	7.3	34.7	-	100	25
	Protestant	-	71.0	-	29.0	-	100	3
	Nasatra							
	Sabeen	37.5	54.3	8.2	-	-	100	13
	Yezidis							
	Others or not stated	12.7	64.5	-	15.2	7.6	100	12
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	46.1	42.7	10.5	-	0.7	100	102
	Low wealth	27.5	53.5	17.6	0.8	0.5	100	95
	Middle wealth	10.7	75.7	3.1	10.5	-	100	107
	High wealth	14.3	77.5	8.2	-	-	100	77
	Highest wealth	14.1	78.7	3.8	3.4	-	100	222
Education	Still in school	16.9	67.9	7.1	8.1	-	100	109
	Not completed	23.1	68.9	2.8	4.8	0.5	100	73
	Elementary	58.8	36.6	4.5	-	-	100	44
	Preparatory	44.0	52.8	2.7	-	0.5	100	50
	Basic	-	100.0	-	-	-	100	3
	Vocational training							
	Secondary	10.3	48.2	40.4	1.1	-	100	53
	Intermediate diploma	7.5	86.5	5.9	-	-	100	46
Batchelor +	16.9	76.4	3.0	3.2	0.5	100	190	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	39.5	42.2	17.0	0.4	0.7	100	130
	2003	10.1	80.9	-	9.0	-	100	59
	2004	14.3	79.5	6.2	-	-	100	68
	2005	17.7	74.6	7.7	-	-	100	103
	2006	15.7	76.3	2.9	5.2	-	100	217
	2007	17.5	75.0	-	7.6	-	100	26
Place of residence	Not in Amman	61.0	10.2	28.8	-	-	100	20
	In Amman	16.6	75.3	4.4	3.4	0.3	100	583
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	26.8	63.2	5.9	3.6	0.5	100	290
	Valid permit	20.3	67.4	10.0	2.3	-	100	313
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	29.6	58.2	7.4	4.2	0.6	100	270
	Not registered with UNHCR	18.5	70.9	8.7	1.9	-	100	327
Valid health insurance in Jordan	Valid health insurance	43.8	41.1	14.3	0.8	-	100	54
	No valid health insurance	18.8	70.9	6.7	3.3	0.3	100	548

n=all Iraqi respondents that sought help for illness last 6 months

2.22 Spent night in hospital

		Spent night in hospital last 6 months			Total	Sample size
		Yes	No	Total		
Total		4.7	95.3	100	6,638	
Gender	Male	4.4	95.6	100	3,258	
	Female	4.8	95.2	100	3,380	
Age groups	Less than 6	3.9	96.1	100	809	
	6-14 years	1.4	98.6	100	1,171	
	15-24 years	5.6	94.4	100	1,234	
	25-64 years	4.8	95.2	100	3,094	
	65 and older	13.1	86.9	100	330	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	4.9	95.1	100	4,121	
	Shia	4.7	95.3	100	1,099	
	Catholic	2.6	97.4	100	726	
	Orthodox	3.6	96.4	100	282	
	Protestant	-	100.0	100	11	
	Nasatra	9.3	90.7	100	25	
	Sabeen	4.9	95.1	100	269	
	Yezidis	-	100.0	100	8	
	Others or not stated	6.1	93.9	100	97	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	3.7	96.3	100	986	
	Low wealth	3.9	96.1	100	1,022	
	Middle wealth	4.5	95.5	100	913	
	High wealth	3.1	96.9	100	960	
	Highest wealth	6.0	94.0	100	2,757	
Education	Still in school	1.0	99.0	100	1,759	
	Not completed	4.0	96.0	100	805	
	Elementary	5.6	94.4	100	428	
	Preparatory	4.4	95.6	100	457	
	Basic	7.5	92.5	100	119	
	Vocational training	-	100.0	100	15	
	Secondary	4.5	95.5	100	552	
	Intermediate diploma	5.3	94.7	100	469	
	Batchelor +	8.5	91.5	100	1,674	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	3.4	96.6	100	1,362	
	2003	1.6	98.4	100	532	
	2004	3.8	96.2	100	860	
	2005	4.7	95.3	100	1,319	
	2006	6.6	93.4	100	2,226	
	2007	6.9	93.1	100	337	
Place of residence	Not in Amman	1.0	99.0	100	331	
	In Amman	5.8	94.2	100	6,307	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	4.3	95.7	100	2,879	
	Valid permit	4.9	95.1	100	3,759	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	4.8	95.2	100	2,807	
	Not registered with UNHCR	4.7	95.3	100	3,786	
Valid health insurance in Jordan	Valid health insurance	3.5	96.5	100	668	
	No valid health insurance	4.8	95.2	100	5,965	

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.23 Type of hospital

		Type of hospital					Total	Sample size
		Government	Private	University	Army			
Total		6.6	89.9	1.9	1.6	100	334	
Gender	Male	1.6	96.6	1.2	0.6	100	117	
	Female	10.1	85.2	2.4	2.3	100	217	
Age groups	Less than 6	-	97.8	2.2	-	100	43	
	6-14 years	11.3	83.3	-	5.4	100	21	
	15-24 years	-	95.1	3.8	1.1	100	40	
	25-64 years	11.5	85.8	1.6	1.0	100	188	
	65 and older	-	95.0	-	5.0	100	42	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	5.2	91.2	1.4	2.2	100	221	
	Shia	11.0	83.6	5.4	-	100	55	
	Catholic	16.5	83.5	-	-	100	25	
	Orthodox	-	100.0	-	-	100	12	
	Protestant							
	Nasatra	-	100.0	-	-	100	2	
	Sabeen	12.4	87.6	-	-	100	14	
	Yezidis							
	Others or not stated	-	100.0	-	-	100	5	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	17.1	81.0	1.9	-	100	60	
	Low wealth	14.2	82.3	3.6	-	100	52	
	Middle wealth	17.5	78.0	0.5	4.0	100	50	
	High wealth	1.4	98.6	-	-	100	32	
	Highest wealth	-	95.7	2.1	2.1	100	140	
Education	Still in school	-	91.9	8.1	-	100	22	
	Not completed	7.0	91.0	2.1	-	100	49	
	Elementary	29.4	60.0	-	10.6	100	28	
	Preparatory	13.7	85.2	1.1	-	100	22	
	Basic	-	100.0	-	-	100	8	
	Vocational training							
	Secondary	17.9	71.4	-	10.7	100	33	
	Intermediate diploma	12.1	87.9	-	-	100	27	
	Batchelor +	0.6	97.6	1.8	-	100	124	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	22.1	68.2	3.0	6.6	100	62	
	2003	12.9	87.1	-	-	100	20	
	2004	7.0	93.0	-	-	100	42	
	2005	2.4	97.6	-	-	100	54	
	2006	2.9	93.7	2.4	1.0	100	129	
	2007	-	95.9	4.1	-	100	27	
Place of residence	Not in Amman	42.9	57.1	-	-	100	10	
	In Amman	4.8	91.6	2.0	1.7	100	324	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	10.3	85.9	1.0	2.8	100	167	
	Valid permit	4.2	92.5	2.5	0.8	100	167	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	10.1	87.5	2.4	-	100	153	
	Not registered with UNHCR	4.6	91.3	1.6	2.5	100	181	
Valid health insurance in Jordan	Valid health insurance	18.3	58.9	11.8	11.1	100	26	
	No valid health insurance	5.3	93.3	0.8	0.5	100	308	

n=all Iraqi respondents that spent a night in hospital

2.24 Enrollment Iraqi

		Enrollment			Total Sample size		
		Yes, currently enrolled	Yes, was enrolled before	No, has never been enrolled			
Total		78.2	19.1	2.6	100	1,565	
Gender	Male	76.6	20.7	2.7	100	793	
	Female	79.8	17.6	2.6	100	772	
Age	6	78.3	3.6	18.1	100	139	
	7	89.2	6.9	3.9	100	116	
	8	91.5	6.9	1.6	100	131	
	9	83.8	14.6	1.6	100	126	
	10	84.7	13.1	2.2	100	130	
	11	70.6	29.4	-	100	125	
	12	87.9	12.1	-	100	133	
	13	75.7	23.7	0.6	100	129	
	14	70.4	29.2	0.4	100	139	
	15	73.6	25.5	0.8	100	117	
	16	80.8	19.1	0.1	100	151	
	17	51.6	47.9	0.5	100	129	
	Religious affiliation	Sunni	85.2	12.8	2.0	100	990
		Shia	75.8	22.2	2.1	100	250
Catholic		60.4	33.7	5.8	100	164	
Orthodox		68.8	23.7	7.4	100	55	
Protestant		100.0	-	-	100	5	
Nasatra		-	100.0	-	100	4	
Sabeian		15.2	77.6	7.3	100	68	
Yezidis		-	83.3	16.7	100	6	
	Others or not stated	81.1	18.9	-	100	23	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	63.8	31.9	4.2	100	214	
	Low wealth	57.7	38.2	4.1	100	239	
	Middle wealth	63.3	29.8	6.9	100	197	
	High wealth	84.8	11.8	3.3	100	262	
	Highest wealth	93.5	6.5	-	100	653	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	85.1	12.5	2.4	100	304	
	2003	89.2	9.4	1.4	100	124	
	2004	76.0	20.5	3.6	100	220	
	2005	80.3	16.8	2.9	100	342	
	2006	75.5	21.8	2.7	100	535	
	2007	32.8	65.2	2.0	100	40	
Place of residence	Not in Amman	79.6	18.9	1.5	100	84	
	In Amman	77.9	19.2	2.9	100	1,481	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	63.7	32.4	3.9	100	674	
	Valid permit	88.5	9.7	1.8	100	891	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	66.4	29.4	4.2	100	679	
	Not registered with UNHCR	89.9	8.6	1.4	100	875	
Education of household head	Still in school	67.7	28.6	3.7	100	51	
	Not completed	62.3	34.2	3.5	100	38	
	Elementary	58.6	37.0	4.4	100	82	
	Preparatory	63.2	33.0	3.8	100	168	
	Basic	59.6	33.6	6.7	100	12	
	Vocational training	65.1	34.9	-	100	10	
	Secondary	70.1	23.9	5.9	100	174	
	Intermediate diploma	83.6	13.6	2.8	100	243	
	Batchelor +	86.2	12.1	1.7	100	787	

n=all Iraqi respondents 6-17 years

2.25 Enrollment non-Iraqi

		Enrollment				
		Yes, currently enrolled	Yes, was enrolled before	No, has never been enrolled	Total	Sample size
Total		92.9	5.2	2.0	100	2,472
Gender	Male	93.7	4.3	1.9	100	1,236
	Female	91.9	6.1	2.0	100	1,236
Age	6	88.1	-	11.9	100	214
	7	97.6	-	2.4	100	208
	8	99.5	0.4	0.1	100	202
	9	99.8	-	0.2	100	182
	10	98.1	-	1.9	100	202
	11	99.7	0.3	-	100	210
	12	96.5	3.5	-	100	220
	13	95.8	3.7	0.4	100	231
	14	96.3	3.7	-	100	199
	15	83.4	12.1	4.4	100	191
	16	82.0	15.7	2.3	100	211
17	77.9	22.1	-	100	202	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	78.8	16.5	4.7	100	395
	Low wealth	92.3	6.0	1.7	100	537
	Middle wealth	95.2	3.5	1.3	100	508
	High wealth	97.1	0.7	2.1	100	426
	Highest wealth	98.6	0.9	0.5	100	606
Place of residence	Not in Amman	92.2	5.5	2.3	100	1,080
	In Amman	94.0	4.7	1.4	100	1,392
Education of household head	Still in school	82.9	11.7	5.3	100	144
	Not completed	86.6	9.9	3.4	100	164
	Elementary	86.8	9.4	3.9	100	417
	Preparatory	91.0	7.4	1.5	100	533
	Basic	93.3	6.7	-	100	115
	Vocational training	100.0	-	-	100	12
	Secondary	97.4	0.9	1.7	100	383
	Intermediate diploma	98.3	0.0	1.7	100	266
Batchelor +	99.6	0.3	0.1	100	438	

n=all non-Iraqi respondents 6-17 years

2.26 Type of school Iraqi

		Type of school					Total		
		Government	Private	Charitable	International	Other	Total	Sample size	
Total		26.5	73.1	0.3	0.2	0.0	100	1,216	
Gender	Male	25.8	73.7	0.2	0.3	-	100	629	
	Female	27.1	72.5	0.4	-	0.1	100	587	
Age	6	21.8	78.2	-	-	-	100	97	
	7	23.6	76.0	-	-	0.4	100	97	
	8	34.3	65.7	-	-	-	100	111	
	9	38.5	60.4	1.1	-	-	100	104	
	10	38.0	62.0	-	-	-	100	107	
	11	32.1	67.9	-	-	-	100	99	
	12	21.7	77.6	0.7	-	-	100	117	
	13	26.9	72.2	0.9	-	-	100	99	
	14	29.8	69.7	0.5	-	-	100	105	
	15	19.5	80.5	-	-	-	100	90	
	16	19.1	80.9	-	-	-	100	106	
	17	13.1	84.2	-	2.7	-	100	84	
	Religious affiliation	Sunni	28.5	71.4	0.1	0.0	-	100	834
		Shia	23.2	76.8	-	-	-	100	210
Catholic		20.6	73.8	3.3	1.8	0.6	100	111	
Orthodox		9.3	90.7	-	-	-	100	33	
Protestant		-	100.0	-	-	-	100	5	
Nasatra									
Sabeen		22.7	77.3	-	-	-	100	6	
Yezidis									
Others or not stated	20.1	79.9	-	-	-	100	17		
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	65.8	32.9	1.3	-	-	100	105	
	Low wealth	44.9	54.1	0.7	-	0.4	100	126	
	Middle wealth	24.0	76.0	-	-	-	100	143	
	High wealth	29.9	70.1	-	-	-	100	215	
	Highest wealth	10.7	89.0	-	0.3	-	100	627	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	38.6	60.5	0.9	-	-	100	262	
	2003	42.0	56.2	-	1.8	-	100	102	
	2004	8.5	90.9	0.3	-	0.3	100	161	
	2005	19.7	80.3	-	-	-	100	272	
	2006	24.2	75.8	-	-	-	100	397	
	2007	23.8	76.2	-	-	-	100	22	
Place of residence	Not in Amman	67.3	31.3	1.4	-	-	100	58	
	In Amman	18.5	81.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	100	1,158	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	38.0	61.4	0.7	-	-	100	429	
	Valid permit	20.6	79.0	0.1	0.2	0.1	100	787	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	39.5	59.8	0.7	-	-	100	453	
	Not registered with UNHCR	18.5	81.1	-	0.3	0.1	100	756	
Education of household head	Still in school	19.8	80.2	-	-	-	100	36	
	Not completed	95.3	4.7	-	-	-	100	14	
	Elementary	68.9	29.5	1.7	-	-	100	34	
	Preparatory	20.0	77.9	1.7	-	0.5	100	95	
	Basic	-	100.0	-	-	-	100	6	
	Vocational training	4.9	95.1	-	-	-	100	9	
	Secondary	37.3	62.1	0.6	-	-	100	120	
	Intermediate diploma	21.0	79.0	-	-	-	100	200	
	Batchelor +	21.4	78.3	-	0.3	-	100	702	

n=all Iraqi respondents 6-17 years currently enrolled

2.27 Type of school non-Iraqi

		Type of school					Total	Sample size
		Government	Private	Charitable	International	Other		
Total		77.7	16.9	0.0	5.0	0.4	100	2,325
Gender	Male	77.5	18.7	-	3.7	0.1	100	1,161
	Female	78.0	15.0	0.0	6.3	0.7	100	1,164
Age	6	56.7	39.8	0.1	3.4	-	100	189
	7	69.2	27.2	-	3.6	-	100	204
	8	73.5	23.0	-	3.5	-	100	200
	9	75.8	18.2	-	5.1	0.9	100	180
	10	73.9	19.6	-	6.1	0.4	100	201
	11	80.0	15.1	-	4.7	0.3	100	208
	12	79.0	12.4	-	8.7	-	100	216
	13	83.6	8.3	-	8.1	-	100	223
	14	78.4	12.3	-	7.5	1.8	100	193
	15	91.9	5.2	-	2.9	-	100	171
16	83.9	10.6	-	3.9	1.5	100	178	
17	89.1	10.0	-	0.9	-	100	162	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	86.8	2.6	-	10.3	0.4	100	335
	Low wealth	89.5	4.5	0.0	6.0	-	100	492
	Middle wealth	80.9	12.1	-	6.6	0.5	100	491
	High wealth	82.9	16.7	0.0	0.3	-	100	411
	Highest wealth	49.2	46.9	-	2.9	1.1	100	596
Place of residence	Not in Amman	86.9	10.8	0.0	2.3	-	100	1,012
	In Amman	62.6	27.0	0.0	9.4	1.0	100	1,313
Education of household head	Still in school	73.7	21.1	-	5.2	-	100	129
	Not completed	91.1	5.9	-	2.9	-	100	146
	Elementary	83.9	8.9	-	6.9	0.3	100	370
	Preparatory	85.8	9.7	0.0	4.2	0.4	100	494
	Basic	81.0	10.0	0.1	9.0	-	100	111
	Vocational training	99.7	0.3	-	-	-	100	12
	Secondary	71.8	20.1	-	8.1	-	100	371
	Intermediate diploma	74.0	19.5	-	4.9	1.6	100	260
	Batchelor +	60.5	38.6	-	1.0	-	100	432

n=all non-Iraqi respondents 6-17 years currently enrolled

2.28 Cost of school Iraq

		Annual cost of attending school				
		25 percentile	Median	75 percentile	Mean	Sample size
Total		200	800	1,500	1,304	1,216
Gender	Male	200	800	1,700	1,395	629
	Female	200	750	1,500	1,219	587
Age	6	250	600	1,000	1,029	97
	7	160	300	900	1,067	97
	8	150	700	1,200	1,301	111
	9	120	500	1,000	1,190	104
	10	100	550	1,000	1,029	107
	11	150	750	1,200	1,214	99
	12	200	650	1,500	1,272	117
	13	416	1,000	1,700	1,371	99
	14	400	1,000	2,000	1,485	105
	15	500	1,000	1,500	1,391	90
	16	500	1,800	2,000	1,625	106
	17	1,000	1,500	2,000	1,716	84
Religious affiliation	Sunni	200	800	1,500	1,288	834
	Shia	200	1,000	2,000	1,524	210
	Catholic	200	500	1,000	1,049	111
	Orthodox	200	500	800	968	33
	Protestant	300	300	1,400	722	5
	Nasatra	.	.	.	.	0
	Sabeian	700	1,000	1,000	771	6
	Yezidis	.	.	.	.	0
	Others or not stated	200	1,000	3,000	1,993	17
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	70	100	250	566	105
	Low wealth	150	160	300	294	126
	Middle wealth	200	550	1,000	717	143
	High wealth	300	555	1,000	961	215
	Highest wealth	800	1,500	2,000	1,955	627
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	130	300	1,300	1,288	262
	2003	200	750	1,700	1,385	102
	2004	500	1,000	1,800	1,718	161
	2005	400	1,000	1,500	1,379	272
	2006	250	800	1,500	1,060	397
	2007	500	550	2,500	2,471	22
Place of residence	Not in Amman	70	100	160	235	58
	In Amman	500	1,000	2,000	1,511	1,158
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	150	300	1,000	754	429
	Valid permit	500	1,000	2,000	1,584	787
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	120	300	900	759	453
	Not registered with UNHCR	500	1,000	2,000	1,633	756
Education of household head	Still in school	200	500	1,000	820	36
	Not completed	70	70	70	101	14
	Elementary	100	100	200	221	34
	Preparatory	200	700	1,500	1,187	95
	Basic	400	400	1,770	822	6
	Vocational training	160	160	600	395	9
	Secondary	120	500	1,000	1,048	120
	Intermediate diploma	350	700	1,200	1,299	200
	Batchelor +	500	1,000	2,000	1,575	702
Type of school	Government	70	100	200	383	262
	Private	550	1,000	2,000	1,613	947
	Charitable	250	9,998	9,998	5,782	4
	International	5,300	5,300	5,300	5,231	2
	Other	250	250	250	250	1

n=all Iraqi respondents 6-17 years currently enrolled

2.29 Cost of school non-Iraqi

		What is the annual cost of attending this school?				
		75				
		25 percentile	Median	percentile	Mean	Sample size
Total		40	60	150	303	2,326
Gender	Male	40	60	150	310	1,161
	Female	40	60	150	295	1,165
Age	6	50	100	200	410	189
	7	30	50	200	351	204
	8	30	50	120	367	200
	9	30	60	150	308	181
	10	35	50	130	232	201
	11	35	50	100	242	208
	12	35	50	100	216	216
	13	40	50	125	190	223
	14	40	50	120	398	193
	15	50	60	100	314	171
	16	40	60	150	277	178
17	70	120	200	359	162	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	30	43	60	119	335
	Low wealth	40	50	100	70	492
	Middle wealth	40	60	120	189	491
	High wealth	40	60	150	491	411
	Highest wealth	70	215	600	645	597
Place of residence	Not in Amman	40	50	100	205	1,012
	In Amman	40	70	280	463	1,314
Type of school	Government	35	50	100	146	1,658
	Private	250	450	950	1,056	520
	Charitable	200	200	200	191	2
	International	25	50	100	141	138
	Other	180	500	500	340	7

n=all non-Iraqi respondents 6-17 years currently enrolled

2.30 Completed education 16+ Iraqi

		Highest completed education level								Total	Sample size
		Not completed	Elementary	Preparatory/ intermediate Iraq	Basic	Vocational training	Secondary/ preparatory Iraq	Intermediate diploma	Bachelor		
Total		4.5	9.9	10.2	2.9	1.1	14.5	10.5	46.3	100	3,765
Gender	Male	4.1	8.9	9.5	2.3	1.6	11.3	10.9	51.5	100	1,792
	Female	4.8	10.7	10.8	3.4	0.8	17.1	10.3	42.2	100	1,973
Age groups	15-24 years	6.2	14.6	14.3	13.3	0.5	21.4	2.4	27.2	100	555
	25-64 years	4.1	8.9	9.7	1.3	1.3	13.6	11.8	49.3	100	2,932
	65 and older	6.1	12.4	7.0	1.0	-	10.9	13.0	49.6	100	278
Religious affiliation	Sunni	4.3	6.5	8.0	2.6	1.4	14.9	10.9	51.3	100	2,231
	Shia	5.1	14.4	10.0	2.5	0.2	11.4	9.2	47.1	100	634
	Catholic	3.3	13.6	20.6	5.8	1.0	17.4	9.6	28.6	100	463
	Orthodox	4.8	21.1	15.1	1.7	1.2	21.4	10.0	24.7	100	193
	Protestant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	100	4
	Nasatra	5.8	60.2	5.8	5.8	-	2.3	17.4	2.7	100	15
	Sabeen	9.0	15.8	16.2	5.3	0.7	10.9	16.5	25.7	100	171
	Yezidis	-	-	50.0	50.0	-	-	-	-	100	2
	Others or not stated	2.1	20.8	16.5	-	-	11.4	3.5	45.7	100	52
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	7.6	30.4	16.5	1.8	0.8	15.1	11.8	16.1	100	598
	Low wealth	12.8	13.9	15.0	4.8	5.0	12.0	11.6	25.0	100	585
	Middle wealth	2.4	7.5	17.1	2.7	1.0	16.9	12.6	39.8	100	549
	High wealth	3.2	4.4	6.9	2.4	0.3	10.3	8.9	63.7	100	520
	Highest wealth	1.1	2.7	4.7	2.9	0.0	16.0	9.5	63.1	100	1,513
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	9.1	12.2	11.1	2.9	3.1	17.8	13.1	30.7	100	883
	2003	1.5	7.1	8.8	2.6	0.3	8.5	6.5	64.8	100	313
	2004	7.2	14.1	16.5	4.1	0.2	15.0	11.1	31.8	100	490
	2005	2.2	12.9	10.1	2.7	0.2	15.6	12.5	43.6	100	715
	2006	1.7	6.6	7.1	2.7	0.5	13.5	8.9	59.0	100	1,173
	2007	2.4	3.8	11.5	3.0	-	9.4	6.9	62.8	100	189
Place of residence	Not in Amman	10.6	16.4	11.3	1.0	3.6	19.1	9.9	28.1	100	183
	In Amman	2.8	8.1	9.9	3.5	0.4	13.3	10.7	51.3	100	3,582
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	6.8	16.3	12.3	4.0	1.3	19.4	10.5	29.3	100	1,736
	Valid permit	2.8	5.3	8.6	2.1	1.0	10.9	10.6	58.7	100	2,029
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	5.9	14.1	14.9	3.7	2.6	13.8	11.6	33.4	100	1,674
	Not registered with UNHCR	3.7	7.0	6.7	2.4	0.2	15.0	10.0	55.0	100	2,071

n=all Iraqi respondents 16+

2.31 Completed education 16+ Non-Iraqi

		Highest completed education level								Total	Sample size
		Not completed	Elementary	Preparatory/ intermediate Iraq	Basic	Vocational training	Secondary/ preparatory Iraq	Intermediate diploma	Bachelor		
Total		5.9	15.4	15.6	18.4	1.1	16.1	11.3	16.2	100	4,649
Gender	Male	5.8	17.0	15.3	19.4	1.8	13.7	9.3	17.6	100	2,381
	Female	6.0	13.5	15.9	17.2	0.3	18.9	13.6	14.7	100	2,268
Age groups	15-24 years	4.9	13.1	8.0	39.7	2.4	14.6	5.3	12.0	100	937
	25-64 years	5.1	15.8	17.9	12.8	0.8	16.7	13.4	17.5	100	3,519
	65 and older	32.7	21.3	11.9	1.4	-	14.5	3.6	14.6	100	193
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	10.0	25.3	19.2	21.4	1.0	14.6	6.0	2.6	100	724
	Low wealth	9.1	20.1	16.9	20.1	1.3	16.8	8.3	7.5	100	944
	Middle wealth	4.5	10.8	16.6	25.0	2.1	16.2	12.4	12.3	100	879
	High wealth	2.3	9.3	18.7	16.7	0.7	15.6	15.0	21.7	100	718
	Highest wealth	3.3	11.5	7.9	8.8	0.3	17.0	15.0	36.1	100	1,384
Place of residence	Not in Amman	5.9	15.7	16.5	21.3	1.4	14.3	10.7	14.1	100	1,661
	In Amman	5.8	14.8	14.2	14.0	0.7	18.9	12.3	19.3	100	2,988

n=all non-Iraqi respondents 16+

2.32 Reasons for not attending school

		Main reason for not being enrolled or leaving education															Total	Sample size
		Below school age	Finished education	Disability/illness	Family poverty	Family disintegration	Not interested in school	Repeated failure	Left school for marriage	Lost identification papers	Too dangerous to go to school	Family does not want girls to go to school	Family displaced due to war	School closed due to war	Other	Total	Sample size	
Total		3.5	0.2	2.4	9.8	0.2	7.8	0.4	1.3	1.1	3.2	0.6	47.7	1.2	20.6	100	352	
Gender	Male	1.3	0.3	3.0	13.1	-	10.5	-	-	1.2	4.1	-	47.4	0.6	18.5	100	166	
	Female	5.9	-	1.6	6.2	0.3	4.8	0.8	2.9	1.0	2.2	1.3	48.0	1.9	23.0	100	186	
Age	6	37.1	-	4.7	9.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29.9	1.9	16.7	100	42	
	7	-	-	7.5	12.7	-	-	-	-	6.0	-	-	43.8	-	30.1	100	19	
	8	-	-	4.5	8.1	4.5	2.8	-	-	4.5	-	-	72.6	-	3.1	100	20	
	9	-	-	4.8	10.0	-	3.8	-	-	-	-	-	70.4	1.5	9.5	100	23	
	10	-	-	12.3	14.8	-	2.6	-	-	-	-	-	49.1	-	21.3	100	23	
	11	-	-	-	2.4	-	-	-	-	1.8	2.6	-	42.8	0.8	49.6	100	28	
	12	-	-	3.2	6.7	-	4.6	-	-	-	1.3	3.7	64.4	3.7	12.4	100	16	
	13	-	-	2.7	4.7	-	7.8	-	-	-	3.9	-	61.1	0.8	19.0	100	30	
	14	-	-	1.4	27.7	-	1.8	2.1	-	2.0	-	-	47.5	-	17.5	100	34	
	15	-	2.1	-	10.0	-	1.6	-	-	3.0	7.1	2.4	58.9	1.4	13.5	100	27	
	16	-	-	-	14.6	-	4.9	-	5.8	-	4.5	0.9	59.4	-	10.0	100	45	
	17	-	-	-	1.2	-	27.8	0.5	3.8	0.5	7.8	0.9	28.8	2.6	26.0	100	45	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	5.7	-	3.9	12.2	0.3	12.8	0.8	2.3	1.1	4.3	1.4	42.5	1.3	11.5	100	158	
	Shia	2.1	-	3.6	10.6	-	4.2	-	1.7	-	1.6	-	30.5	-	45.8	100	40	
	Catholic	-	-	-	4.6	-	2.4	-	-	2.1	3.3	-	57.1	-	30.6	100	53	
	Orthodox	-	-	-	26.2	-	2.1	-	-	-	-	-	59.1	2.2	10.4	100	22	
	Protestant	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	
	Nasatra	-	-	-	-	-	6.3	-	-	-	-	-	93.7	-	-	100	4	
	Sabeian	4.1	1.2	-	4.7	-	4.7	-	-	2.4	2.3	-	63.8	4.0	12.6	100	62	
	Yezidis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	100	6	
	Others or not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	12.9	-	87.1	-	-	100	7	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	1.8	-	4.6	20.4	-	0.5	-	1.0	-	1.1	0.3	53.0	1.5	15.7	100	109	
	Low wealth	1.5	0.6	0.6	8.1	-	21.2	-	-	1.1	1.1	1.9	53.6	1.1	9.2	100	114	
	Middle wealth	10.6	-	1.2	4.5	0.8	2.0	-	-	2.4	5.7	-	53.6	-	19.3	100	55	
	High wealth	3.9	-	6.1	6.8	-	6.5	1.1	2.9	2.3	2.9	-	41.1	3.7	22.8	100	47	
	Highest wealth	-	-	-	-	-	5.4	2.1	6.2	0.9	9.1	-	16.8	0.9	58.6	100	27	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	7.3	-	-	13.6	-	37.2	-	-	1.5	-	-	30.6	-	9.9	100	43	
	2003	6.1	-	5.8	16.1	-	4.2	-	4.2	-	7.3	-	46.6	2.5	7.3	100	22	
	2004	1.6	-	-	3.7	-	0.7	-	3.2	-	3.1	0.6	54.8	1.4	30.9	100	59	
	2005	3.3	1.0	3.9	6.1	1.0	3.3	-	1.9	2.1	-	3.5	47.5	2.9	23.4	100	71	
	2006	2.7	-	3.8	13.8	-	1.8	0.9	1.0	1.4	6.0	-	42.1	0.9	25.5	100	138	
	2007	3.0	-	-	-	-	6.2	-	-	-	-	-	87.1	1.1	2.6	100	19	
Place of residence	Not in Amman	1.5	-	-	24.4	-	34.6	-	-	1.5	6.0	-	22.6	-	9.4	100	27	
	In Amman	3.9	0.2	2.8	7.3	0.2	3.1	0.4	1.6	1.1	2.7	0.7	52.1	1.4	22.6	100	325	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	1.8	0.2	2.3	10.3	-	9.0	-	0.4	1.6	3.4	-	45.8	1.2	24.0	100	247	
	Valid permit	7.3	-	2.5	8.8	0.5	5.2	1.2	3.4	-	2.8	2.0	51.9	1.2	13.2	100	105	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	2.7	0.2	2.3	11.3	0.2	8.2	-	0.4	1.0	3.0	-	46.8	0.9	23.0	100	228	
	Not registered with UNHCR	6.8	-	3.1	8.6	-	9.0	1.5	4.2	1.9	4.7	2.5	35.3	2.4	20.0	100	120	
Education of household head	Still in school	-	-	3.6	24.3	-	4.1	2.8	3.6	-	-	-	51.8	-	9.9	100	15	
	Not completed	3.1	2.1	-	45.9	-	7.1	-	-	4.2	3.7	-	30.7	3.1	-	100	24	
	Elementary	0.6	-	2.3	12.1	-	1.7	2.3	3.9	-	2.9	-	52.5	1.9	19.8	100	49	
	Preparatory	1.2	-	5.8	10.8	0.9	4.2	-	-	1.8	0.8	-	48.9	1.6	24.0	100	73	
	Basic	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	100	6	
	Vocational training	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	1	
	Secondary	4.8	-	4.9	6.8	-	3.3	-	1.3	-	12.8	6.0	37.4	4.5	18.2	100	54	
	Intermediate diploma	0.8	-	-	11.4	-	1.4	-	4.5	-	4.4	-	60.7	-	16.8	100	43	
	Batchelor +	7.3	-	1.2	0.6	-	2.2	-	0.5	1.5	2.0	-	56.1	-	28.6	100	87	

n=all Iraqi respondents 6-17 years currently enrolled

2.33 In working age

		Working age population 15+			
		Not in	In working		
		working age	age	Total	Sample size
Total		26.7	73.3	100	6,638
What is [...]s gender?	Male	30.5	69.5	100	3,258
	Female	23.6	76.4	100	3,380
Religious affiliation	Sunni	28.0	72.0	100	4,121
	Shia	22.7	77.3	100	1,099
	Catholic	26.7	73.3	100	726
	Orthodox	15.9	84.1	100	282
	Protestant	42.1	57.9	100	11
	Nasatra	19.6	80.4	100	25
	Sabeen	33.0	67.0	100	269
	Yezidis	75.0	25.0	100	8
	Others or not stated	23.2	76.8	100	97
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	24.7	75.3	100	986
	Low wealth	33.7	66.3	100	1,022
	Middle wealth	27.4	72.6	100	913
	High wealth	28.3	71.7	100	960
	Highest wealth	24.0	76.0	100	2,757
Education	Still in school	57.2	42.8	100	1,759
	Not completed	78.8	21.2	100	805
	Elementary	12.2	87.8	100	428
	Preparatory	1.3	98.7	100	457
	Basic	-	100.0	100	119
	Vocational training	-	100.0	100	15
	Secondary	-	100.0	100	552
	Intermediate diploma	-	100.0	100	469
	Batchelor +	-	100.0	100	1,674
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	18.5	81.5	100	1,362
	2003	15.4	84.6	100	532
	2004	30.2	69.8	100	860
	2005	32.6	67.4	100	1,319
	2006	31.8	68.2	100	2,226
	2007	32.1	67.9	100	337
Place of residence	Not in Amman	24.8	75.2	100	331
	In Amman	27.2	72.8	100	6,307
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	28.2	71.8	100	2,879
	Valid permit	25.4	74.6	100	3,759
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	29.3	70.7	100	2,807
	Not registered with UNHCR	24.8	75.2	100	3,786

n=all Iraqi respondents

2.34 Employment status

		Employment status				
		Employed	Un employed	Not economically active	Total	Sample size
Total		21.5	7.8	70.7	100	4,658
What is [...]s gender?	Male	42.3	8.4	49.2	100	2,238
	Female	6.2	7.3	86.4	100	2,420
Religious affiliation	Sunni	20.3	6.0	73.8	100	2,827
	Shia	32.7	17.1	50.2	100	790
	Catholic	15.4	4.5	80.1	100	531
	Orthodox	13.3	7.1	79.6	100	229
	Protestant	18.6	-	81.4	100	6
	Nasatra	3.9	5.9	90.2	100	20
	Sabean	4.3	6.5	89.2	100	181
	Yezidis	-	-	100.0	100	2
	Others or not stated	33.9	2.3	63.8	100	72
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	29.2	4.0	66.8	100	696
	Low wealth	21.9	8.8	69.4	100	675
	Middle wealth	16.1	9.8	74.1	100	639
	High wealth	14.2	24.2	61.6	100	657
	Highest wealth	21.3	3.8	74.9	100	1,991
Education	Still in school	1.2	0.7	98.2	100	721
	Not completed	29.9	3.1	67.0	100	129
	Elementary	28.8	6.8	64.5	100	379
	Preparatory	22.5	4.0	73.5	100	453
	Basic	6.9	2.6	90.4	100	119
	Vocational training	44.4	15.0	40.7	100	15
	Secondary	16.7	4.2	79.1	100	552
	Intermediate diploma	28.9	6.4	64.7	100	469
	Batchelor +	30.7	14.9	54.3	100	1,674
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	29.7	6.2	64.1	100	1,101
	2003	13.9	19.1	67.0	100	390
	2004	30.7	5.2	64.1	100	592
	2005	24.6	4.6	70.8	100	886
	2006	15.4	7.0	77.6	100	1,459
	2007	6.6	3.1	90.3	100	228
Place of residence	Not in Amman	22.6	14.3	63.1	100	220
	In Amman	21.1	5.7	73.2	100	4,438
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	19.4	6.1	74.5	100	2,004
	Valid permit	23.0	9.1	67.9	100	2,654
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	23.0	8.3	68.7	100	1,967
	Not registered with UNHCR	20.6	7.6	71.8	100	2,660

n=all Iraqi respondents 15+

2.35 Working hour in main job last 7 days

		Working hours in main job				
		25	Median	75	Mean	Sample size
		percentile		percentile		
Total		36	48	60	49	1,016
Gender	Male	36	48	60	50	877
	Female	36	48	56	47	139
Religious affiliation	Sunni	35	48	60	48	643
	Shia	40	54	65	53	236
	Catholic	36	48	56	46	79
	Orthodox	42	48	50	45	27
	Protestant	40	40	40	40	2
	Nasatra	48	48	48	48	2
	Sabeen	42	50	84	55	8
	Others or not stated	45	50	56	48	19
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	35	55	65	53	230
	Low wealth	40	49	65	51	119
	Middle wealth	35	48	60	49	95
	High wealth	36	45	54	46	110
	Highest wealth	35	45	60	46	462
Education	Still in school	18	45	48	37	12
	Not completed	45	55	70	53	28
	Elementary	40	55	65	54	95
	Preparatory	40	54	65	52	91
	Basic	45	48	60	50	11
	Vocational training	48	48	48	49	5
	Secondary	35	45	60	50	102
	Intermediate diploma	30	48	60	46	116
	Batchelor +	36	45	60	47	544
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	35	48	60	47	347
	2003	40	48	60	48	103
	2004	45	55	65	54	139
	2005	40	50	60	51	190
	2006	35	45	60	49	220
	2007	30	60	63	53	15
Place of residence	Not in Amman	35	48	65	51	61
	In Amman	36	48	60	49	955
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	40	55	65	53	384
	Valid permit	35	48	60	46	632
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	42	55	65	54	373
	Not registered with UNHCR	35	45	60	46	636
Employment status in main job	Paid employee	40	48	60	50	623
	Employer	35	48	60	48	281
	Self employed	30	48	65	47	97
	Unpaid family worker	18	36	50	37	4
	Unpaid worker	40	70	72	61	11

n=all Iraqi respondents who are employed

2.36 Employment status in main job

		Employment status in main job					Total	Sample size
		Paid employee	Employer	Self employed	Unpaid family worker	Unpaid worker		
Total		61.4	23.0	14.7	0.2	0.8	100	1,038
Gender	Male	59.6	27.0	12.6	0.1	0.7	100	898
	Female	70.4	2.6	25.4	0.3	1.3	100	140
Religious affiliation	Sunni	62.3	25.4	11.4	0.2	0.8	100	656
	Shia	53.7	19.6	26.0	-	0.6	100	242
	Catholic	74.3	18.6	4.5	0.7	1.9	100	82
	Orthodox	67.5	17.3	15.2	-	-	100	27
	Protestant	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	2
	Nasatra	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	2
	Sabeian	82.8	-	17.2	-	-	100	8
	Others or not stated	83.7	16.3	-	-	-	100	19
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	70.6	5.5	23.9	0.1	-	100	232
	Low wealth	82.2	2.8	14.9	-	-	100	120
	Middle wealth	68.8	24.2	5.2	-	1.8	100	96
	High wealth	61.5	19.1	17.9	-	1.4	100	115
	Highest wealth	45.8	42.9	9.8	0.3	1.3	100	475
Education	Still in school	23.4	47.4	24.2	-	5.0	100	13
	Not completed	81.0	2.5	16.5	-	-	100	28
	Elementary	69.2	8.1	22.5	0.3	-	100	96
	Preparatory	64.5	11.3	24.2	-	-	100	92
	Basic	93.6	6.4	-	-	-	100	11
	Vocational training	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	5
	Secondary	74.1	19.2	6.7	-	-	100	104
	Intermediate diploma	41.8	36.9	20.9	0.4	-	100	119
	Batchelor +	59.7	29.5	9.2	0.2	1.5	100	558
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	72.8	16.7	9.8	0.1	0.6	100	351
	2003	54.8	20.1	24.7	0.4	-	100	104
	2004	36.9	22.3	40.0	-	0.8	100	139
	2005	58.3	29.5	11.1	0.4	0.7	100	197
	2006	64.6	30.2	4.1	-	1.1	100	228
	2007	73.7	15.8	4.8	-	5.7	100	17
Place of residence	Not in Amman	65.4	7.4	27.2	-	-	100	61
	In Amman	60.0	28.6	10.2	0.2	1.1	100	977
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	68.1	13.1	18.7	0.1	-	100	387
	Valid permit	57.1	29.3	12.2	0.2	1.3	100	651
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	74.8	5.3	19.3	0.1	0.6	100	378
	Not registered with UNHCR	52.4	34.4	12.0	0.2	0.9	100	653

n=all Iraqi respondents who are employed

2.37 Monthly income in main job

		Monthly income in main job				
		75				
		25 percentile	Median	percentile	Mean	Sample size
Total		150	250	900	666	802
Gender	Male	160	300	1,000	770	681
	Female	100	150	200	234	121
Religious affiliation	Sunni	150	350	1,100	778	506
	Shia	150	200	400	520	185
	Catholic	100	150	350	471	63
	Orthodox	100	200	200	261	21
	Protestant	250	300	350	300	2
	Nasatra	100	140	180	140	2
	Sabeen	110	200	200	276	8
	Others or not stated	110	160	260	242	15
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	100	150	200	173	209
	Low wealth	100	150	200	216	111
	Middle wealth	180	300	420	407	77
	High wealth	300	510	1,000	852	87
	Highest wealth	600	1,100	1,500	1,412	318
Education	Still in school	450	800	800	991	12
	Not completed	100	150	150	155	27
	Elementary	100	150	200	185	87
	Preparatory	110	150	200	318	83
	Basic	130	150	180	160	10
	Vocational training	75	75	75	86	5
	Secondary	90	150	300	439	82
	Intermediate diploma	160	210	300	629	85
	Batchelor +	300	825	1,500	1,073	400
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	100	170	500	462	285
	2003	110	200	1,000	754	83
	2004	170	200	500	600	108
	2005	160	300	1,000	830	149
	2006	200	500	1,500	898	165
	2007	170	450	1,000	661	12
Place of residence	Not in Amman	100	150	200	210	59
	In Amman	170	400	1,200	873	743
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	110	170	200	256	335
	Valid permit	200	560	1,500	981	467
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	100	160	250	251	343
	Not registered with UNHCR	200	600	1,500	1,000	454
Employment status in main job	Paid employee	120	200	600	470	572
	Employer	500	1,000	2,000	1,710	158
	Self employed	150	200	400	526	72
	Unpaid family worker	.	.	.	.	0
	Unpaid worker	.	.	.	.	0

n=all Iraqi respondents who are employed

2.38 Wish to change jobs

		Wish to change job			Total	Sample size
		Yes	No	Total		
Total		11.5	88.5	100		1,033
Gender	Male	11.6	88.4	100		894
	Female	10.9	89.1	100		139
Religious affiliation	Sunni	12.8	87.2	100		655
	Shia	5.7	94.3	100		240
	Catholic	10.9	89.1	100		82
	Orthodox	16.1	83.9	100		26
	Protestant	-	100.0	100		2
	Nasatra	-	100.0	100		2
	Sabeen	16.2	83.8	100		8
	Others or not stated	46.0	54.0	100		18
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	18.4	81.6	100		229
	Low wealth	18.7	81.3	100		120
	Middle wealth	8.3	91.7	100		96
	High wealth	10.6	89.4	100		115
	Highest wealth	5.0	95.0	100		473
Education	Still in school	11.3	88.7	100		13
	Not completed	8.9	91.1	100		28
	Elementary	17.6	82.4	100		94
	Preparatory	18.5	81.5	100		92
	Basic	24.6	75.4	100		11
	Vocational training	21.2	78.8	100		5
	Secondary	14.4	85.6	100		104
	Intermediate diploma	9.8	90.2	100		118
	Batchelor +	9.0	91.0	100		556
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	12.1	87.9	100		349
	2003	6.8	93.2	100		104
	2004	6.8	93.2	100		138
	2005	7.6	92.4	100		197
	2006	17.9	82.1	100		226
	2007	22.9	77.1	100		17
Place of residence	Not in Amman	9.9	90.1	100		61
	In Amman	12.1	87.9	100		972
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	20.2	79.8	100		384
	Valid permit	5.9	94.1	100		649
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	20.8	79.2	100		374
	Not registered with UNHCR	5.8	94.2	100		652

n=all Iraqi respondents who are employed

2.39 Reasons for wanting to change jobs

		Main reason for wanting a new or additional job						Total	Sample size
		Insufficient income	Does not match educational qualifications	Long working hours	Bad working conditions	Does not like present job	Other	Total	Sample size
Total		50.6	19.6	8.0	10.4	10.2	1.2	100	120
Gender	Male	45.9	21.6	8.7	10.9	12.1	0.8	100	96
	Female	76.1	8.6	4.3	7.9	-	3.1	100	24
Religious affiliation	Sunni	40.7	20.6	9.9	12.7	14.4	1.7	100	77
	Shia	91.5	-	2.3	6.2	-	-	100	20
	Catholic	83.9	4.3	-	11.8	-	-	100	10
	Orthodox	54.6	26.3	19.1	-	-	-	100	4
	Protestant								
	Nasatra								
	Sabeian	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	100	2
	Others or not stated	41.5	58.5	-	-	-	-	100	7
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	34.2	15.1	15.3	16.9	18.6	-	100	42
	Low wealth	69.4	22.2	4.1	4.3	-	-	100	31
	Middle wealth	64.8	14.3	-	-	20.8	-	100	10
	High wealth	50.2	15.2	-	25.3	-	9.2	100	10
	Highest wealth	62.0	31.2	1.1	-	3.0	2.8	100	27
Education	Still in school	30.4	-	-	-	69.6	-	100	2
	Not completed	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	100	6
	Elementary	27.0	-	-	25.8	47.3	-	100	14
	Preparatory	81.8	-	5.1	13.1	-	-	100	21
	Basic	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	100	2
	Vocational training	59.5	-	-	40.5	-	-	100	4
	Secondary	34.5	-	65.5	-	-	-	100	11
	Intermediate diploma	64.7	21.8	2.0	4.1	-	7.4	100	13
	Batchelor +	44.9	44.4	-	6.1	3.4	1.2	100	46
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	58.1	18.2	18.9	4.7	-	-	100	45
	2003	47.9	18.2	5.8	28.1	-	-	100	11
	2004	55.5	-	7.3	37.2	-	-	100	12
	2005	53.5	3.5	-	25.4	17.6	-	100	16
	2006	37.1	32.7	-	3.1	23.7	3.3	100	34
	2007	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	100	2
Place of residence	Not in Amman	31.0	-	29.8	2.8	36.3	-	100	10
	In Amman	56.4	25.4	1.5	12.7	2.4	1.5	100	110
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	46.9	19.8	10.9	9.4	12.1	1.0	100	73
	Valid permit	58.9	19.1	1.6	12.9	6.0	1.5	100	47
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	45.4	17.0	11.5	10.4	13.9	1.7	100	77
	Not registered with UNHCR	62.4	25.4	-	10.5	1.7	-	100	43

n=all Iraqi respondents who are employed and want to change jobs

2.40 Reasons for not looking for a job

		What is the main reason why [...] did not seek work during the last four weeks?									Total	Sample size
		Waiting to return to former job	Found job to join later	Thinks that there are no jobs	Tired of looking for work	Do not know how to look for work	Could not find suitable job	Not educationally qualified	Cannot get job without permit	Total		
Total		1.4	6.2	10.6	6.0	8.4	18.3	2.4	46.7	100	333	
What is [...]s gender?	Male	2.3	2.6	10.2	0.9	11.5	16.8	3.5	52.1	100	187	
	Female	0.5	9.9	11.0	11.4	5.2	20.0	1.1	40.9	100	146	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	0.5	7.4	12.5	8.4	10.6	22.5	2.5	35.4	100	190	
	Shia	6.7	5.7	7.0	4.4	5.6	11.6	3.0	56.0	100	49	
	Catholic	-	2.7	14.6	-	1.5	22.8	-	58.5	100	31	
	Orthodox	-	5.5	4.0	-	10.2	9.5	-	70.8	100	31	
	Protestant											
	Nasatra	-	-	48.1	-	-	-	-	-	51.9	100	2
	Sabeian	-	-	2.6	-	-	-	-	97.4	100	26	
	Yezidis											
Others or not stated	-	-	-	-	-	-	40.3	59.7	100	4		
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	-	-	32.5	-	0.8	2.5	2.7	61.5	100	43	
	Low wealth	-	14.3	2.7	14.8	17.6	15.3	2.2	33.1	100	61	
	Middle wealth	6.9	2.4	5.0	2.7	6.1	17.8	1.9	57.3	100	74	
	High wealth	1.0	-	3.8	5.0	6.9	41.6	-	41.7	100	47	
	Highest wealth	0.8	4.6	14.8	1.6	3.9	20.4	3.5	50.5	100	108	
Education	Still in school	-	-	-	-	-	60.2	-	39.8	100	3	
	Not completed	-	-	-	-	90.5	0.5	2.7	6.2	100	6	
	Elementary	7.2	-	-	-	-	9.8	6.8	76.3	100	13	
	Preparatory	-	-	3.5	-	3.5	21.4	8.9	62.7	100	36	
	Basic	-	-	20.4	-	6.2	-	20.8	52.6	100	13	
	Vocational training	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100.0	100	2	
	Secondary	-	-	23.7	-	5.4	20.2	3.7	47.1	100	39	
	Intermediate diploma	6.0	1.3	5.9	27.1	2.6	19.1	-	38.0	100	49	
Batchelor +	0.2	12.4	11.5	2.3	3.7	20.9	-	48.9	100	172		
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	0.7	14.3	5.1	15.1	16.0	15.1	2.2	31.4	100	61	
	2003	-	9.7	5.0	9.0	2.2	28.5	-	45.6	100	32	
	2004	-	-	7.7	-	4.9	23.4	3.4	60.5	100	36	
	2005	-	1.3	23.6	0.9	4.2	16.1	2.5	51.5	100	63	
	2006	4.2	2.7	13.1	1.8	4.5	17.5	3.2	53.1	100	119	
	2007	-	-	-	-	13.0	25.7	-	61.3	100	22	
Place of residence	Not in Amman	-	19.0	16.1	19.0	23.3	13.3	2.1	7.2	100	14	
	In Amman	1.9	2.2	8.9	2.0	3.9	19.9	2.5	58.7	100	319	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	0.4	1.9	10.9	1.1	12.0	17.4	2.5	53.8	100	190	
	Valid permit	2.6	11.1	10.3	11.6	4.3	19.5	2.2	38.5	100	143	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	2.0	7.7	8.4	7.5	8.2	16.7	2.0	47.4	100	187	
	Not registered with UNHCR	0.3	3.4	15.1	3.3	8.9	21.8	1.3	45.9	100	145	

n=all Iraqi respondents (15+) who want to work but have not looked for a job

2.41 Economic status for those who do not work

		What is [...]s economic status?							
		Live from					Total		
		Student	House- wife/keeper	savings/with means	Disables/el derly/ill	Other			
							Total	Sample size	
Total		19.8	57.7	8.5	5.3	8.7	100	3,327	
What is [...]s gender?	Male	34.2	3.3	27.7	10.7	24.1	100	1,145	
	Female	13.8	80.3	0.5	3.1	2.4	100	2,182	
Age groups	15-24 years	61.5	21.7	0.6	1.0	15.2	100	1,081	
	25-64 years	2.6	76.4	10.7	3.7	6.6	100	1,960	
	65 and older	-	37.7	21.8	39.7	0.9	100	286	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	21.7	58.8	7.6	5.3	6.6	100	1,977	
	Shia	22.6	59.1	5.9	4.4	7.9	100	502	
	Catholic	7.8	52.6	15.1	5.5	18.9	100	426	
	Orthodox	19.0	56.1	9.7	7.7	7.6	100	191	
	Protestant	44.9	27.5	27.5	-	-	100	4	
	Nasatra	-	59.7	3.8	12.8	23.7	100	15	
	Sabeian	1.6	50.2	15.0	3.5	29.7	100	159	
	Yezidis	-	50.0	50.0	-	-	100	2	
	Others or not stated	30.9	45.3	9.4	7.3	7.1	100	51	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	4.6	77.7	3.7	6.5	7.6	100	425	
	Low wealth	9.9	61.1	7.2	5.1	16.8	100	506	
	Middle wealth	21.0	50.6	12.6	6.2	9.7	100	474	
	High wealth	20.6	50.5	12.3	6.9	9.7	100	502	
	Highest wealth	29.1	51.7	8.8	4.2	6.2	100	1,420	
Education	Still in school	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	705	
	Not completed	0.4	66.9	2.6	8.8	21.3	100	94	
	Elementary	-	75.3	6.7	6.8	11.2	100	269	
	Preparatory	0.2	67.2	11.6	8.0	12.9	100	337	
	Basic	1.2	61.9	5.7	5.4	25.8	100	103	
	Vocational training	-	87.8	1.2	-	10.9	100	6	
	Secondary	0.5	74.9	6.6	5.0	13.0	100	420	
	Intermediate diploma	-	75.2	10.5	5.5	8.8	100	318	
	Batchelor +	0.2	65.2	18.7	6.0	9.7	100	943	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	20.4	63.4	5.9	4.5	5.8	100	691	
	2003	9.9	81.1	3.9	2.3	2.8	100	260	
	2004	21.0	54.6	7.1	6.7	10.6	100	414	
	2005	19.3	56.3	8.6	6.2	9.7	100	643	
	2006	25.4	48.4	10.6	5.0	10.6	100	1,119	
	2007	6.8	44.1	18.5	12.9	17.6	100	200	
Place of residence	Not in Amman	8.5	82.0	1.4	3.1	5.0	100	145	
	In Amman	22.9	51.0	10.4	5.9	9.8	100	3,182	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	6.8	67.6	7.0	6.7	11.9	100	1,467	
	Valid permit	30.5	49.5	9.7	4.2	6.1	100	1,860	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	14.2	54.2	9.4	7.5	14.6	100	1,426	
	Not registered with UNHCR	22.7	60.0	7.8	4.2	5.3	100	1,879	

n=all Iraqi respondents (15+) who are not employed

2.42 Worked before coming to Jordan

		Did [...] work before he/she came to Jordan?			Total	Sample size
		Worked before coming to Jordan	Did not work before coming to Jordan	Has always been in Jordan		
Total		40.1	59.4	0.6	100	4,594
What is [...]s gender?	Male	63.7	36.1	0.2	100	2,215
	Female	20.9	78.2	0.9	100	2,379
Age groups	15-24 years	5.3	93.7	1.0	100	1,222
	25-64 years	50.5	49.0	0.4	100	3,044
	65 and older	54.8	45.0	0.2	100	328
Religious affiliation	Sunni	38.5	61.2	0.3	100	2,787
	Shia	44.7	54.5	0.9	100	779
	Catholic	40.9	58.7	0.3	100	528
	Orthodox	39.5	55.8	4.7	100	225
	Protestant	41.0	59.0	-	100	6
	Nasatra	36.4	63.6	-	100	20
	Sabeen	45.9	54.1	-	100	178
	Yezidis	50.0	50.0	-	100	2
	Others or not stated	48.8	51.2	-	100	69
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	34.9	64.7	0.4	100	681
	Low wealth	40.8	59.0	0.2	100	668
	Middle wealth	42.6	55.4	2.1	100	628
	High wealth	43.1	56.9	-	100	655
	Highest wealth	41.1	58.5	0.4	100	1,962
Education	Still in school	4.7	94.1	1.1	100	715
	Not completed	21.9	77.8	0.3	100	126
	Elementary	33.6	66.4	-	100	372
	Preparatory	36.1	63.7	0.2	100	446
	Basic	11.2	88.8	-	100	117
	Vocational training	20.4	79.6	-	100	15
	Secondary	34.9	62.5	2.6	100	543
	Intermediate diploma	65.7	34.1	0.2	100	463
	Batchelor +	66.1	33.8	0.1	100	1,653
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	40.6	58.5	0.9	100	1,072
	2003	18.8	81.1	0.1	100	386
	2004	43.2	56.8	-	100	585
	2005	43.5	55.9	0.6	100	881
	2006	44.2	54.9	0.8	100	1,441
	2007	51.0	49.0	-	100	227
Place of residence	Not in Amman	32.4	66.6	1.0	100	214
	In Amman	42.3	57.2	0.4	100	4,380
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	37.3	62.1	0.5	100	1,965
	Valid permit	42.2	57.2	0.6	100	2,629
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	45.7	53.9	0.4	100	1,947
	Not registered with UNHCR	36.9	62.4	0.7	100	2,619

n=all Iraqi respondents 15+

3.1 Currently pregnant

		Are you currently pregnant?			
		Currently pregnant	Not currently pregnant	Total	Sample size
Total		7.0	93.0	100	860
Age group	15-24	5.5	94.5	100	36
	25-49	7.1	92.9	100	824
Religious affiliation	Sunni	6.1	93.9	100	545
	Shia	12.7	87.3	100	132
	Catholic	4.9	95.1	100	95
	Orthodox	-	100.0	100	27
	Protestant	-	100.0	100	2
	Nasatra	-	100.0	100	2
	Sabeen	5.1	94.9	100	43
	Yezidis	-	100.0	100	1
	Others or not stated	6.7	93.3	100	13
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	4.2	95.8	100	127
	Low wealth	17.3	82.7	100	151
	Middle wealth	5.4	94.6	100	164
	High wealth	5.0	95.0	100	202
	Highest wealth	3.3	96.7	100	216
Education	Still in school	10.0	90.0	100	38
	Not completed	48.8	51.2	100	17
	Elementary	7.4	92.6	100	51
	Preparatory	4.9	95.1	100	93
	Basic	10.0	90.0	100	8
	Vocational training	-	100.0	100	5
	Secondary	9.2	90.8	100	103
	Intermediate diploma	2.1	97.9	100	134
	Batchelor +	4.9	95.1	100	405
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	11.1	88.9	100	202
	2003	1.1	98.9	100	68
	2004	5.0	95.0	100	112
	2005	4.5	95.5	100	182
	2006	6.6	93.4	100	275
	2007	4.7	95.3	100	21
Place of residence	Not in Amman	12.7	87.3	100	45
	In Amman	5.4	94.6	100	815
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	7.0	93.0	100	376
	Valid permit	6.9	93.1	100	484
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	9.4	90.6	100	381
	Not registered with UNHCR	3.7	96.3	100	471

n=all Iraqi women 15-49

3.2 Sought medical care during current pregnancy

		Did you seek medical care during this pregnancy?			
		Sought medical care during pregnancy	Did not seek medical care during pregnancy	Total	Sample size
Total		94.5	5.5	100	51
Age group	15-24	100.0	-	100	3
	25-49	94.2	5.8	100	48
Religious affiliation	Sunni	94.4	5.6	100	38
	Shia	100.0	-	100	6
	Catholic	100.0	-	100	4
	Sabeian	51.2	48.8	100	2
	Others or not stated	-	100.0	100	1
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	80.5	19.5	100	10
	Low wealth	96.9	3.1	100	12
	Middle wealth	88.0	12.0	100	11
	High wealth	100.0	-	100	11
	Highest wealth	100.0	-	100	7
Education	Still in school	100.0	-	100	5
	Not completed	100.0	-	100	1
	Elementary	100.0	-	100	1
	Preparatory	83.8	16.2	100	5
	Basic	100.0	-	100	1
	Secondary	64.3	35.7	100	13
	Intermediate diploma	100.0	-	100	5
	Batchelor +	100.0	-	100	20
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	99.7	0.3	100	9
	2003	100.0	-	100	2
	2004	60.9	39.1	100	7
	2005	85.8	14.2	100	9
	2006	100.0	-	100	22
	2007	100.0	-	100	2
Place of residence	Not in Amman	100.0	-	100	2
	In Amman	91.0	9.0	100	49
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	88.8	11.2	100	26
	Valid permit	98.9	1.1	100	25
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	97.1	2.9	100	28
	Not registered with UNHCR	86.2	13.8	100	22

n=all Iraqi women 15-49, currently pregnant

3.3 Place of consultation during current pregnancy

		Where did you seek medical care for this treatment					Total	Sample size
		Government health center	University hospital	Royal medical hospital	Private hospital/clinic	Other private medical facility		
Total		16.7	2.2	4.6	75.7	0.9	100	45
Age group	15-24	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	3
	25-49	17.4	2.3	4.8	74.6	0.9	100	42
Religious affiliation	Sunni	29.4	-	8.1	60.9	1.5	100	34
	Shia	-	6.3	-	93.7	-	100	6
	Catholic	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	4
	Sabeian	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	1
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	18.6	-	-	81.4	-	100	7
	Low wealth	24.4	-	-	75.6	-	100	10
	Middle wealth	-	-	11.4	88.6	-	100	10
	High wealth	15.0	15.5	-	63.4	6.1	100	11
	Highest wealth	-	-	27.1	72.9	-	100	7
Education	Still in school	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	5
	Not completed	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	1
	Elementary	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	1
	Preparatory	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	4
	Basic	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	1
	Secondary	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	8
	Intermediate diploma	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	5
	Batchelor +	6.7	6.9	14.2	69.5	2.7	100	20
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	23.8	-	6.2	70.0	-	100	8
	2003	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	2
	2004	-	-	20.8	79.2	-	100	4
	2005	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	7
	2006	14.8	7.8	-	74.3	3.1	100	22
	2007	-	-	-	100.0	-	100	2
Place of residence	Not in Amman	30.5	-	-	69.5	-	100	2
	In Amman	7.1	3.8	7.7	80.0	1.5	100	43
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	40.4	5.4	7.9	44.2	2.1	100	21
	Valid permit	-	-	2.3	97.7	-	100	24
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	6.7	3.6	-	89.7	-	100	26
	Not registered with UNHCR	-	-	18.1	78.5	3.4	100	18

n=all Iraqi women 15-49, currently pregnant

3.4 Reasons for choosing this place of consultancy

		Why did you choose to seek care from this place?					Total	Sample size
		Based on		Based on	Did not	Other reason	Total	Sample size
		Because I could afford it	advice from friends	advice from family	want any other place			
Total		33.1	37.9	12.3	13.8	2.9	100	45
Age group	15-24	-	-	71.4	28.6	-	100	3
	25-49	34.5	39.5	9.7	13.2	3.0	100	42
Religious affiliation	Sunni	51.5	16.0	10.0	18.8	3.7	100	34
	Shia	-	81.7	12.0	6.3	-	100	6
	Catholic	37.2	-	36.4	14.4	12.1	100	4
	Sabeen	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	1
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	58.3	37.5	4.2	-	-	100	7
	Low wealth	26.0	60.0	1.4	10.2	2.4	100	10
	Middle wealth	48.3	11.1	-	40.6	-	100	10
	High wealth	8.7	-	60.8	18.7	11.8	100	11
	Highest wealth	54.4	15.1	20.4	10.1	-	100	7
Education	Still in school	13.1	63.6	13.9	9.3	-	100	5
	Not completed	-	100.0	-	-	-	100	1
	Elementary	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	1
	Preparatory	-	32.6	-	55.7	11.7	100	4
	Basic	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	1
	Secondary	-	10.1	14.6	70.4	4.9	100	8
	Intermediate diploma	31.7	31.7	-	36.6	-	100	5
	Batchelor +	51.4	4.5	32.1	6.8	5.2	100	20
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	36.3	54.0	-	7.4	2.3	100	8
	2003	42.2	-	57.8	-	-	100	2
	2004	66.9	-	33.1	-	-	100	4
	2005	35.5	8.3	25.0	22.9	8.3	100	7
	2006	17.4	30.7	24.9	23.9	3.1	100	22
	2007	47.3	-	-	52.7	-	100	2
Place of residence	Not in Amman	30.5	69.5	-	-	-	100	2
	In Amman	34.8	16.1	20.9	23.4	4.9	100	43
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	54.6	4.8	17.1	20.4	3.1	100	21
	Valid permit	18.0	61.0	9.0	9.2	2.8	100	24
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	23.4	49.9	8.9	17.2	0.6	100	26
	Not registered with UNHCR	24.0	27.0	26.8	12.3	9.8	100	18

n=all Iraqi women 15-49, currently pregnant

3.5 Gave birth last 5 years in Jordan

		Gave birth last 5 years in Jordan			
		Gave birth to live child last 5 years in Jordan	Did not give birth	Total	Total Sample size
Total		24.1	75.9	100	860
Age group	15-24	9.2	90.8	100	36
	25-49	24.9	75.1	100	824
Religious affiliation	Sunni	25.4	74.6	100	545
	Shia	26.6	73.4	100	132
	Catholic	19.3	80.7	100	95
	Orthodox	-	100.0	100	27
	Protestant	-	100.0	100	2
	Nasatra	-	100.0	100	2
	Sabeen	19.3	80.7	100	43
	Yezidis Others or not stated	- 31.2	100.0 68.8	100 100	1 13
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	14.5	85.5	100	127
	Low wealth	30.8	69.2	100	151
	Middle wealth	23.9	76.1	100	164
	High wealth	20.4	79.6	100	202
	Highest wealth	30.2	69.8	100	216
Education	Still in school	9.5	90.5	100	38
	Not completed	70.9	29.1	100	17
	Elementary	15.2	84.8	100	51
	Preparatory	24.8	75.2	100	93
	Basic	78.0	22.0	100	8
	Vocational training	4.1	95.9	100	5
	Secondary	20.9	79.1	100	103
	Intermediate diploma Bachelor +	29.8 22.5	70.2 77.5	100 100	134 405
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	38.0	62.0	100	202
	2003	23.1	76.9	100	68
	2004	24.6	75.4	100	112
	2005	22.1	77.9	100	182
	2006	10.6	89.4	100	275
	2007	18.3	81.7	100	21
Place of residence	Not in Amman	23.1	76.9	100	45
	In Amman	24.4	75.6	100	815
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	18.5	81.5	100	376
	Valid permit	28.5	71.5	100	484
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	18.9	81.1	100	381
	Not registered with UNHCR	28.0	72.0	100	471

n=all Iraqi women 15-49

3.6 Assistance during the birth

		Who assisted in the delivery of the child?			Total	Sample size
		Qualified doctor	Qualified nurse/midwife			
Total		96.1	3.9	100	197	
Age group	15-24	100.0	-	100	5	
	25-49	96.1	3.9	100	192	
Religious affiliation	Sunni	95.4	4.6	100	128	
	Shia	96.6	3.4	100	34	
	Catholic	100.0	-	100	21	
	Sabeen	100.0	-	100	10	
	Others or not stated	100.0	-	100	4	
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	94.6	5.4	100	36	
	Low wealth	88.6	11.4	100	34	
	Middle wealth	100.0	-	100	36	
	High wealth	98.5	1.5	100	37	
	Highest wealth	100.0	-	100	54	
Education	Still in school	100.0	-	100	6	
	Not completed	100.0	-	100	5	
	Elementary	96.1	3.9	100	13	
	Preparatory	96.4	3.6	100	22	
	Basic	100.0	-	100	4	
	Vocational training	100.0	-	100	1	
	Secondary	100.0	-	100	22	
	Intermediate diploma	100.0	-	100	37	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	92.7	7.3	100	78	
	2003	100.0	-	100	23	
	2004	100.0	-	100	27	
	2005	100.0	-	100	37	
	2006	97.8	2.2	100	30	
	2007	100.0	-	100	2	
	Place of residence	Not in Amman	85.6	14.4	100	10
In Amman		98.8	1.2	100	187	
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	99.2	0.8	100	79	
	Valid permit	94.6	5.4	100	118	
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	99.2	0.8	100	78	
	Not registered with UNHCR	94.1	5.9	100	117	

n=all Iraqi women 15-49 who gave birth in Jordan last 5 years

3.7 Place of giving birth

		Where did you give birth to this child?							Total	Sample size
		Government hospital	Government health center	University hospital	Royal medical Services	Private hospital of clinic	Other private health facility	Other place		
Total		19.2	0.3	0.1	3.8	75.6	0.2	0.7	100	197
Age group	15-24	19.1	-	-	-	80.9	-	-	100	5
	25-49	19.2	0.3	0.1	3.9	75.5	0.2	0.7	100	192
Religious affiliation	Sunni	13.8	0.5	0.2	5.6	79.1	-	0.8	100	128
	Shia	48.3	-	-	-	50.6	-	1.1	100	34
	Catholic	-	-	-	-	96.9	3.1	-	100	21
	Sabeen	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	100	10
	Others or not stated	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	100	4
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	22.5	2.7	-	-	73.2	-	1.7	100	36
	Low wealth	59.1	-	-	-	38.0	0.9	2.0	100	34
	Middle wealth	7.1	-	0.9	18.3	73.7	-	-	100	36
	High wealth	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	100	37
	Highest wealth	-	-	-	3.0	97.0	-	-	100	54
Education	Still in school	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	100	6
	Not completed	69.9	-	-	22.2	7.9	-	-	100	5
	Elementary	58.4	-	-	-	41.6	-	-	100	13
	Preparatory	7.6	-	-	-	92.4	-	-	100	22
	Basic	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	100	4
	Vocational training	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	100	1
	Secondary	3.7	-	-	-	96.3	-	-	100	22
	Intermediate diploma	10.0	-	-	3.0	82.1	-	4.9	100	37
Batchelor +	9.3	0.8	0.3	2.2	86.7	0.6	-	100	86	
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	33.5	0.7	0.3	6.9	56.7	0.5	1.5	100	78
	2003	15.5	-	-	6.4	78.1	-	-	100	23
	2004	0.9	-	-	-	99.1	-	-	100	27
	2005	2.6	-	-	-	97.4	-	-	100	37
	2006	8.6	-	-	-	91.4	-	-	100	30
	2007	-	-	-	-	100.0	-	-	100	2
Place of residence	Not in Amman	69.2	-	-	12.3	18.5	-	-	100	10
	In Amman	6.4	0.4	0.2	1.7	90.1	0.3	0.9	100	187
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	20.9	1.0	-	11.5	64.3	-	2.2	100	79
	Valid permit	18.3	-	0.2	-	81.2	0.3	-	100	118
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	30.4	1.0	-	-	65.9	0.6	2.1	100	78
	Not registered with UNHCR	8.0	-	0.2	6.3	85.5	-	-	100	117

n=all Iraqi women 15-49 who gave birth in Jordan last 5 years

3.8 Reasons for choosing this place for the birth

		Why did you choose to give birth in this place?					Total	Sample size
		Because I can afford it	Based on advice from friends	Based on advice from family	I did not know any other place	Other reason	Total	Sample size
Total		36.6	18.2	13.8	7.7	23.7	100	197
Age group	15-24	32.1	37.7	17.4	-	12.7	100	5
	25-49	36.7	17.9	13.7	7.9	23.9	100	192
Religious affiliation	Sunni	35.4	20.7	15.4	8.5	20.0	100	128
	Shia	52.7	10.7	9.9	5.0	21.7	100	34
	Catholic	17.4	24.3	5.5	2.1	50.7	100	21
	Sabeian	18.5	-	-	26.2	55.4	100	10
	Others or not stated	-	15.3	56.8	-	27.9	100	4
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	30.1	7.5	8.8	17.3	36.2	100	36
	Low wealth	62.1	10.8	12.4	5.1	9.6	100	34
	Middle wealth	28.7	45.0	5.1	13.9	7.3	100	36
	High wealth	19.3	22.8	17.0	7.2	33.8	100	37
	Highest wealth	31.0	12.4	20.0	2.8	33.8	100	54
Education	Still in school	-	58.3	24.3	17.4	-	100	6
	Not completed	92.1	-	-	-	7.9	100	5
	Elementary	62.6	10.1	9.4	6.6	11.3	100	13
	Preparatory	17.8	36.2	7.2	6.5	32.3	100	22
	Basic	63.2	19.3	-	9.5	8.0	100	4
	Vocational training	100.0	-	-	-	-	100	1
	Secondary	8.0	27.3	19.4	8.5	36.8	100	22
	Intermediate diploma	28.6	9.2	8.9	14.1	39.2	100	37
Residing in Jordan since...	Batchelor +	29.1	20.2	22.5	5.6	22.6	100	86
	Before 2003	55.9	13.8	10.5	2.5	17.3	100	78
	2003	41.3	23.0	8.4	23.3	3.9	100	23
	2004	17.4	26.8	12.5	4.1	39.2	100	27
	2005	18.2	13.3	25.1	9.2	34.2	100	37
	2006	7.7	19.6	19.2	21.0	32.5	100	30
Place of residence	2007	-	86.3	-	13.7	-	100	2
	Not in Amman	81.5	1.7	4.1	2.0	10.6	100	10
	In Amman	25.1	22.5	16.2	9.2	27.0	100	187
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	37.8	13.6	14.3	12.3	22.0	100	79
	Valid permit	36.0	20.6	13.5	5.5	24.5	100	118
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	40.5	18.4	10.2	9.9	21.0	100	78
	Not registered with UNHCR	30.7	19.2	16.6	6.9	26.6	100	117

n=all Iraqi women 15-49 who gave birth in Jordan last 5 years

3.9 Medical care before being discharged from hospital

		Check before discharged			
		Medical personnel performed check before discharge	Did not perform check before discharge	Total	Total Sample size
Total		93.8	6.2	100	197
Age group	15-24	100.0	-	100	5
	25-49	93.7	6.3	100	192
Religious affiliation	Sunni	92.2	7.8	100	128
	Shia	97.6	2.4	100	34
	Catholic	100.0	-	100	21
	Sabeian	87.1	12.9	100	10
	Others or not stated	100.0	-	100	4
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	94.9	5.1	100	36
	Low wealth	85.6	14.4	100	34
	Middle wealth	97.3	2.7	100	36
	High wealth	96.0	4.0	100	37
	Highest wealth	97.4	2.6	100	54
Education	Still in school	78.7	21.3	100	6
	Not completed	99.6	0.4	100	5
	Elementary	47.5	52.5	100	13
	Preparatory	96.8	3.2	100	22
	Basic	100.0	-	100	4
	Vocational training	100.0	-	100	1
	Secondary	90.8	9.2	100	22
	Intermediate diploma	98.4	1.6	100	37
Residing in Jordan since...	Batchelor +	97.9	2.1	100	86
	Before 2003	90.5	9.5	100	78
	2003	99.3	0.7	100	23
	2004	94.3	5.7	100	27
	2005	96.9	3.1	100	37
	2006	98.6	1.4	100	30
Place of residence	2007	100.0	-	100	2
	Not in Amman	83.3	16.7	100	10
	In Amman	96.5	3.5	100	187
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	85.1	14.9	100	79
	Valid permit	98.2	1.8	100	118
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	97.4	2.6	100	78
	Not registered with UNHCR	97.0	3.0	100	117

n=all Iraqi women 15-49 who gave birth in Jordan last 5 years

3.10 Medical check after being discharged from hospital

		Medical check after discharged			Total	Sample size
		Checked	Not checked	Total		
Total		83.3	16.7	100		197
Age group	15-24	87.3	12.7	100		5
	25-49	83.2	16.8	100		192
Religious affiliation	Sunni	83.7	16.3	100		128
	Shia	81.2	18.8	100		34
	Catholic	92.6	7.4	100		21
	Sabeian	71.1	28.9	100		10
	Others or not stated	72.1	27.9	100		4
Household wealth in quintiles	Lowest wealth	69.5	30.5	100		36
	Low wealth	83.5	16.5	100		34
	Middle wealth	71.9	28.1	100		36
	High wealth	81.0	19.0	100		37
	Highest wealth	96.6	3.4	100		54
Education	Still in school	100.0	-	100		6
	Not completed	77.3	22.7	100		5
	Elementary	38.5	61.5	100		13
	Preparatory	89.6	10.4	100		22
	Basic	100.0	-	100		4
	Vocational training	100.0	-	100		1
	Secondary	81.5	18.5	100		22
	Intermediate diploma	77.0	23.0	100		37
Residing in Jordan since...	Before 2003	78.7	21.3	100		78
	2003	87.2	12.8	100		23
	2004	84.9	15.1	100		27
	2005	85.9	14.1	100		37
	2006	91.8	8.2	100		30
	2007	100.0	-	100		2
Place of residence	Not in Amman	60.3	39.7	100		10
	In Amman	89.2	10.8	100		187
Validity and permit	Expired permit or no permit	64.7	35.3	100		79
	Valid permit	92.6	7.4	100		118
Registered with UNHCR	Registered with UNHCR	85.7	14.3	100		78
	Not registered with UNHCR	86.8	13.2	100		117

n=all Iraqi women 15-49 who gave birth in Jordan last 5 years